The DAILY COMMERCIAL, published by the Commercial Printing Company, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

TERMS OF THE DAILY: Single copy, 3 cents; delivered by carriers (per week) 15 cents; subscribers by mail (per year), $10 00, postage pre-paid.

Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet containing all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Scientific Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the family.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per Year (52 issues), $1 75; in Clubs of Twenty and over, $1 25; postage pre-paid; one copy gratis to the getter up of the Club. *The money must always accompany the Order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.*

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VOL. XII. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 25, 1875. NO. 221.

## FIRST EDITION.

### TILTON-BEECHER.

### Another Day for Judge Porter---The Letter of Contrition Analyzed--Tilton and His Antlers Held Up to Ridicule--This Speech to Close To-Day.

NEW YORK, May 24.—The Brooklyn court room was crowded again to-day, and Judge Porter resumed his argument for the defendant. He referred to the letter of contrition, which was the only known instance in which a man had written a letter to himself. He asked how it happened that this man, who was a master in every intellectual department, when he came into Frank Moulton's presence was like an untutored school boy. Another feature of this letter was the fact that Beecher refused to sign it. Frank Moulton was a sham from the beginning, and strutted in proud plumage. Theodore Tilton, as a literary writer, bore the foremost name of any man in America, and had given the idea that he was a man of boundless wealth. Those two statements were put forth to the world by Moulton and copied, from Theodore Tilton's drafts, or were the result of a fortnight's work on the part of Benjamin F. Butler. It was Tilton who gave directions for carrying out these schemes; it was in his fertile brain that they had their birth, and when Moulton spoke of crushing Theodore Tilton, if he injured Beecher, it was but the language of a braggart. The declarations of Moulton, Tilton and Mrs. Moulton, all bore the stamp of Theodore Tilton's mind. That word "paroxysmal," referring to the kiss, was never heard from Beecher's lips, except by two persons—Theodore Tilton and Frank Moulton. The words "Standing on the brink of a moral Niagara" were no more Henry Ward Beecher's than the words "moral haystack," for words would seem incongruous. They were Theodore Tilton's expressions. Counsel then commented on the form in which the letter was written, beginning "I ask, through you, Theodore Tilton's forgiveness and humble myself before him as I do before my God; he would have been a better man in my place than I have been." Did Mr. Beecher write this? If he did, which did he mean—God or Theodore Tilton—would have been a better man in his place? The language used in this letter precluded all idea of the charge against Beecher being adultery. The man who said Henry Ward Beecher wrote it, lied and was an untrustworthy witness.

Counsel referred to the letter of May 3, 1871, written by Mrs. Tilton to Beecher, as her pastor. Was that a letter of an adulteress to her paramour? It had more the strain of a broken-hearted and contrite woman to the man whom she had falsely accused. Never did Henry Ward Beecher use the term "nest-hiding." He had written books and books, and counsel on the other side had searched them all in vain for that term. Judge Fullerton, in "Norwood," found a reference to the robin hiding her nest and which he (Judge Fullerton) paraded before them. You could not go to hear Mr. Beecher Sunday next without being impressed with his vividness and impressiveness and expressions which reminded one of Shakespeare and old Homer.

After referring to other letters, counsel said: What led Moulton and Tilton to lie, as they said, for Beecher? Moulton said he lied for tenderness and delicacy to Beecher and Plymouth church, and Tilton for motives of the same character toward his wife. Could Tilton have these feelings and those which led him to bastardize his own dead boy and to seek to ruin his adopted daughter? Both of these witnesses in their testimony had expressed themselves with a malignity which rendered their testimony comparatively worthless. If the jury believed the testimony of Wilkeson and Jackson Schultz, what was the character of Theodore Tilton—the man who had broken and violated all his pledges? Tilton was living by blackmail for a number of years, ready to accept it in the form of benefactions or otherwise. Why did Tilton threaten to blow the roof off Plymouth church unless they acceded to his terms? Was it not soliciting help from Beecher when, according to Mr. and Mrs. Ovington, Tilton said that Elizabeth loved Mr. Beecher and he ought to do something for her, that Elizabeth had done all that she could for him and he ought to come forward to help him? Tilton, speaking of his wife, said she would lie for him if necessary. Was the use Theodore Tilton put this woman to—was this the school in which Mrs. Moulton had been reared? Frank Moulton said Beecher was a liar and a libertine and that was the reason he had broken faith with him. He admitted also that he had broken with Tilton. There was no person with whom he had not broken faith and was this man, in whom no person seemed to place reliance, to be believed when he maligned Henry Ward Beecher? This man had threatened to shoot Beecher, but this was mere bravado, and the man who could make such a threat without intending it, was of a low order of morals.

After recess Judge Porter continued his argument. He said that in describing Henry Ward Beecher as a liar and a sneak, Frank Moulton correctly described himself and Theodore Tilton. If the blood of Tilton and Moulton were transfused, it would find as black a resting-place in the heart of one as in the other. After continuing for some time in this strain of invective, Judge Porter spoke of the improbability of a lady's saying to a gray-haired clergyman, as Mrs. Moulton said she did in her own house, that he had added four years of perjury and lying to his original sin of adultery. Yet she said, having told him this, that she declared to him a belief that he could confess it to Plymouth church and be forgiven. The story which Mrs. Moulton had been made to tell by her husband was monstrously incredible on the face of it, and furnished its own refutation. Men who had meditated murder, men who talked of their wives lying for them, were capable of devising such fabrications and inducing their wives to utter them. Moulton was o unworthy minion and consort of Theodore Tilton. He also had threatened to drive Mr. Beecher out of Brooklyn. Tilton made this threat even upon the witness stand, forgetting that its fulfillment required the aid of each man upon the jury. He thought that he could make this threat regardless of the jury, so long as he had the assistance of a splendid advocate, of Frank Moulton and of Emma Moulton.

The case of Franklin Woodruff was an stance of the degree to which one man n corrupt another. Mr. Woodruff, who ould regret his action in this case as long he lived, was hurried along from one ing to another by the craft of Tilton and e cunning of Moulton, until he was rought to the stand to deny the word of e of the most prominent merchants of ew York, a man of unimpeached honor, ho was true and noble in every relation life. Judge Porter said he had many tes which he was compelled to discard, ecause to use them would protract his gument beyond reasonable limits. There as one side passage to which he must allowed to refer. Tilton said he had ways thought of Beecher as a big boy, d in the very next sentence accused eecher of the craft of taking advantage of opportunity to gain an apparent advange over the cross-examining counsel. henever he had a chance during his exination he thrust a dagger into Mr. eecher's side.

Referring to the title of "True Story" d to the assertion of Tilton that he did t know where he got that name, Judge rter said the plaintiff forgot that he oke of it by that name himself before he ew that Redpath's notes had been prered and when he supposed that all the nuscript was dust and ashes. He then d that the story of Beecher's preaching his mistresses, the origin of which Til- said he did not know, was said by oulton to have been told to him by Theore Tilton himself when the latter was etending to be Mr. Beecher's friend. en Moulton was compelled to confess at when he was told this he did not beve it.

Judge Porter then spoke of Tilton's eat to shoot Beecher, and said that the y were asked to condemn the latter on oath of an assassan. In the letter to a mplaning Friend, said the speaker, ton denounced the story of his wife's ltery as a lie raised by Bowen and odhull, and said he had no knowledge the scandal articles. He would have believe that when this scandal article s published and telegraphed all over s land and abroad, that he (Tilton) nained ignorant of it a week. Theodore ton was in love with the woman who blished this article—she was a white led woman—but the course of true e never ran smooth, and r this libel on his wife was blished he quarreled with her, he testified. When the charge was de against Tilton's wife he did not hastto put in a vindication of her, not bese he loved his wife less but because loved Henry C. Bowen more and feared t Bowen would be crushed by Henry rd Beecher. After Beecher's return n Peekskill, on the 13th of July, 1874, Mr. Porter, and after Redpath's mese of the 12th of July to Mr. Beecher, the rge was then changed to adultery, but lpath did not believe this charge. This udent cuckold, said the speaker, turnto Tilton, who comes into court flourg a pair of antlers which are not his and which he asks you to tip with , this cuckold submitted his short re t for the adoption of the committee af Beecher's return. This report, gentlemen, did not contain one word about Mrs. Tilton's adultery. In his own handwriting Theodore Tilton, knowing all the facts of the case, thought this report would reflect credit on all concerned. This is the document prepared by Tilton and borne to Beecher by Moulton on the 14th of July. They were about to entrap Beecher into the use of the language used in that document before the committee, and leave the alleged offense committed by him undefined. In the long report they admitted the falsity of his own accusation. He did not know that, in the language of the law, what a man wrote for another to sign was evidence against himself. This report showed that the only offense imputed to Henry Ward Beecher was the charge of improper proposals.

Counsel then read the long report prepared by Tilton to be submitted to the committee, and commented briefly on different portions of it. Here was the report, said Judge Porter, which Tilton prepared three days after his wife had left his roof and after he had told the story of his wife's adultery, and he certifies here that the apology did not mean adultery but that it was an apology for a mixed up affair. Which was true, the paper of the 14th of July which exonerated Mrs. Tilton and Mr. Beecher, or the paper of the 20th which set them forth as shameless, exposed and confessed adulterers?

The court here adjourned.

[From the *Tribune's* report.]

An elaborate verbal analysis of the letter of contrition was entered into by the orator. The fact that in the sentence "I can ask nothing," &c., there is a blotted "t" at the end of the word "can," did not escape the lawyer's notice, and he made use of it as an argument against the probability of Beecher's having been the author of the letter. "I can't ask nothing," was, he said, an expression which a man trained in letters, like Mr. Beecher, was incapable of making. The argument was that Moulton had written the words and Tilton had run his pen through the superfluous "t." Speaking of Beecher's Life of Christ, and of Mr. Fullerton's remark about the possibility of Tilton's writing the Life of Judas Iscariot under certain circumstances, Judge Porter exclaimed: "We might have suggested whether, if Frank Moulton had happened to be one of the twelve, Judas Iscariot would have pocketed those thirty pieces of silver." He spoke with great severity of the alleged pressure brought to bear upon Mrs. Moulton to make her swear falsely. Her story of what she had said to Mr. Beecher in the way of censure of his conduct, and advice as to what he should do, Judge Porter declared to be impossible and inconsistent with her character. A stir ran through the audience when the orator, with intense earnestness, exclaimed: "That story would never have fallen from her lips if God had not visited upon her the calamity of binding her—I hope not beyond this life—to a man like Frank Moulton." Judge Porter will conclude his argument to-morrow afternoon.

### THE GRASSHOPPERS.

### Conflicting Reports from Missouri—Governor Hardin's Proclamation—The Outlook in Nebraska.

ST. LOUIS, May 24.—A special to the *Globe-Democrat*, from Jefferson City, says: During a sermon delivered in the hall of the House of Representatives, last night, by Rev. Mr. Prottsman, he alluded to the destitution among the people in several counties of the State, occasioned by grasshoppers. After the sermon the congregation resolved itself into a mass meeting, with Governor Hardin in the chair. Resolutions were adopted setting forth that grasshoppers, chinch bugs, &c., were ruining the agricultural districts, and that Providence alone could prevent the terrible state of affairs; that commissioners be appointed by the Governor in every county in the State to solicit relief for the sufferers; that collections for the destitute be taken up in the different churches on June 3d, the day set apart by the Governor as one of fasting and prayer; and requesting Governor Hardin to issue another proclamation embodying the proceedings of this meeting.

The same reporter says: People are arriving in Jefferson City from all sections of the State. Most of the grasshopper talk is "bosh" They can be scooped by the bushel in some counties, but they are doing little or no damage to growing crops. They all assert that the Governor's proclamation has done great injury, and that immigration to the State will be much retarded thereby.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, May 24.—A dispatch from Schuyler, this State, says everything looks splendidly in that vicinity, and the farmers are looking forward with bright anticipations for the coming harvest. It is said that the grasshoppers are not so numerous as in other years at this season. Almost daily showers add greatly to the growth and appearance of the crops.

### LOWELL, MASS.

### Mule Spinners' Strike Ended.

LOWELL, MASS., May 24.—The strike of the mule spinners of this city came to a conclusion to-day, and a large number returned to work, first signing the agreement presented by the corporation that as long as they remain in the employ of the company they shall not become members of any association or union that assumes the right to regulate or in any way interfere with the prices or hours of labor; that any breach of the provisions of this agreement shall be considered misconduct on the part of the respective subscribers and shall be sufficient cause for summary discharge from the employment of the company without notice.

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 24, 1875.

SCHILLER MEMORIAL SERVICES.

The memorial services yesterday at St. John's Lutheran church, by the Rev. Dr. Held, for those who perished by the wreck of the steamship Schiller, were attended by all the officers and seamen of the German vessels in the port. The German Consul and a large number of friends and relatives of the lost, were also in attendance.

TWO WRECKED SAILORS RESCUED.

Captain Hurst, of the schooner Mary Eliza, from Savannah for Damariscotta, and a seaman named Wm. Griffin, were brought to this port yesterday, having been picked up at sea while floating on a piece of their wrecked vessel. The rest of the ship's company were lost.

### CRIMINAL RECORD.

### The Boston Sunday Outrage—The Child Death of the Victim.

BOSTON, May 24.—Mabel H. Young, the victim of the atrocious outrage in the Warren avenue church yesterday, is still alive but unconscious. Physicians think if inflammation does not ensue her life may be saved. Cumulative evidence, among other things blood stains upon his collar, handkerchief and clothing, strengthen the belief in the guilt of the sexton Piper.

*Later.*—Mabel H. Young, the victim of the Warren avenue church tragedy, died this evening. The feeling against Piper, the supposed murderer, is intense with all classes of the community.

### Johnny Clem's Marriage

BALTIMORE, May 24.—Lieutenant John L. Clem, U. S. A., once familiarly known as "The Little Drummer Boy of Chickamauga," and Miss Anita R., daughter of General Wm. B. French, commandant at Fort McHenry, were married this afternoon at St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church. A large and brilliant assemblage witnessed the nuptials.

### NEWS SUMMARY.

*BY TELEGRAPH.*

*Probabilities for To-day.*—Southeast to southwest winds, backing possibly to the northeast, falling barometer, cooler, cloudy and rainy weather, clearing away during the day.

The corner-stone of the new Masonic temple at Indianapolis was laid yesterday afternoon.

It is said that $200,000 has been raised in Chicago for the purpose of starting a new Democratic paper.

Ninety miners arrived at Cheyenne on Saturday, and 180 yesterday. They have all joined Carpenter's Black Hills brigade.

Governor Beveridge, of Illinois, has issued his proclamation setting apart the 29th or 31st instant for Decoration Day.

Three members of a family named Finley, living in Cooper county, Missouri, thirteen miles from Sedalia, died by starvation last week.

The rectifying establishments of How & Hubbell and Ammon & Co., at Cincinnati, were seized yesterday by Collector Powell, for alleged violation of the revenue laws.

A large rotary boiler in the Franklin Paper Mill, at Franklin, Ohio, exploded yesterday afternoon, completely destroying the building in which the boiler was, and severely injuring Parry French, W. Ross and Celia Maley. The damage to the company is about $6,000.

The Quartermaster's Department of the army has recently received a sample of the new cork helmet adopted by the British Government for the use of soldiers in tropical climes, and has ordered five hundred to be sent to the military in New Mexico, Arizona and Texas at once.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

### BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

England.

SEVENTY-SIX CATHOLIC PILGRIMS DROWNED IN AUSTRIA.

LONDON, May 24.—A dispatch to the *Times* says a dreadful accident occurred on the river Mur, at the town of Judenburg, province of Styria, Austria. A ferryboat having a number of Catholic pilgrims *en route* to visit the shrines on the other side of the Mur from Judenburg, sunk in the middle of the stream. Fifty-nine of the pilgrims were saved, but seventy-six are missing, all of whom are believed to be drowned.

THE GOVERNMENT'S INTERFERENCE BETWEEN GERMANY AND FRANCE.

LONDON, May 24.—In the House of Commons, to-day, Disraeli, replying to a question put by the Marquis of Hartington, said it was true that the Government had advised the Queen to make representations to Germany respecting the relations between that power and France. These representations had been made, and were of such a nature as to correct misconceptions and insure peace. England had received a satisfactory reply, but it would not be to the public convenience to lay a copy of the correspondence on the table of the House.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—MOTION TO CENSURE THE GOVERNMENT DEFEATED.

LONDON, May 24.—In the House of Commons to-night, Mr. Fawcett moved that in the opinion of the House, the Government's measures of reform of local taxation are insufficient and not in accordance with its promises, and that delay in the matter impedes the progress of the country. The motion was rejected—175 to 249.

PAUL BOYTON TO TRY AGAIN.

LONDON, May 24.—Paul Boyton will leave Boulogne harbor in his safety dress, and paddle to cape Grisnez, where he will go ashore in the evening. The next day, at three oclock in the morning, he will enter the water for his second attempt to swim across the channel. He will strike out for Folkestone, which he expects to reach before six o'clock Friday evening.

A "STANDARD" RUMOR.

LONDON, MAY 25, 5 A. M.—A special from Rome to the *Morning Standard* says the Pope is seriously ill.

Austria.

ANOTHER BISMARCK ASSASSIN ARRESTED.

VIENNA, May 24.—The *Neue Freie Presse* publishes the report that a person named Wiesinger, who attempted to extort money from Father Bekx, General of the Society of Jesus, has been arrested. He is suspected of offering to assassinate Prince Bismarck, and is supposed to have accomplices. A judicial inquiry will be instituted.

MEETING OF EMPERORS DECIDED UPON.

A meeting of the Emperors of Austria, Germany and Russia has been finally decided on, and will probably take place at Ems.

MINISTER ORTH SHOWS HIS PAPERS.

VIENNA, May 24.—Mr. Orth, the new American Minister, presented his credentials to the Emperor.

Spain.

NEWSPAPER PUNISHED—GOVERNMENT TROOPS IN RETREAT.

MADRID, May 24.—The publication of the *Imparcial* has been suspended for a fortnight, for an offense against the press laws. The government troops are retreating on Iqualda in good order. Their losses are slight; although the Carlist attacks have been incessant.

QUEENSTOWN, May 24.—Arrived, steamships Algeria and Celtic, from New York.

European Markets.

LONDON, May 24, 5 P. M.—Consols for money 93¾@93⅞; for account, 93⅞. United States bonds—5-20's 1865, 106¼; do 1867, 109¼; 10-40's, 104¼; new 5's, 103. Railroads—New York Central, 93; Erie, 18; preferred, 31. Tallow 43s@43s 3d. Refined petroleum 8¼@9d; spirit do, 8¼@8½d.

PARIS, May 24.—Rentes 64 francs 50 centimes.

FRANKFORT, May 24.—United States bonds—5-20's 1862, 99⅛.

LIVERPOOL, May 24.—Cotton firm; middling upland 7⅜d; Orleans 8@8⅛d. Sales of 12,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export and 6,800 American. Flour—Extra State 22s. Wheat—No. 2 to No. 1 spring 8s 4d@8s 11d. Corn—Mixed 32s 3d. Pork 78s 6d. Beef 78s 6d. Lard 64s. Refined petroleum 8½d; spirits do 7¾d.

### MEMPHIS.

### Ceremonies of Memorial Day — Commingling of the Blue and Gray—Brilliant Procession—Orations, Poems and Songs.

MEMPHIS, May 24, 1875.

The memorial services of to-day were the grandest ever witnessed in the South. Despite the threatening weather, at an early hour the streets were filled with people bearing flowers wherewith to deck the graves. Business was almost entirely suspended, while from numerous buildings National and Confederate flags were hung out, which, with the brilliant uniforms of the State Guards, gave the city a holiday appearance. At noon the procession was formed at the corner of Main and Exchange streets, and moved down Main street in the following order: Chief Marshal General Colton Greene, and aides; music; Chickasaw Guards; Company A. Irish Volunteers; Templar Guards; Orators of the day in carriages; soldiers of the Mexican and Florida war; Invincible Fire Company, carrying General Forrest's battle-flag and the battle-flag of the Third Tennessee Federal Cavalary; ex-Confederates on foot; ex-Federals in carriages; ex-Confederate horse; music; Hibernian Mutual Relief Society; Irish Literary Society; Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society; Societe Francaise; Societa Di Unione; E' Frotellonga Italian; music; German Benevolent Society; German Casino; Deutscher Bruder-band; Memphis Monerchor; Templars of Love; music; City Schools, First Division; music; City Schools, Second Division; in carriages the Mayor and General Council; Army and Navy Union; ex-Federal officers and soldiers; St. Andrews Society; Gruette Berin; citizens.

The procession was over a mile in length, and as it passed through the principal streets, which were crowded with people bearing flowers, they gave vent to their feelings as objects of special interest were seen. At the head of the mounted ex-Confederates rode General Forrest and the surviving members of his staff, while the Mexican veterans were led by General Gid. J. Pillow. In one carriage were two large flags, Federal and Confederate, made entirely of flowers, the latter partly furled and the national flag flung to the breeze.

The number of ex-Federals participating in the procession was about one hundred, representing nearly every State in the Union, among whom were Lieutenant Colonel George Gibson, U. S. A.; Colonel J. W. Jefferson, who served throughout the war in the Eighth Wisconsin, or Live Eagle regiment and who is now a prominent merchant and, like most of the ex-Federals participating, has never taken part in any public demonstration before; Colonel Harry F. Fomlinson, formerly Adjutant General on the staffs of Generals Curtis and Schofield; Captain N. D. Menkin, formerly of General Rosecrans' staff, a leading dry goods merchant; Captain F. B. Edgenton, Twelfth Iowa, a prominet lawyer; Hon. Hosea Townsend, Lieutenant Second Ohio, a prominet lawyer; Major Jas. O. Pierce, Assistant Inspector General on General Washburne's staff, one of the orators of the day; Captain Nath Howe, of General Butler's staff; Captain Alfred G. Luther, of General Buckland's staff; Major L. B. Harrigan, United States Volunteers, and many others who occupy prominent positions in the city.

After traversing the principal streets, the procession took Memphis and Charleston trains for Elmwood Cemetery, where a grand stand had been erected for the occasion, and on arriving there the following order of exercises was observed: Prayer by Rev. Dr. Stainback; hymn, "Rock of Ages," by Mendelsohn Quartet Club; poem, "The Blue and Gray," Master Lee Merriweather; grave song, Memphis Mannerchor; oration, Luke Wright, Esq.; hymn, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," Mendelsohn Quartet Club; oration, Judge James O. Pierce, late of the Federal army; "Night Song of the Warriors," Memphis Mannerchor; poem, composed by Dr. Granger, United States Army; hymn, "Old Hundred," Mendelsohn Quartet Club; benediction by Rev. James Carmichael.

The orations were in keeping with the spirit of the occasion, everything passed off well and the general impression prevails that nothing since the war has occurred to so completely break down the barriers between the North and South and unite our whole people. Only one accident occurred to mar the celebration, and this was caused by General Colton Greene, the Chief Marshal's, horse falling upon him, on his return to this city this evening, breaking his left leg just above the ankle.

### MAUCH CHUNK.

### Miners Getting Ready to Resume Work.

MAUCH CHUNK, May 24.—The miners at Summit Hill are reported as going to work next Monday. By the first of June a general resumption is anticipated to take place, at least in the Lehigh region, and will be under the reduction of 1874 basis. The miners seem ready to resume as a general thing, and all say they are heartily tired of the long strike.

The Coming Flour.

Erin's Pride. Irish Flour. Nothing in the country can compete with it. Sample barrels furnished at White River prices, at the Checkered Front. T. C. JENKINS.

## SECOND EDITION.

### WASHINGTON.

### Political Forecast in Kentucky.

### THE REPUBLICANS ENCOURAGED TO HOPE FOR SUCCESS.

### Second Assistant Attorney General Goforth, of Pennsylvania, Resigns.

### Appointment of First Assistant Attorney General in Abeyance.

### IMPORTANT DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF CLAIMS.

### Red Cloud and Spotted Tail Return to Former Quarters—The Other Six Remain at the Washington Hotel.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 24, 1875.

Kentucky Politics.

Influential Kentucky Republicans now in Washington express strong hopes of reducing to a very small figure, if not entirely overcoming, the Democratic majority in that State at the approaching election. The course of the Democratic managers for several years past has tended very much to alienate the mass of the Democratic voters. This feeling of dissatisfaction has been much intensified by the character of the nominations lately made and the unseemly struggle which is going on between the rival aspirants for the seat in the Senate now held by Mr. Stevenson.

Changes in Attorney General's Office.

Mr. Goforth, of Pennsylvania, Second Assistant Attorney General, has, in response to a request to that effect, tendered his resignation, and Thomas Simmons, of New York, a personal friend of Attorney General Pierrepont, has been appointed as his successor. The appointment of a successor to Mr. Hill, the First Assistant Attorney General, whose enforced resignation took effect on the 15th inst., has not yet been made.

Senator Cameron at Headquarters.

Senator Cameron had an interview to-day with the President and Attorney General, and in consequence of this it was reported around town that he was pressing a constituent for the appointment. There is no authority for any such assertion, as Senator Cameron's business was entirely of a different character.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 24, 1875.

PREPARATIONS FOR DECORATING CONFEDERATE GRAVES.

The Secretary of War has granted permission to the Southern Memorial Association, with their friends, to enter Arlington Cemetery on the first of June, for the purpose of decorating the graves of Confederate dead, with liberty to use the grand stand when the exercises, including an address, take place. Originally there was interred at Arlington 353 Confederate soldiers, but 122 were removed to family burial grounds. The Confederate graves at Glenwood and the Congressional Cemeteries will also be decorated the same day. The decoration of the Union soldiers' graves, in the several cemeteries, will take place on the 29th of May.

COURT OF CLAIMS—IMPORTANT COTTON AWARDS—PACIFIC RAILROAD CASES.

The Court of Claims to-day confirmed the reports of Special Commissioner Eveleth, with several amendments. These cover a number of claims involving large amounts of cotton. The first fund, consisting of Vicksburg and Natchez cotton, which was so intermingled as to destroy its identity, was ordered to stand at the sum of $948,300. In addition to the above, judgment was rendered in about thirty-eight separate cases, covering 5,510 bales of cotton, which, at the sums paid by the court, gives a total of nearly one million dollars. Colonel Robert M. and Stephen A. Douglass, sons of the late Stephen A. Douglass, receive an award for 1,457 bales of cotton, or about $259,000, seized in the State of Mississippi on the maternal plantation. Contrary to expectation, no opinion was delivered to-day in the Pacific Railroad transportation, but it may be next Monday, at which time the court will adjourn for the summer. There is authority for stating that no intimation whatever has been given by the judges as to which way they will decide the question. Therefore all statements heretofore published on the subject, as to the character of their opinion, is mere conjecture.

THE FASTIDIOUS INDIANS.

Spotted Tail and Red Cloud have returned to the Tremont House. The six other Indians remain at the Washington House and assert that their rooms were too small at the Tremont House. Secretary Cowan notified the proprietor of the Washington House that the Government will pay no bills the Indians contract at that place. The Commissioner is absent in New York.

BENEFITS TO PRE-EMPTORS OF PUBLIC LANDS.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office decides that the benefits extended by law to pre-emptors who, by reason of the ravages of grasshoppers, are compelled to leave and be absent from their lands, may also be extended to pre-emptors whose crops have in like manner been destroyed but who have nevertheless continued their residence upon their respective claims. Those whose crops were destroyed or seriously injured in 1874 will be entitled to an extension of one year from and after July 1, 1875, and when the injury occurs in 1875 the extension will date from July 1, 1876.

MAIL SERVICE TO AND FROM NEW YORK.

Col. Scott has notified the Postmaster General that on and after the first day of June next, no trains of the Baltimore and Ohio road will be permitted to pass over his rails from Philadelphia to New York. The mail service to and from New York is now equally divided between the two corporations.

### Pennsylvania Forest Fires.

NEW YORK, May 24.—Lackawaxen, Pa., dispatches state that the rains on Friday and Saturday nights were not heavy enough to wet the forests and underbrush sufficiently, and the fires again broke out on Sunday in several places, threatening more damage. But little is actually known as to the real amount of destruction, as there are hundreds of isolated settlements, and hundreds of miles in Pike, Wayne, Sullivan and Monroe counties where the fires have been raging. The tract of land on Taylor's creek, formerly owned by Horace Greeley, and the site of the old Fourrerite community was swept of everything. Bears, deer, wild pigeons and all kinds of game have been driven by the fires on Peons' range into inclosures with the tame cattle, and around the settlements in the region of the Lackawanna over one hundred miles of forest have been burned. It is now feared the fire will again gain headway as the wood now standing is as dry as tinder.

A Phillipsburg, Pennsylvania, dispatch says: The welcome rain began last night, relieving the fears of the residents in the thickly wooded section at Occeola. Yesterday 1,000 rations were issued to the destitute. The town was full of sightseers. The Moshannon Branch Railroad was temporarily repaired on Saturday, sufficiently to allow trains to pass, and the coal shipping will probably be resumed to-day. One of the greatest needs of the people is feed for such of their cattle as have not been destroyed. All the green food in the woods and fields has been burned.

MAUCH CHUNK, May 24.—The fire in the immediate vicinity of the Hickory Run and Mud Run lumber regions has subsided, but the flames are still raging in the underbrush of the forest. The fire near the mining villages is reported as out. The loss to Wm. Getz, David Snyder, John Eckert and Francis Warner is very great, they having all their sawmills, residences, &c., in the Mud Run region entirely consumed.

### TELEGRAPHIC PERSONALS.

Monsignor Roncetti, Dr. Ubaldi and Count Merefoschi, leave New York to-day for Milwaukee, where they will remain until the pallium is presented to Archbishop Henri.

A gentleman named Walter Blake, aged about forty, committed suicide at Omaha Saturday evening, by taking laudanum. Deceased went to Omaha from Indianapolis a few months since, and married a young lady residing there. He left a note to his wife expressing his eternal love for her.

A man named Phales, and his son, living in Indiana county, went and fished a couple of Sundays ago. They succeeded in catching a great many fish; but on returning home the old gentleman fell and broke his neck. It would be a waste of time and words to moralize on this point.

James H. Jull, aged thirteen, was drowned at Erie on Sunday.

### CLEVELAND.

### Presbyterian General Assembly.—Report of the Committee Appointed to Confer with the Southern Branch of the Church.

CLEVELAND, May 24.—The Presbyterian General Assembly met this morning at nine o'clock. After the usual devotional exercises and the transaction of routine business, Rev. D. E. Mansfield, of Cincinnati, asked to be relieved from service on the Special Committee on Reduced Representation. The request was granted and Hon. J. K. Findley, of Philadelphia, was elected to fill the vacancy. The Finance Committee reported that they had examined all the accounts submitted to them and found them all properly audited and the correct report was adopted. The rest of the morning session was occupied in discussing the report of the Committee on Theological Education. The report was finally adopted.

The Assembly met at two o'clock this afternoon. After prayer, a committee of five was appointed to which committee overtures are to be referred, making it regular for any particular church to elect ruling elders for a limited time.

The committee appointed at the last General Assembly to confer with a similar committee from the Cumberland Presbytery, was discharged, no committee being appointed by the Cumberland Presbytery.

A communication was presented from India, asking whether a man may be received into the Church, who, under the custom of that heathen country, is the husband of two wives. The matter was referred to the Committee on Church Polity.

The committee on the subject of the Church's assisting in defraying the expenses of a synodical session in China, reported in favor of such aid. The report was adopted and $500 fixed as the amount for the next convocation.

The committee appointed to confer with the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church South made the following report: "The committee of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, appointed to confer with a similar committee of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, commonly known as the Southern Assembly, in order to secure closer fraternal relations between the two bodies, would respectfully submit the following report: The two committees met for conference January 7, 1875, at Baltimore. Rev. D. Brown was chosen Chairman of the joint committee, and Rev. Dr. Erskine Secretary. Upon the request of the committee of the General Assembly South, it was agreed that the conference between the two committees should be conducted in writing, not excluding oral conference when requested by either committee. While we would not lengthen this report by a detailed minute of our proceedings, it is proposed to say that the conference was continued through a period of several days, with a spirit of calmness and deliberation and Christian courtesy from both sides. The first committee spent a half hour each day of their session in prayer for divine guidance. We are happy to state that the conclusions of our committee, representing as it did all the different opinions prevailing among us with reference to the so-called war deliverances of former assemblies, were in all cases unanimous. In our actions we endeavored to carry out faithfully and to the furthest extreme the instructions given us by the Assembly from which we received our appointment, as well as the spirit prompting and controlling the action of the last Assembly. In the name of the Church which we represented we made the following plain and comprehensive statement of our positions concerning the alleged offenses against the Southern Assembly:

"We declare that all the acts and deliverances of the Northern Assemblies of which you complain, are wholly null and void and of no binding efficacy, as judgments of the church we all represent, or as rulers of proceeding for its presbyteries and church sessions; that in so far as they or any of them can be supposed to impart any injurious imputations upon the present character and standing of the churches and members of the Southern Assembly, as Christians or Presbyterians, such an application of them would be unjust to you, and would be disapproved and regretted by us; that the acts and deliverances of the Northern Assemblies of which you complain were made in peculiar times, under strange and exciting circumstances, when the passions and feelings of men were profoundly moved; that, as the acts of assemblies which we do not represent, we cannot sit in judgment upon them nor express any opinion as to their character; that we feel competent to express the desire that they may be considered by you in the same spirit of charity and christian forgiveness which we trust the people whom we represent will exercise toward anything to which they may object in the proceedings of the Southern Assembly. We also assure them that the body which we represented had entire confidence of the soundness of doctrine, and of the christian character of those who composed the commission, and that if we believed them to be, as charged, a church organization in the interests of Rebellion and to conceive and perpetuate the institution of slavery, or that they held opinions heretical and blasphemous self-respect would have prevented us from seeking fraternal relations with them. We did not deny that mistakes had been made, but we asserted that if made they belonged to both sides, and that our earnest desire was to forgive and forget in the spirit of the Master, and we asked the same charity in return.

"But all these declarations were not sufficient to satisfy the committee from the Southern Assembly. Indeed it became evident that they would not be satisfied with anything we were authorized to say. Their language is as follows: 'You, brethren, have not authority to do what the Assembly only can do, but surely your authority is ample to recommend to it whatever in your judgment, may be proper to settle these troubles. If your Assembly could see its way clear to say in a few plain words to this effect—That these obnoxious things were said and done in times of high excitement, that they are to be regretted and that now, in a calm review, the imputations cast upon the Southern church are disappointed—that would end the difficulty at once.

"Many reasons suggested themselves to your committee against acceding to this request. It not only requires you to repudiate and disown the imputations cast on the Southern church, as charged by them, but it also required you to revise the action taken by the Old and New School Assemblies more than ten years ago; which we had already declared to be null and void, and to express regret for and disapprobation of the same. Moreover, this request was made upon the ground, which they endeavored to establish by argument, that the two Assemblies of 1873 and 1874, from which we received our appointment, were not entirely sincere in their declarations, and that our interpretation of their meaning could not be accepted as correct. We declined to discuss these points, saying, 'with regard to the arguments by which you reply to our former statements, we make no answer. Indeed, we can make none, since you seem to be unwilling to receive our positive assurance as to the nullity and inoperativeness of the acts of which you complain.' And in reply the request which was based upon these arguments, we deemed it sufficient to say that it was our decided and unanimous conviction that no action of our Assembly for the last five years on this subject, which we had fully recited to them, constituted sufficient grounds for fraternal correspondence. It will be observed that the committee from the Southern Church, in setting forth those things which debarred them from holding official intercourse with the Assembly North, and the removal of which they deemed indispensable before fraternal relations could be established, summarily state them under two heads.

"Inasmuch as our statements with reference to the first charge were not satisfactory to the Committee from the Assembly South, we did not deem it necessary to enter into any consideration of the second charge, but replied to it as follows: We agree with you that this failure ought not to prevent the equitable adjustment of any existing controversy concerning property between the Northern and Southern churches. We cannot suffer your statement, that the value of such disputed property would probably amount to $2,000,000, to pass unchallenged. 'We do not believe that all the property now in actual litigation, or likely ever to come into dispute, would amount to one-tenth the sum you named. But, being disappointed in the hope that these disputes, whatever may be their extent, should be settled on some plan agreed upon by these two committees, we take pleasure in stating to you that it is our purpose to refer the question to our next General Assembly, in the full assurance that they will settle them upon principles of equitable and fair dealing, as becometh Christians.'

"Your committee regret that they were disappointed in their own personal desire, as well as that of the whole Church which they represent, to establish fraternal relations with the Assembly South on terms of mutual confidence, respect, Christian honor and love; but, while the result grieves us, we have the assurance that we did all that we were authorized to do by the venerable body that appointed us, nor did we keep back anything that we could say, consistent with truth and fidelity to principle and charity, in order to secure the result we so much desired. We now respectfully submit our action for your approval.

"Samuel G. Niccolls, Thomas H. Skinner."

This report caused a very exciting discussion, Rev. Dr. Niccolls making an eloquent and spirited address favoring the report. He was followed by Drs. Cameron and Birch, and Elder Ely. The latter gentleman wished the report referred to a committee, and spoke against the Assembly's doing anything that would widen the breach existing between the two branches of the Church. The report was adopted and the Assembly adjourned till to-morrow.

### ST. LOUIS.

### Southern General Assembly—The Louisville Wilson Case Under Discussion.

ST. LOUIS, May 24.—In the Southern Presbyterian General Assembly to-day, almost the entire session was taken up in the discussion of what is known as the "Wilson case," being the complaints of J. J. Cooke & others to the Louisville Presbytery regarding Rev. S. R. Wilson and his congregation of the First Presbyterian Church of Louisville. The Judicial Committee made a lengthy report on the subject, and without discussing the merits of the case advised the Assembly to remand it back to the Louisville Presbytery with an injunction to that body to revise the whole case under certain rulings by the General Assembly as to the constitutional points. Rev. J. R. Wilson offered a resolution that the whole case be submitted to a commission of nine members of the Assembly, with instructions to thoroughly investigate the difficulty and report to the Assembly. Another resolution was offered referring the report back to the commissioners, with instructions to examine the case and recommend specific action on the part of the Assembly. A lengthy debate ensued on these resolutions, participated in by most of the prominent members of the Assembly. Finally both resolutions were laid on the table and the complaint of J. J. Cooke against the Louisville Presbytery read by the Moderator, after which the Assembly adjourned till to-morrow, when the case will be taken up again. Next to the question involving the relations between the Northern and Southern churches, this is the most important case before this Assembly.

Base Ball—At Philadelphia, Bostons 5, Centennials 0; Philadelphias 6, Hartfords 5.

Inducements for Cash.

Twenty-five cents per barrel on flour and one per cent on all other goods if paid in ten days from date of bills. T. C. Jenkins, Checkered Front.

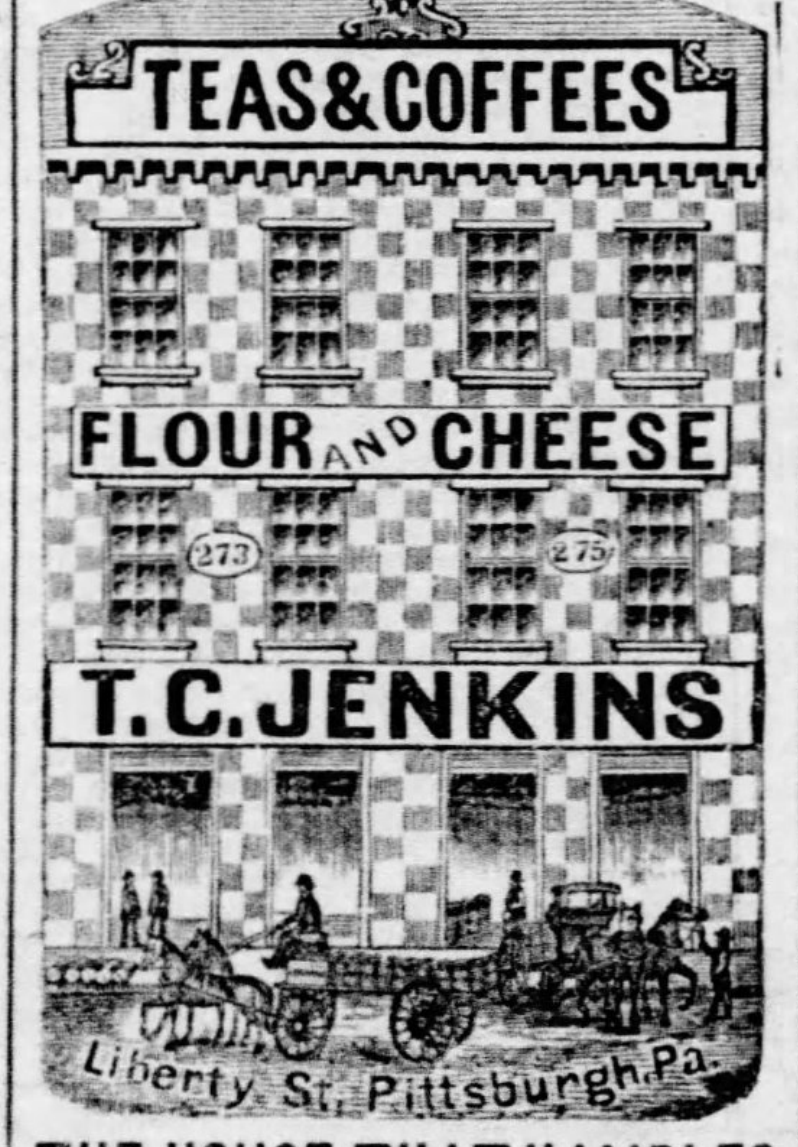
Famous Rising Sun Flour

yields seventy-five pounds most large, white bread per barrel.

By referring to our advertising columns it will be seen that the Mountain House at that most popular resort for Pittsburghers, Cresson Springs will be opened for the reception of guests, June 17th. The proprietors inform us that an early applicant can still be able to secure the choice of two or three of the cottages that are rented by the season.

Persons wishing the comforts and quiet, without the annoyance of a city home, should take note of this fact.

Full information as to terms, &c., may be obtained by addressing G. W. Mullin & Co., Cresson Springs, Pa.; St. Cloud Hotel, Phila.; or Frank A. Barr, Central Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pa.



THE HOUSE THAT HANDLES THE GREAT White River Flour

CHEAPEST Flour AND Grocery House IN PITTSBURGH.

BEWARE

Of Dealers that REPRESENT they have the Great White River Flour under other Brands. Dealers do this to make sales of Cheaper Flours, and Traveling Agents do it for the Commissions they get for Orders they send in to other Houses, which amounts to about a fair profit for handling Flour.

No other House has the WHITE RIVER FLOUR under any Brand or in any form. Those that represent they have, are deceiving the people that want this Celebrated Brand.

CLEVELAND LIME, At the Lowest Rates to Dealers. Send for Price List with Prices in Full.

HEADQUARTERS FOR IRISH SOAP.

*Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—MODELS—INVENTORS and others wanting Patent Office Models or Experimental Models of Iron, Wood or Brass to call at Keystone Pattern and Model Works of J. F. MILLER & CO., 68 Water street and 80 First avenue.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—FOR large and small amounts. I am prepared to furnish a large amount of money to be placed on good City or Allegheny Country Property. Said Mortgages must run from two to three years. For further particulars call on or address E. C. KEYS, Real Estate Broker, office No. 96 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—TO EMPLOY—LIVE MEN to travel and appoint County Agents for DR. KARSNER'S CATARRH TREATMENT. Warranted to cure Catarrh or pay $1,000. 10½ Sixth street. J.C. TILTON.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—GOOD ROOMS CAN BE had with or without board, at corner Second avenue and Linden street, if applied for this week. J. M.

BOARDING—A FURNISHED ROOM with Board, suitable for gentleman and wife, at 188 Second avenue.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—FRONT AND Back Rooms to let, with or without board, at No. 60 Ross. Location central and pleasant.

FOR RENT—SMALL HOUSE—ON Sarah street, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward. Lot 144x125. Fruit Trees, Grapevines, &c. Rent low to a good tenant. Inquire at Commercial office.

FOR RENT—DWELLING—THE Three-story Brick Dwelling House, No. 152 Center avenue, containing 9 large Rooms, with Gas and Water and good yard. House in best of order throughout. Apply at 154 Center avenue.

FOR RENT—ON HILAND AVENUE, East Liberty, a new House of 10 Rooms, Water, Gas, Bathroom, and all modern improvements. The House and Stable will be put in order and ready for tenant by May 1st. The Lot is large and the neighborhood first-class. Price, $1,000 per year. Apply to THOS. F. STEWART, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.

FOR RENT—A HANDSOME BRICK Dwelling House, on Cliff street. Parlors, Dining Room and Kitchen on first floor; Gas, dry Cellar, 3 Bedrooms and finished Attic. Water and modern improvements. The Lot extends from street to street. Will be rented reasonable. Possession given immediately. For particulars apply to WM. EVANS, Commercial office.

FOR RENT OR SALE—NEW TWO-STORY Frame House, with Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall, Water in Kitchen; Lot 45x200, with Grapevines, &c., located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a good tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to E. ABEL, Commercial office.

LOST OR STOLEN.

LOST OR STOLEN—ONE NOTE drawn by McKNIGHT, DUNCAN & CO., in favor of W. T. McCLURG, dated July 1, 1874, for $5,637 50, payable three months after date.

One Note drawn by McKNIGHT, DUNCAN & CO., in favor of MARY ANN McCLURG, dated June 6, 1874, for $4,510, payable four months after date.

The amount of these two notes is now in the Bankrupt Court.

One Note drawn by CHARLES McKNIGHT and indorsed by ROBERT McKNIGHT, dated November 14, 1874, for $1,260, payable six months after date, and now past due.

One Note drawn by CHARLES McKNIGHT and indorsed by ROBERT PATTERSON, dated April 2, 1875, for $1,025, payable three months after date.

One Note drawn by CHARLES McKNIGHT and indorsed by ROBERT PATTERSON, dated April 13, 1875, for $1,625, payable three months after date.

The above dates are given from memory, and are believed to be correct.

The finder or holder will please return them personally, or by mail, to No. 51 Boyle street, Allegheny City, as payment has been stopped.

WM. T. McCLURG.

ELECTION NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Company and Election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Office of the Company, in Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE, proximo, at 10 o'clock A. M.

C. P. MACKIE, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, May 19, 1875.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—OAK TANNED LEATHER Belting, Rubber Belting and Hose, at THORP & DUNN'S, 144 Water street.

FOR SALE—PLANING MILL—MACHINERY and Steam Engines, new and second-hand. We give written guarantee of each machine, and sell low. Send for circular and price list to M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW DOUBLE-FLUE Boilers, 20x36; twelve Portable Boilers, from 12 to 30 horse power; Engines from 4 to 80 horse power; one Hoisting Engine and Boiler. ANDERSON, MAXWELL & PORTER, 40 Park Way, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-TWO NEW and second-hand Engines and Boilers, 2 Portable and 1 small Upright; also, 1 Saw Mill, with Portable Engine. T. CARLIN, corner of Lacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—NO. 245 ALLEGHENY avenue, Allegheny city. The House is nearly new, has 10 Rooms, is well planned and the neighborhood first-class. The Lot is 23 feet 9 inches by 140 feet deep to paved street or alley. Will be sold low and very accommodating terms. Apply to THOS. F. STEWART, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.

FOR SALE—FORTY SUPERIOR Second-hand Boilers, in good order, ranging from 30 to 44 inches in diameter; and 10 feet to 40 feet long; double-flued and cylinder. County Inspector's certificate of test with each boiler. Repairing done promptly at the West Point Boiler Works, No. 13 Water street. WATSON & MUNROE.

FOR SALE—TWO BUILDING LOTS in Thirty-second ward; also, four Lots on Liberty avenue; three Lots on Mary street; two Lots on Center street, with Frame Dwelling of 4 Rooms, Cellar and Attic, all situate in the Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh. Will be sold low and on easy terms. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, 104 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—TIMBERED LAND—On easy terms, 1,500 Acres Timbered Land, from 1 to 4 miles from Ohio river, in Pleasants county, West Virginia. 5,000 Acres Land in Wetzel county, West Virginia, 15 miles from R. and O. R. R. This would make a good location for a German settlement. Price $3 00 per acre. Two Hill Farms of 270 and 240 Acres, 2½ miles from the Ohio river at Proctor, Wetzel county, West Virginia.

W. V. HOGE & BRO., Real Estate Agents, 1300 Market street, Wheeling, W. Va.

FOR SALE—55 ACRES OF GOOD Land at Baden Borough, Beaver county, Pa., 10 minutes' walk from the Station; half hour's ride to Pittsburgh. The Land lays well and is almost all cleared and well watered. Would make a suitable place for a nice home. Will sell at a low price and easy payments. Also, the whole or part interest in a good Steam Saw Mill, in one of the principal towns on the Monongahela river, doing a good river business, and in complete order, at a reasonable price and payments. For further particulars apply to ED. WITTISH, Beaver Falls, Pa., or every Tuesday morning, at 91 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE OR TO EXCHANGE FOR CITY OR ALLEGHENY CITY PROPERTY—The beautiful homestead of John Scott, Jr., on Pine Creek, 2½ miles from Etna Station, West Penn Railway. The property consists of 76 acres of ground in a high state of cultivation. One fine dwelling of 11 rooms, another dwelling of 4 rooms, with barns, stables and other outbuildings, with three of the best orchards of all kinds of choice fruits in Western Pennsylvania. Price $30,000. The buildings and improvements alone are worth full $20,000.

Also a few of those fine 5 and 10 acre lots are yet unsold. Will also be sold cheap, or exchanged for city property. Apply to

THOS. F. STEWART, Fifth avenue and Wood street.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY, N. E. corner of Wood street and Fourth avenue—DIVIDEND—The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of

THREE DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS

Per Share on the Capital Stock of the Company, out of the earnings of the last six months, to be applied to Stock Due Bills.

This Dividend making the Capital Stock (One Hundred and Seventy-five Thousand Dollars) full paid, Stockholders will have their Due Bills returned on application at the office.

JOHN H. CLANEY, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, May 22, 1875.

NOTICES.

NOTICE—ANDREW KLOMAN having this day sold to THOMAS M. CARNEGIE his interest in the firm of CARNEGIE, KLOMAN & CO., the business of that firm will be continued under the firm name of CARNEGIE BROTHERS & CO.

Pittsburgh, March 9, 1875.

NOTICE—ANDREW KLOMAN having this day sold to THOMAS M. CARNEGIE his interest in the firm of KLOMAN & CARNEGIE BROTHERS, the business of that firm will be continued under the firm name of LUCY FURNACE COMPANY.

Pittsburgh, March 9, 1865.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their Meters Tested to leave their orders at the office of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

HEADQUARTERS PITTSBURGH COMMANDERY, NO. 1, KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

SIR KNIGHTS—You are hereby ordered to assemble at the Asylum, Penn avenue, on

TUESDAY, MAY 25, AT 6 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

In full dress, for the purpose of escorting the officers of the Grand Commandery from their quarters to the Asylum.

All further orders for the government of the Sir Knights during the time allotted of the Twenty-second annual Conclave, will be issued by Sir JAMES H. STEWART, Captain General, acting, whose orders will be promptly obeyed.

By order of J. L. LYTLE, E. C.

JAMES BOWN, Captain General.

Pittsburgh, May 24, 1875.

HEADQUARTERS TANCRED COMMANDERY, NO. 48, KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 3.

THE SIR KNIGHTS of this Commandery will assemble at the Asylum, on Penn avenue, in full Templar uniform,

THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, AT 5:30, SHARP,

To join in the escort of the Grand Commandery to the opening of the Twenty-second annual Conclave.

By order of the E. C. GEORGE T. OLIVER, Captain General.

Attest: THOMAS T. WIGHTMAN, Recorder.

Pittsburgh, May 24, 1875.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY, GENERAL OFFICES.

PITTSBURGH, May 10, 1875.

NOTICE.

The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company are hereby notified that a General Meeting of said Stockholders, called by the Directors of said Company, will be held at the office of said Company, in the city of Pittsburgh, at 2 o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF MAY, 1875, to consider the question of the purchase by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, of all the interest in, or claims against, the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company, or the property of the said Company owned or held by the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore; and to consider also the agreement and mortgages required to be executed by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company to the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore by the ordinance of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore authorizing the sale aforesaid.

By order of the Directors.

J. B. WASHINGTON, Secretary.

TThsmy24.25

CANDIDATES.

SHERIFF.

FOR SHERIFF—

R. H. FIFE,

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR SHERIFF—

WM. J. DIEHL,

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

COUNTY RECORDER.

FOR COUNTY RECORDER—

RALPH J. RICHARDSON.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

AUGUSTUS BECKERT,

OF FOURTEENTH WARD, PITTSBURGH,

Subject to decision of Republican Convention.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

JAMES G. MURRAY,

UPPER ST. CLAIR TOWNSHIP,

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

Capt. JOHN McCLELLAND,

63d Pa. Vols.,

WEST DEER TOWNSHIP,

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

CLERK OF COURTS.

FOR CLERK OF COURTS—

WM. H. M'CLEARY,

TENTH WARD, PITTSBURGH,

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

REGISTER AND CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT.

FOR REGISTER AND CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,

JOSEPH H. GRAY,

Subject to decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR REGISTER AND CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,

EDWARD JAY ALLEN,

Late Colonel 155th Pa. Vols.

Subject to decision of Republican County Convention.

HATS! HATS! HATS! STRAW GOODS!

M'CORD & CO., 131 Wood Street,

Are now receiving a Very Large Stock of FELT HATS, all grades. Elegant and Complete Assortment of Mens', Boys' and Children's STRAW HATS. Ladies' Trimmed Hats, Harvest, Leghorn and India Panama Hats.

Merchants are invited to call.

THE RETAIL DEPARTMENT IS FULL OF THE LATEST STYLES.

McCandless, Jamison & Co

103 WOOD STREET,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF

STANDARD NEW PRINTS

And Other Goods

Bought for Cash at the Recent Great Decline, which they offer to WHOLESALE BUYERS at Less than Cost of Manufacturing. Prices Always Guaranteed as Low as the Goods can be bought elsewhere.

PURE KENTUCKY Wheat Flours.

Marshall, Kennedys & Co.

Are now receiving, and have in transit, large Shipments of Kentucky White and Amber Wheats, from which they Manufacture

PEARL MILLS, 3 STAR,
PEARL MILLS, 2 STAR,
PITTSBURGH CITY MILLS,
THE ECLIPSE FLOUR.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co

OFFER AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

Dry Goods and Notions!

AT BOTTOM PRICES!

Standard New Prints 7½c.

OTHER GOODS IN SAME PROPORTION.

Merchants Will Find it to Their Advantage to Give Us an Early Call.

WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

MANUFACTURERS AND EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

TOBACCO, CIGARS AND LEAF TOBACCO,

287 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

LARGEST STOCK OF TOBACCOS AND CIGARS IN THE CITY

Branch Store: Corner of Arch and Ohio Streets, Allegheny.

Atwood & McCaffrey,

NO. 50 TO 60 THIRD AVE., BETWEEN MARKET AND FERRY STS.

Wrought and Cast Iron Pipe, Malleable and Cast Iron Fittings, Brass and Iron Valves and Cocks, Lubricators, Whistles, Tools, &c.

ROLLING MILLS, BLAST FURNACES, COAL AND COKE WORKS, OIL REFINERIES AND MANUFACTORIES GENERALLY, PROMPTLY FITTED UP BY EXPERIENCED WORKMEN.

REMOVAL!

D. & F. S. WELTY,

Successors to WELTY BROS.,

IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

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All Work Warranted to be of the Best Material and Finish.

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1875. April. 1875.

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SILK AND FUR HATS!

FOR Wholesale & Retail Trade,

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PORK PACKERS.

BACON, MESS PORK, DRIED BEEF, LARD, LARD OIL, CARBON OILS, CURERS OF THE CELEBRATED STAR-ANCHOR BRAND EXTRA SUGAR-CURED HAMS.

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COLORS! DRY AND IN OIL, AT COST!

Having decided to discontinue the Sale of COLORS AND PAINTERS' MATERIALS, we offer our present stock at cost. The Stock is now full and complete, and we would be pleased to give quotations by mail or personally.

PENNSYLVANIA LEAD CO.,

Formerly Fahnestock, Haslett & Schwartz, 137 FIRST AVENUE.

NEW STOCK JUST ARRIVED

1,500 bbls. Choice Brands Flour; 800 sacks Choice Corn Meal, 25 and 50 lb. sacks; 200 sacks Graham Flour (superior article); 2,000 New Empty Flour Barrels; 50 tubs Choice Roll Butter; 25 kegs Prime (Somerset) Packed Butter; 5 bbls. Dried Sweet Corn. I have in Store the largest assortment of choice brands Family and Bakers' Flour in this market, and am daily receiving large lots of Butter and Eggs and Country Produce generally, which I offer to the trade at low figures.

JOHN A. FINNEY, 112 SECOND AVENUE.

BEAUTY

The charm that soothes the savage breast comes to peasant and princess, wields the ladle and sceptre, dethrones reason and builds up or tears down empires. It may come to the maid of the dairy with the lark's song, to the belle of the avenue with TOILETINE. P. O. Box 12. DE LA BANTA, Agent.

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FRESH OUT OF SMOKE.

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Near Sixth street. 189 LIBERTY ST.

USE SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP

# The Commercial.

TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1875.

GENERAL SHERMAN has been offered fifty thousand dollars by the publishers for the copyright of his "Memoirs."

THE internal revenue receipts for the present month up to yesterday have been $9,060,524. The grand total for the current fiscal year has been $98,819,376.

THE *Post* is again indulging in covert sneers at the policy of protection. Why does it not come out openly and frankly as a free trade organ, and be done with it?

IN THE end every man finds his true level. "GATH" has become the editor of the Bourbon St. Louis *Times*. He will make about as good an exponent of Missouri Democracy as can anywhere be found.

THE Supreme Court of New York has just rendered an interesting decision denying to that State the right to "tax the stocks of corporations created by and under the laws of othes States," on the presumption that such stocks are taxed at home.

THE value of the foreign exports of Boston last week was $240,545, against $436,472 for the corresponding week last year. The total valuation of the exports since the beginning of the year foots up $13,802,998, against $12,508,584 for the relating period of 1874—a gain of $1,294,416.

AN ENCOURAGING business sign in the East is that there are fewer idle men about, and that a great many mechanics who could find no employment at their trades have gone to work on farms, and engaged in other pursuits that will ultimately help to bring about a more prosperous condition of affairs.

THE Government is pushing the whisky ring to the wall with a vigilance and power that are daily increasing. It is a notable fact that this determination to execute the laws does not extort praise from the Democratic press, whose personal and partisan sympathies seem to be all with the crooked whisky dealers.

THE Medical Society of Pennsylvania will meet at Pottsville June 9th. Large delegations of medical men from every county and city society throughout the State will be present to discuss matters pertaining to the various branches of medical science. This is the largest and most influential body of scientific men in the State.

"AT the present moment New Orleans has a Democratic government, but for the past ten years it has been under the rule of the Radical carpet-baggers."—*Post*.

The municipal government of New Orleans has been Democratic almost ever since the close of the war. The *Post* should have more regard to harmony of tints in its attempted falsifications of historic facts.

SO FAR as the cheap transportation question is concerned, the occupation of the Granger, at least for the present, would seem to be gone. Corn is actually being carried from Chicago to New York, all expenses paid, for twelve cents a bushel. The lake freight from Chicago is four cents higher; elevating charges, including ten days' storage, are only one-fourth of a cent, and further still, canal freights on corn rule only at seven and a fourth cents.

JOHN C. BRECKENRIDGE was too much of a man to make a successful traitor, although not enough of a man to withstand his own ambition and the bad influences that surrounded him. JESSE D. BRIGHT, however, was a cold-blooded, deliberate and sycophantic servant of the slave power. He was justly expelled from the United States Senate, and lived out the remainder of his days in deserved disgrace. Unless the *Post* desires to increase the contempt in which his memory will be held by all loyal men, it should observe profound silence regarding him.

THE National Board of Trade will hold its annual meeting in Philadelphia this week. Among the subjects to be discussed are the improvement of the levees on the Mississippi river; the reconstruction of the transportation business of the country; the policy of the resumption of specie payments; the National Banking law, and other weighty themes of trade and finance. Members of the leading mercantile and financial circles of every section of the country will be present, and the proceedings will no doubt prove highly interesting, unless they smack too largely of the vagaries of reciprocity and free trade.

THE New York merchants are, it is said, making very earnest representations to the Treasury Department against the immediate Transportation act to interior ports of entry. They have set their agents at work, and are representing that all sorts of frauds upon the revenue are practiced under cover of the act. They appear to proceed on the ridiculous assumption that goods can only be properly appraised and the duties collected at the sea coast ports. In view of the gigantic smuggling conspiracies lately unearthed in that city, the fewer comparisons they institute between their own and other peoples' honesty, the better.

WE HAVE already mentioned the contemplated withdrawal of the Inman Line of steamships from New York to Baltimore. It is now understood that two experimental round trips between the latter port and Liverpool will take place next month. Twenty-five thousand dollars has been guaranteed by those interested, of which the Inman Company takes one-half, and the Pennsylvania Railroad and Canton Company the balance, as insurance, against loss from the undertaking. The Inman Company are owners of twelve or fourteen first class vessels, and the withdrawal of their business from New York will prove quite a serious loss to that port.

SOME time ago we referred to the fact that an Italian sculptor, named GAGLIARDI, had instituted suit in the Italian courts against the American sculptor, MEADE, to secure the right of copartnership in the national LINCOLN monument enterprise, demanding that Mr. MEADE be compelled to pay the greater part (sixty per cent.) of the total amount realized from the speculation. The suit is now on trial. GAGLIARDI claims that he first inspired MEADE to compete for the work, made the design, and, in fact, that the statue was really his instead of the artist's to whom credit for it was given. It is not a pleasant business, but we trust the full truth of the matter will now be elicited.

THE New York *Bulletin*, in discussing the alleged over-crowding of retail trade in Canada, is led to inquire whether retail trade is not also overdone on this side of the border, and whether many of the existing complaints as to dull times are not traceable to that fact? It is a pertinent question. At a time when such States as Oregon are assuring us that, with every element of material wealth in their possession, "nothing is wanted but population," farmers, mechanics, artisans, and producers generally, it is something to know that the way to relieve this redundancy is open. Better by far a thrifty farmer in a frontier settlement, than a bankrupt small trader in an Eastern city.

JUST so long as people take pride in pumice-stoning educational salaries and appropriations, just so long they will not take pride in the best instruction, which is really the thing they ought to take pride in. It is Chicago, now, that talks of reducing the wages of teachers, but the *Journal* very pertinently observes that the tax-payers are perfectly willing to pay them at rates which correspond with those that rule in other avocations. Teachers salaries, generally, need equalization, not reduction. The amount and value of work done should be the sole standard of pay, and experience should be rewarded by an annual increase which should keep efficient teachers as long as possible in the employ of the people.

THE curse of Jimfiskism clings to the Erie Railroad like the shirt of Nessus. At a meeting of the stockholders held in New York last Saturday it was shown that the net earnings of the company fall short of its requirements by nearly $3,000,000 a year, that the funded debt has increased at the rate of at least $5,000,000 a year for the last four years, without any corresponding increase in equipment or other property of the company; that for the last moneys borrowed in Europe the company issued its seven per cent. gold bonds at the rate of about forty cents on the dollar; and that in order to raise money to pay the June interest on these bonds, the company is about to hypothecate its only remaining assets, its coal lands, on terms which will inevitably involve their sacrifice at far less than their value; and, finally, that an adherence to this financial policy must inevitably lead to bankruptcy. The immediate effect of the publication of this showing was to depress the stock two per cent. It is now as low as ever it was under FISK and GOULD. None of the employees have been paid since March. The complete collapse of the corporation is only a matter of time.

THE Democratic Constitutional Convention of Missouri having recently assembled for the purpose of amending the organic law of the State, the St. Louis *Times*, the regular organ of the party, proceeds to inform them that "the Democracy of Missouri don't want any over polite and over gushing bowing and scraping either to the Constitution of the United States, or the United States itself, as a centralized and consolidated Federal Government. What the bill of rights needs to contain to be acceptable to a very large majority of the voters of Missouri is the pure and simple doctrine of popular sovereignty, as laid down by MADISON, JEFFERSON and the fathers of the American Constitution." It is easy to see in what direction all this tends. It is Calhounism pure and simple. MADISON himself insisted that the States were but great political societies or corporations, having power to make laws which are effectual only if they are not contradictory to those of the General Government, while PINCKNEY, of South Carolina, one of the framers of the Constitution, declared, in 1788, that "the separate independence and individual sovereignty of the several States were never thought of by the enlightened band of patriots who framed the Declaration; the several States are not even mentioned by name in any part of it—as if it was to impress this maxim on America, that our freedom and independence arose from the Union, and that without it we could neither be free nor independent." To this emphatic utterance may be added the decision of the United States Supreme Court in 1816, that "the Constitution of the United States was ordained and established not by the States in their sovereign capacities, but emphatically, as the preamble of the Constitution declares, by the people of the United States." Pushed to their logical conclusions the doctrines of the *Times*, and of the party in whose name it assumes to speak, would presently leave us neither States nor Union, but only disorder and chaos. Is that the game?

IT IS now evident that most of the reports about the extent and ferocity of the grasshoppers out West were due to a grand "bull" movement in the Chicago grain market. Those holding large stocks were of course most active in starting the rumors and most alarmed at the ravages of the insects. From the reports of the papers, as well as letters both public and private from the sections where the plague was reported to be at its worst, the gratifying news comes that the prospect is nothing nearly so bad as was at first reported, and that in a great number of instances the scourges are dying off by millions and millions. There is no doubt that the present prices of grain are very considerably higher than the natural laws of supply and demand justify.

IN CONTINUING his speech to the jury, yesterday, Judge PORTER said that "no one ever heard BEECHER speak on a public platform without coming away with some vivid thought, some strong living expression, bright as SHAKESPEARE, grand as HOMER." Even if this were true, it does not prove him the embodied celestial which Judge PORTER seeks to make him appear. As poor TOM HOOD says, in one of his poems:

> "A man may pious texts repeat,
> And yet religion have no inward seat.
> 'Tis not so plain as the old Hill of Howth
> A man has got his belly-full of meat
> Because he talks with victuals in his mouth;
> A man may cry 'Church! Church!' at every word
> With no more piety than other people,
> A daw's not reckoned a religious bird
> Because it keeps a-cawing from the steeple!"

THAT must indeed be a cheerful condition of affairs on the Texas border, when United States troops, attempting to discharge their duty in preventing Mexican raids, are arrested, tried before juries friendly to the raiders, and thrown into prison. The Secretary of War has very properly informed the Governor of Texas that a repetition of such acts will result in the prompt withdrawal of the troops from that State.

## The Commission on Tests of American Iron and Steel.

*To Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:*

You made editorial mention, a few days since, of the appointment of a Government Board to make tests of American iron and steel, stating the board as composed of two army officers and two naval officers, but omitting mention of the three civilian members, nominated by the American Society of Civil Engineers, from its membership.

When it is considered that the standards for strength of iron and steel, for resistance to compression, extension and flexure, in use in this country, are all based upon the tests made in foreign countries, of metals manufactured in those countries, and when the variation in ores, methods of treatment, and consequent differences in the product are taken into account, with the great and constantly increasing use of those metals obtaining in this country, the great and growing importance of these tests becomes apparent; and to no community of the whole land are they of more vital interest than to the people of Pittsburgh.

The American Society of Civil Engineers early recognized the almost incalculable value of authorized tests of the various forms of iron and steel of American manufacture, and on June 5th, 1872, at its annual convention held in Chicago, a resolution was adopted appointing a committee of five "to urge upon the United States Government the importance of a thorough and complete series of tests of American iron and steel, and the great value of formulae to be deduced from such experiments."

The committee so appointed has been diligent in its efforts to present the matter in a favorable light to the members of Congress, and at the last session the matter was brought formally before Congress, and an act was passed appropriating $75,000, as follows:

"For experiments in testing iron and steel, including the cost of any machine built for such purpose," to board to be appointed by the President and to consist of "one officer of Engineers United States Army, one officer of Ordnance United States Army, one line officer United States Navy, one officer of Engineers United States Navy, and three civilians who shall be experts."

In pursuance of this act the President, by an order dated March 25, 1875, appointed the board to consist of Lieut. Col. T. T. S. Laidley, Ordnance Department United States Army, President of the Board; Commander L. A. Beardslee, United States Navy; Lieut. Col. Q. A. Gillmore, Engineer Department United States Army; David Smith, Chief Engineer United States Navy, and Messrs. W. Sooy Smith, Alexander L. Holley and R. H. Thurston, civil engineers, the latter being designated as Secretary. Col. Gillmore and Messrs. Smith, Holley and Thurston are members of the American Society of Civil Engineers; Colonel Gillmon being well known for his reports to the United States Government on the strength and modes of manufacture and use of lime, hydraulic lime and cements which are standards upon those materials; Mr. Holley is the equally well known designer of improvements in Bessemer steel "plant" and the engineer in principal charge of the building of the Edgar Thompson Steel Works, near this city; Prof. Thurston, of the Stevens Institute of Technology at Hoboken, New Jersey, is noted for his attainments in physics, and has recently completed a machine for making torsion tests, of novel construction and considerable merit.

The Board has organized at Watertown (Mass.) Arsenal, and has issued and advertisement for proposals for furnishing a testing machine with a capacity of 800,000 pounds, to be followed by another of 1,000 tons capacity, the design being to make tests of the various forms of iron and steel of full working sizes used in building machinery and structures, the great value of which, over tests of mere models or pieces of metal, will be recognized at once.

Metallurgical chemistry has, of late years, thrown a flood of light upon the conditions under which iron and its various alloys including steel are enabled to endure certain strains, and the Commission will employ a chemist to analyze and report upon the chemical constitution of each specimen tested, from which may be deduced with some reasonable degree of accuracy, the conditions under which metals of a given resistance may be reproduced.

In all of this, the city of Pittsburgh is vitally interested, and I am pleased to note that the application of the Committee, when before Congress, was ably seconded by the representative from this district, General J. S. Negley.

It remains only to state that the American Society of Civil Engineers, to which the country is indebted for the Commission on Tests of Iron and Steel, will hold its next (seventh) annual convention in this city on June 8th, 9th and 10th prox., and the iron and steel manufacturers of this city and county should accord the members of the Society such a cordial reception as will testify an appreciation of the efforts of the society in the direction above referred to.

The Select Council of this city having kindly tendered their Council Chamber to the Society, the sessions of the Convention will be held therein and will be open to all who may be interested in their discussions of the various branches of engineering and applied science. C. E.

## FROM OSCEOLA, PA.

Fire Smouldering in the Woods for Miles Around—The People Still Uneasy—The Winter's Chopping Nearly Entirely Destroyed.

OSCEOLA, May 24.—For miles all round this place the fire is still smouldering in the woods. There is a general feeling of uneasiness, but as the wind is light, hopes are entertained that no further serious losses will be experienced. In the immediate vicinity of Osceola the woods have been so thoroughly burned through as to prevent the possibility of further damage. The losses in lumber will be much greater than was at first supposed. During the winter millions of logs have been chopped in the woods and left ready to be hauled out during the spring and summer. A cursory examination made by parties who have penetrated the woods for miles in different directions has led to the discovery that the winter's chopping is either burned or so badly scorched as to render them utterly useless. Then there are literally millions of young trees still standing, out of which the fire has taken the sap. These, unless cut next year, will be valueless. Many thousands of piles of bark have also been consumed in the flames.

## GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Green corn ear long.

Detroit is blessed. Not a steam whistle is heard within the limits of its corporation.

A revival of the lumber trade is indicated in Michigan, and a busy season promised.

Given 40,736 lawyers in this unhappy country, what is the annual crop of lawsuits?

In Rockingham county, Va., Northern capitalists are buying iron ore lands at good prices.

We hope Evarts will improve on Porter's speech. The latter was pitched in a very low key.

Boston's taxation, this year, will be four hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars less than last year.

Preliminary steps have been taken at New York for the establishment of a school for the training of hospital nurses.

Another English manufacturing company has been formed in South Carolina for the manufacture of ship frames, furniture, etc.

The estimate is current that foreigners own from thirty-five to fifty millions of United States bonds less than two years ago.

The savings banks of California owe their depositors $70,000,000—and have only $3,000,000 cash on hand with which to pay them.

Warned by the emergency, Victor Emanuel is assimilating his treatment of the Catholic Church exactly to that of Bismarck.

The difference of $1 per ton in freights on last year's business of the Canadian Great Western Railroad, amounted to over a million dollars.

A scheme for a narrow gauge railway between Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and Dubuque, Iowa, is being enthusiastically received along the route.

It makes one melancholy to think that there are now in Milan three hundred American girls studying singing with a view to the operatic stage.

The clearings of the Chicago banks for last week amounted to $20,959,972 87, being about a million in excess of those for the corresponding week last year.

In ordinary book form the delinquent tax list of Chicago, as published in the *Inter-Ocean*, would make four volumes the size of Macaulay's History of England.

The exodus to Europe is assuming great proportions. Last Saturday over a thousand cabin passengers sailed from New York, and almost as many will leave this week.

Here's a splendid chance for Bill Allen. The British Government wants to procure a fog-horn for the Scilly Islands that can be heard far enough to be of use to mariners.

Mr. Gordon S. Hubbard, of Chicago, has just given thirty acres of very valuable land near that city, to the Reformed Episcopal Church, for the purposes of a theological seminary.

The wholesale death of the fish in the Genesee river, New York, is charged to chemicals that are allowed to run into the river from a new paper mill at Rochester, just above the falls.

According to General Sherman's Memoirs, almost every general but one was at some time or other surprised by the enemy. That one always knew what was coming. Guess who?

Let the various Legislatures of the Western States pass laws, at their next session, prohibiting the destruction of wild game for two or three years. That'll put a stop to the operations of the grasshoppers.

Rev. Edward Eggleston's new church in Brooklyn as far as possible does away with a formal doctrinal creed, and is patterned after the early Christian Church. It calls itself the "Church of Christian Endeavor."

Worse than thieving. Several of the Chicago pawnbrokers are, it appears, in the habit of receiving stolen goods from dry-goods clerks and shop boys, whom they have initiated and instructed in the art of stealing.

A brief temperance sermon. Of the 4,448 persons committed to the Connecticut jails, last year, and supported generally in idleness at a cost of $78,000 for board and $76,000 for attendance, 1,563 were hard drinkers and 2,149 moderate drinkers.

Have those Sioux chiefs the power to convey posession of their reservation? The twelfth article of the existing treaty stipulates that no treaty or cession shall have validity unless signed by three-fourths of the male Indians occupying or interested in the reserved lands.

A survey is now being made of the tides and currents in the region of the Aleutian Islands and Behring sea, which will add much to the precision of our knowledge in regard to the currents, temperatures, and general physical conditions of the North Pacific.

## PERSONAL.

James E. Murdoch, the retired actor, is building a church at Murdoch, Warren county, Ohio, with the earnings of his readings. The Rev. Talmage will please bear this in mind.

Probably the youngest sea captain in the country is Captain George Warner of the Boston schooner Altaretta, eighteen years old, who is engaged in the wool business on his own account, buying it in Nova Scotia and selling it at Boston.

Hon. John Cuthbert, born in Savannah, Ga., in 1788, elected to Congress in 1819, and participating in the great debate on the Missouri compromise, is still living and practicing law at the Mobile bar. He is the oldest ex-member of Congress living.

Governor Butler, of Nebraska, has brought suit in the sum of $10,000 against an English nobleman for a house purchased in Lincoln which 'is lordship bought some time ago and forgot to pay for. He came over a 'untin' of the hantelope, and thought 'e'd 'ave a box 'ere.

The body of John Blackford, an American actor, who was lost three years ago in trying to ascend Mount Blanc without guides, is said by a Swiss newspaper to have been found in an immense block of ice which recently fell from the mountain. Nature had preserved him on ice.

A curious instance of the contagiousness of fear was shown on a large scale in a factory at New Haven, the other day. A number of girls employed began talking about the frequency of sudden deaths, and became quite sober in their conversation, when one of them, more lively than the rest, to change the subject, placed a small land-turtle, which she had found somewhere, upon the bench of her neighbor, who, seeing it, was so startled that she fainted away. This circumstance, coupled with their former conversation, had such an effect upon the girls that, one after another, they fell into a death-like stupor, until seven of them were stretched upon the floor. One of the men, too, though evidently struggling against the contagion, also succumbed, and the foreman, becoming alarmed, sent all hands from the room and shut down work for the day.

Rev. Mr. Hepworth, of New York, has lately been holding a series of afternoon and evening meetings. These services bring together a great variety of people, representing different sections of the city and different sects. Mr. Stokes (father of Edward), with his family, are quite regular in their attendance. One evening a man arose and offered prayer. He was quite a fine looking man, had a mellow, pleasant voice, and was rather gifted. The next evening he was in the meeting and as the missionary went down and spoke to him, and asked if he would not make a few remarks when there was a vacancy. He thought it a good thing to have the time filled and filled up well. The stranger, nothing loth, came to his feet, and, in a five minutes' speech, made a genuine sensation. He began: "My dear Christian friends, I am glad to be among you to-night. I am a man who has seen a great deal of affliction. I had a son that I loved dearly, but he was killed. My son's name was James Fisk, Jr. Perhaps you have heard of him." At this announcement an excitement was produced, not much calculated to provoke a revival.

## PATENTS.

Notes From the Patent Office—No. 3.

[The writer claims credit for the whole or any part of these articles if reprinted.]

PATENT FEES.

"There is no occasion for any reduction of the fees demanded of applicants. They are trifling compared with the expenses attending the grant of a patent in other countries, and there is no complaint that they are exorbitant. I firmly believe that they should be kept at their present rate, and that most of the surplus receipts should be expended in the direction indicated for the benefit of the office and that large portion of the public vitally interested in patents. Such use of the funds of the office would meet a continually increasing demand, and be received with popular approbation."—*Extract from the last annual report of the Commissioner of Patents.* Before the war it not unfrequently happened that there were accumulated in the United States Treasury some millions of dollars in excess of the expenditures called for by the demands of the Government. At first view such evidence of prosperity would seem to be a national blessing, but it always proved to be a national evil. The first thought of the restless spirits in Congress was to concoct the most plausible plan to successfully rob the national treasury, and the legitimate duties of the legislator were forgotten in the reckless foray on the money bags of Uncle Samuel. Now it remains to be seen whether the nearly a million of dollars now held to the credit of the Patent Office will prove to be a blessing or otherwise. This large amount of money has been paid into the Patent Office treasury by the inventors of the country as fees which are prescribed by the act of Congress. All the expenses of the Patent Office have been paid out of these fees, and this large surplus remains. By the above extract it will be seen that the Commissioner of Patents is giving the subject of spending this money his earnest attention. He calls the attention of Congress to the matter, and throws rather a seductive bait to the Congressional mind, when he suggests that a way may be devised for spending it which will receive "popular approbation." Within a few years past the Commissioner of Patents has experimented with a number of his crude schemes and plans, sometimes in accordance with the letter of the law and sometimes against it, at the expense of the Patent Office Fund.

Now when Congress fixed the fees which inventors should pay to the Patent Office, it cannot be supposed that it was designed to fix those fees so high as to leave a surplus in the treasury after paying the expenses of the Patent Office—taking a series of years together in making the calculation. The nation cannot afford, even if cupidity should invite it, to speculate on the labors of its inventors. As a class they are very poor, and, in most instances, without education. The value of their inventions to the prosperity and development of the country is beyond price. In 1861 the fees for patents were fixed at $15 when the application was filed and $20 final fee when the application was allowed to go to patent, making $35 in full for the Government fees for a patent. These rates have continued the same up to the present time. Every year since these rates were established the receipts have been in excess of the expenditures. In 1869 the receipts exceeded the expenses of the Patent Office by over two hundred thousand dollars! Of course if the patent is not allowed the $15 first Government fee is lost to the applicant—the Government retaining that sum as its compensation for the announcement to the inventor that his invention is not deemed worthy of a patent. The Government has no interest and certainly should have no desire to demand any more for this preliminary examination than its actual cost. Take the last year's report for a basis. There were eight thousand and three applications which were finally rejected, and the excess of the receipts over the expenditures was $58,989 76. Dividing the last named sum by the number of rejected applications gives the sum of seven dollars and thirty-seven cents. Now, it is evident that the Government could have demanded a less sum by seven dollars and thirty-seven cents, than it actually did demand for the first Government fee ($15) and still have squared its accounts at the close of the year. Deduct $7 37 from $15 and $7 63 is left as the actual sum which the Government could have received from the applicant as the first Government fee, instead of $15, and still have kept the expenditures of the Patent Office within its receipts. Possibly some other of the sources of revenue to the Patent Office may have yielded a profit which is used in this calculation to show how the first Government fee might be reduced. But that is nothing against the logic. The Government is bound by every principle of right and justice to reduce to the minimum the charge made to the poor and struggling inventor whose application is finally rejected. The conclusion is this: That the next Congress should reduce the first Government fee for patent applications from $15 to $10. The final fee should be increased from $20 to $25. The total for the two Government fees would then be $35—the same as at present, when the patent is allowed. But when the application is finally rejected, and no benefit accrues to the inventor, he would lose only $10 instead of $15 as at present. This change would give margin enough to the Government to make it perfectly safe. It is simple justice to the inventors of the country. What interest has the United States in taking more than forty thousand dollars annually out of the pockets of its itventors without rendering an equivalent? The comparison of the patent fees in this country with similar fees in the monarchies of Europe will hardly be considered a good argument in this country. You might as well say that a half a million dollars as an annual salary of the President is a trifling salary compared to the expense attending the executive office in other countries. Neither the Patent Office nor the Executive Office in this country have any underlying reasons for their existence which are true of similar functions in any foreign government. We reason from a different standpoint. When the Patent Office fees exceed the expenses for a series of years, let them be cut down. That is the work for the next Congress.

BOARD OF APPEALS.

The recent death of Hon. S. H. Hodges left a vacancy which has been filled by G. A. Nolan, Esq, of Connecticut, who has for some years past held the position of primary examiner, having in charge the very important class of harvesters. His reputation is universally that of a competent, faithful and unostentatious man—truly a *rara avis* in this age of brass, and rings, and general worship of shoddy. General Woodward, of Iowa, a primary examiner, and also an applicant for the vacancy made by the decease of Mr. Hodges, has been appointed to supersede Hon. R. L. B. Clarke. The political friends of General Woodward are also the political friends of Mr. Clarke. Both are from the same State of Iowa.

It will be remembered that in a former statement the fact was referred to of the removal of Mr. Clarke by the machinations and misrepresentations of the late ex-Commissioner of Patents, and of his subsequent reinstatement by the action of the Senate. As has been said by a noted politician of the Northwest—a man, by the the way, who has refused a Cabinet position tendered him—it was supposed that this action of the Senate settled that matter. In a conversation concerning this affair last week, the President remarked in so many words that this whole matter must be again "raked up." The President has remitted the whole business of the appointments of Board of Appeals to the Secretary of the Interior, and he must shoulder the responsibility thereby incurred. And it would seem also that the office of Commissioner of Patents and Assistant Commissioner are disposed of in the same way. The fact of the matter is that Mr. Clarke has offended the Patent Office ring, of which a certain ex-Commissioner of Patents is the head, and so Mr. Clarke must be got rid of at all events, and the power shown by the ring thus serves to intimidate others of lower degree. This business is what the President says must be "raked up." General Woodward is a first rate man for the place, and so it is very generally conceded. The third man on the Board is Major Hopkins, who was appointed last October. When Mr. Leggett gave notice on the first of October, 1874, that he had resigned, to take effect November 1, 1874, in the early part of October, Mr. Thatcher was appointed Commissioner of Patents, General Spear was promoted from the Board of Appeals to fill the office of Assistant Commissioner of Patents, made vacant by the promotion of Capt. Thatcher, and Major Hopkins was promoted from examiner of interferences to the Board of Appeals. Major Hopkins was only for a short time an examiner of interferences, having for a long time been law clerk to Mr. Leggett. The office of law clerk is an important one. It is understood that the decisions of the Commissioner on points of law and the logic of those decisions were generally the product of Major Hopkin's brain. And he is undoubtedly a man of marked ability. So the Board of Appeals has been entirely changed since October 1, 1874. Every man is certainly well qualified in every respect for his position. The only thing to fear is that they cannot be independent and faithful to their own "true inwardness" while they know that "the power behind the throne" is ready to cast them down "the ragged edge" when they forget to put things where they will "do the most good." To be sure this is also true of all the twenty-two primary examiners in the Patent Office.

J. MCC. PERKINS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21, 1875.

PROFESSOR BAIRD proposes to make the Government and Smithsonian Institute portion of the Centennial Exhibition a monster side show, of great interest to naturalists, sportsmen and all admirers of life as seen both above and below water. He wishes 5,000 square feet of space, for the exhibition of fish, fishing appliances, and the exposition of breeding and mode of catching the finny tribe. There will be exhibited 600 plaster casts of fishes, in imitation of the grade, size and description of each variety. Five thousand additional square feet of space will be asked for the exhibition of animal products. There will be stuffed specimens of every known animal in America. In addition there will be leather made from the hide of each of these animals. He says there are twenty different specimens of seal skins, so we can readily judge of the magnitude of this portion of the exhibition. In addition to this comes a request for 5,000 more square feet of space from the Smithsonian Institute for a display of minerals, which promises to surpass anything of the kind ever seen or heard of before, either in this country or in Europe.

## FROM SOUTHEASTERN MISSOURI.

Character of the Country—Great Forests—Copper Mining—Iron Ores, &c., &c.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

ST. LOUIS, May 22, 1875.

I have just returned from a trip through Southeast Missouri, and can't help giving you a short sketch of my journey and what passed under my observation. The counties I passed through were Reynolds, Carter, Oregon, Shannon, Dent, Crawford, Phelps, Wayne, Butler, Balinger, Madison, Washington, &c., and I must say that I was greatly delighted with the country. I had heard a great deal said about the vast forests of timber in that part of the State, as well as the immense deposits of iron ore; but, in addition to these, I found fine indication of lead in all these counties, and I have also found them mining copper of a very superior quality in Shannon county; and, to my surprise, I found that there had been large copper mines worked there many years ago by a Boston company, but when those large discoveries were made at Lake Superior, they were abandoned for a time, as they had to haul the ore in wagons to the Mississippi river, a distance of over one hundred miles, the expense being so great that they could not compete with the Superior ores. But since railroads are getting through that country, they are opening up their deposits again to a considerable extent, and, beyond doubt, ere long will make that country famous for copper, as it is said to be one of the finest coppers found in the United States—said to be equal to South American, which is the finest in the world.

I will next give you a little sketch of iron ores of these counties. It is perfectly wonderful to see to what extent it exists in this portion of the State. The iron ores are of four different kinds. The first I shall name is the blue specular, the best or richest kind; the ore is so well known, it being the same as the Missouri Iron Mountain, that I need not give its analysis. These blue ores are all about alike wherever they are found, which is in but few counties in this State. Those in which it has been discovered to any extent are, I believe, Iron, Dent, Crawford, Phelps, Pulaski and Sherman. The next species of iron ore in quality found is the red hematite—that is, an ore not quite so rich as the blue specular ores, making an analysis of about sixty-three per cent. metalic iron of a very superior quality, and is generally preferred for furnace purposes to the blue, making a red-short metal, and melting very easily in the furnace. These ores are found in all the counties where the blue is found, with several others in addition, which are Wayne, Butler, Reynolds, Balinger, Madison, Washington, Oregon and Carter. The next in order as to quality is the brown hematite and pipe ores, which I shall class together, as they are about the same in richness, but the pipe ore only being found in few of the counties above named, of which are Reynolds, Shannon, Wayne and Oregon. But of the brown hematite it excells all others in quality, but is not so rich in metalic iron only giving an analysis of about 58 per cent., the same as the pipe ore; but for all it is not as rich in metalic iron, it can be called the leading ore of the State, as it far excells all others put together in quantity, and in the counties of Carter, Shannon, Oregon, Wayne and a portion of Butler, it is simply immense, and is found scattered all over the other counties mentioned in places.

As I have given you a short sketch of the minerals, I will pass to the timber. I found as fine forests of pine timber in the counties of Carter, Oregon, Shannon, Reynolds and a portion of Wayne and Butler, as I ever saw anywhere. The other counties are not so heavily timbered, and principally white oak with some little pine mixed in places. I couldn't help beholding the great advantages that these pine timbered counties had for making charcoal iron, as the pine is of the yellow species, making the very best of charcoal. With abundance of the very best iron ore bedded right in their midst, it seems to me charcoal iron ought to be made there for twelve dollars per ton. But lest I weary your patience, I will close by saying, with many others, that Missouri in certainly a great State. T. B.

In consequence of cheap fuel the manufacturing interests of Leavenworth, Kansas, are in a highly flourishing condition, with a good prospect of new enterprises which bid fair to make it one of the great manufacturing towns of the West.

There is said to be still snow enough in Maine to cover over the whole State of Massachusetts two feet deep, without touching a single one of the twenty feet drifts on and around old Katahdin.

A Brain Destroying Malady.

That insomnia, or inability to sleep, has become very prevalent of late years, is sufficiently evidenced by the fact that numberless remedies have been introduced within the last decade specially intended for its cure, and that new sedatives are continually cropping up. But no medicinal agent has so widely and clearly established its claim as a genuine soporific as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. That it removes this brain-destroying inability far more effectually than the bromides, chlorals and valerianates in use, is not to be wondered at when we consider that such drugs act only on the brain, which is not the source of the evil, while the Bitters rectify the alimentary disturbances which originate it. It is admitted by physicians that dyspepsia and non-assimilation of the food produce sleeplessness. The Bitters overcome these obstacles to repose as well as those urinary troubles which are also said to interfere with it. A wineglassful or two of this wholesome sedative invigorant at bed time rarely fails to induce tranquil repose.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Assets January 1, 1873 - $778,251 56.
CHARTERED IN 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent. computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Book of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, JR., Vice Presidents.
D. E. MCKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

NATIONAL
INSURANCE CO.,
43 South Diamond St., Allegheny City.
W. W. MARTIN.........President.
JAMES E. STEVENSON.........Secretary.

CLOTHING.

THE NEW
SPRING THINGS
are now being shown at the
MONONGAHELA HOUSE,
BY
JOHN WANAMAKER & CO.,
Who are represented by
MARION WANAMAKER.

THE CHOICE OF GOODS
Is very large. The measures are taken and forwarded to Chestnut street, Philadelphia, and each article is cut by Custom Cutters and made through the Custom Department in elegant style. The Goods are delivered in Pittsburgh, and may be first tried on and approved of at the Private Rooms in Monongahela House before final delivery.

THE FASHIONS.
All Coats are worn longer. For Dress the style is Double Breast of English origin, though improved by American artists. Our French Cutter is a great favorite in making styles for Young Men, and the Goods from our Establishment have an "expression" that is not attained in fashioning Clothing except by great study and skill. Pantaloons are worn with less spring and shaped to the body by shrinking and pressing. In the matter of Pants we go upon the idea that there is room for much skill to be displayed in improving the figure. Vests are only changed in lappels and corners, according to style of person to wear the garment.

MATERIALS.
The latest things are new weaves of Box Patterns, Close Checks, Ingenious Diagonals and indistinct patterns of Worsteds and Smoothfaced Goods, whilst the sober mixtures for quiet people are brought forward in new colorings and great variety.

THE CUSTOM DEPARTMENT
Is equipped with the best of Cutters, who are fully up in everything desirable for either Gentlemen, Youths or Children.

REMARKS.
Pittsburghers visiting Philadelphia are invited to look in at our House, next door to the Continental Hotel, and see the great facilities we have for filling the orders now solicited.

EDUCATIONAL.

Allegheny Commercial School,
In Girard Bank Building, Allegheny,
W. W. McCLELLAND, Principal
And Teacher of Penmanship.
PROF. S. D. EVERHART, of the Pittsburgh High School, Teacher of BOOKKEEPING and COMMERCIAL CALCULATIONS.
EVENING CLASSES 7 TO 9 P. M.
AFTERNOON CLASSES, 2 TO 4 P. M.
TEACHERS' CLASS 10 to 12 A. M. SATURDAYS.
Persons desiring to fit themselves for Teachers can obtain a thorough knowledge of Plain and Ornamental Penmanship. TTh

PATENTS.
Persons desiring to procure Patents, or wishing to obtain information from the U. S. Patent Office, are advised to consult F. A. LEHMANN, of Washington, D. C., corner of Seventh and G streets.
NO PATENT—NO PAY.
Send for a Circular.

DRY GOODS.

SATURDAY, MAY 22.
NEW GOODS!
ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS IN
SUMMER DRESS GOODS,
LADIES' READY MADE SUITS,
Ladies' Outside Garments, Etc.

We have opened during the last few days many very Desirable Materials and Styles in Dress Goods, making the present stock decidedly the Largest, Most Complete and Desirable that we have ever offered our customers.

HERNANIAS AND GRENADINES
From 12½c. to $1 25 per yard.

In these goods we are prepared to offer our customers bargains in all grades and qualities, unsurpassed in any city in the Union.

BLACK MOHAIR ALPACAS,
From 25c. to 75c. per Yard.
All the different qualities from 10c. to 25c. per yard under usual prices.

BLACK AND COLORED
DRESS SILKS!
The unprecedented large sales of Dress Silks we have made during the last two weeks indicate that our prices are much below market value. Stock now very complete; all qualities from $1 00 to $4 00 per yard.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS IN NEW SUMMER
DRESS GOODS!
From 10c. to 25c. per Yard.
Everything New and Desirable in Medium and Finest Qualities of Dress Goods.

Ladies' Ready Made Suits.
Made in Best Manner—Latest Styles—In Linen, Lawn, Serge, Poplin and Pongee.
New Ladies' Cashmere Jackets and Sacques.
New Lace Jackets, Sacques, Shawls, &c.
New Spring and Summer Shawls, &c.

LARGE ADDITIONS of NEW and trade we are now having. STRICTLY

WILLIAM SEMPLE

Jas. Caldwell & Co
Have Just Opened at their
NEW STORE,
115 and 117 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY,
A LARGE AND VERY ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF
SEASONABLE
DRY GOODS,
Which Buyers will find well worthy of Inspection before making their purchases.

BLACK SILKS,
Of the Most Popular Brands, ranging in price from 75 cents per yard to $5 00.
FANCY SILKS,
IN STRIPES, CHECKS AND PLAIN COLORS
ALL THE NEW DESIGNS IN
DRESS GOODS,
For Suits and Costumes.
BLACK DRESS FABRICS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
ALL-WOOL CASHMERES,
SILK WARP CASHMERES,
HENRIETTA CLOTHS,
BOMBAZINES, TAMISE CLOTHS,
WOOL DELAINES,
MOHAIR LUSTRES,
BRILLIANTEENS AND ALPACAS.
Black Grenadines & Hernanis.
NEW STYLES IN
Spring Shawls, Suits and Costumes
The NEW CUIRASS AND TABLIER, made up and in Patterns.
HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES and EMBROIDERIES.
NOTTINGHAM AND TAMBOURD LACE CURTAINS.
100 BLACK ALPACA SUITS, at Ten Dollars each, a Great Bargain.
Nos. 115 and 117 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

CARPETS.

CARPETS!
APRIL 1, 1875.
McFarland, Collins & Co
NEW SPRING PATTERNS,
Bought at the Lowest Point reached for many years, and For Sale at Prices to Suit these Times.
New No. 101 Fifth Ave.,
Next to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice, Second Floor.

CARPETS!
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
Have Opened their New and Complete Assortment of WILTONS, VELVETS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, RUGS, &c., directly from Europe, which they offer as low as they can be purchased in New York.
Their New Stock of THREE-PLIES, TWO-PLIES, WOOLEN INGRAINS, RAG and HEMP CARPETS, and DRUGGETS; also, OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, MATTINGS, MATS, &c., is not surpassed in variety of Quality and Pattern, or in Lowness of Price.
Their Corps of Upholsterers do the work efficiently and with dispatch.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS!
The Best Styles,
Choicest Colors,
Latest Novelties,
Lowest Prices!
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
NEW NO. 29 FIFTH AVE.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Oil Cloth, Window Shades, &c.
GREEN SHADE CLOTH A SPECIALTY.
Also Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c.
Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE, LEATHER and RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY.
PAINTING, GRAINING and GLAZING.
Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

USE SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP

DRY GOODS.

SATURDAY, MAY 22.
NEW GOODS!
IMMENSE STOCK OF
Linen and Cotton Goods,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Muslins and many kinds of Domestic Dry Goods are now lower than they have been for twenty-five years. We are now fully prepared to give our patrons the benefit of the late decline in muslins, &c.
Bleached and Unbleached Muslins,
Of all Widths and Qualities,
SPECIAL NEW BARGAINS IN
White and Colored Table Linens,
Always at the Lowest Bottom Prices.
EXTRAORDINARY GOOD BARGAINS.
Linen Towelings, Towels and Napkins.
Feather and Straw Bed Ticking,
White and Colored Bed Quilts.
At 10c, Very Superior Yard Wide Bleached Muslin, much better than usual 12½c Muslin.
At 6¼c, Fast Colored Light and Dark Calicoes, best quality of cloth.
ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN
Calicoes, Chintzes and Percales,
AT 12½ CENTS,
Beautiful New Summer Styles in Fine Yard Wide Percales!
Goods for Men and Boys' Wear.
Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans and Tweeds.
Linen and Cotton Goods.
Ready-Made Clothing!
For Men, Youths and Boys' Wear.
STOCK ALL NEW—PRICES LOW.
DESIRABLE GOODS now daily coming BUT ONE PRICE for EVERYTHING,
Nos. 165 167 and

JOSEPH HO
MARKET
WHOLESA
Buyers will find it to their advantage Stock in the following Departments, to the Most Desirable Goods in the Market, Eastern Figures.
Domestic Dry Goods,
Linen & Housekeeping Goods,
Cottonades, Cassimeres, Jeans,
Embroideries and Laces,
Skirts and Corsets, Trimmings,
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
Millinery and Straw Goods,
77 and 79 Ma
WHOLESA

MILLINERY, STRAW GOODS, &C.

MILLINERY
AND
STRAW GOODS!
THE PLACE TO BUY
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
Trimmed or Untrimmed Hats,
Ribbons, Flowers, Laces,
EMBROIDERIES, FEATHERS,
OR ANY OTHER
MILLINERY GOODS,
IS AT
R. H. PALMER'S,
105 MARKET STREET.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.
THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.,
43 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel.
WINDOW GLASS,
OF ALL SIZES, CUT TO ORDER.
VIALS, BOTTLES, AND DEMIJOHNS.
FRUIT JARS,
OF OLD AND RELIABLE PATENTS.
Prices to suit times. Quality and Style equal to any made in the country.

REMOVAL.
J. F. SCHROEDER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
Has Removed from his old stand to
No. 62 Smithfield St.,
Third door above Fourth ave., Milliken's Block,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
GENTLEMEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING on hand and made to order at the shortest notice.

SUMMER RESORTS.

LAKE VIEW
Summer Resort.
This place is situated on the banks of Lake Erie, about 1½ miles from the Lake Shore Depot, at NORTHEAST, PA. It offers more than ordinary inducements to the pleasure-seeking public. Fronting the Lake, it presents an unobstructed view of its waters and floating commerce for many miles. A pier has been built during the winter for the accommodation of Steam and Sailing Yachts, and the House enlarged to four times its former capacity. A fine beach for surf and still bathing, fishing and rowing, a Lawn and Grove attached. Upon the Property are several "Calcic Chalybeate Mineral Springs," the waters of which have been analyzed by Prof. S. Dana Hayes, of Boston, and found to contain alum and iron in solution, sulphate of potash, sulphate of soda, chloride of sodium, sulphate of lime, sulphate of magnesia, sulphate of alumina and sulphate of protoxide of iron. He recommends the water as especially useful in cases of skin, liver, kidney and bladder diseases, acting as a tonic and alterative medicinal agent. The table will be supplied with butter, milk and cream from our own dairy, vegetable and fruits from our garden—Laundry attached. It is quite important that Rooms for Families be secured in advance, as many have already been engaged. Those applying will please state the time they will want the Rooms. Guests will receive every attention to make their stay beneficial and agreeable. Day Board, $2 00. Season Boarders $10 00 per week; Children according to age. Omnibusses running to and from all day trains except Atlantic Express East. Fare 25 cents.
The House will be opened JUNE 15TH, 1875.
H. J. SOUTHARD, Proprietor,
Northeast, Pa.
Z. MARTIN, General Supt.,
Titusville, Pa.

The Mountain House, at Cresson Springs.
This Favorite Summer Resort, situated on the summit of the Alleghenies, will be opened for the reception of guests JUNE 17, 1875. Great improvements in Buildings and Grounds since last season. Several Cottages to rent for the season.
For further particulars address, at either of the following places, the Proprietors, G. W. MULLIN & CO., Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.; St. Cloud Hotel, Phila.; or Frank A. Barr, Central Hotel, Pittsburgh.

HOTELS.

SHIELDS HOUSE,
NO. 7 SIXTH STREET,
Near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
STAHLMAN & McCOY,
PROPRIETORS,
Has recently been THOROUGHLY RENOVATED and REFITTED and all the modern improvements added.
Board per day, $2 00; per week, with fire, $8 00; without fire, $7 00.
The patrons of this House are assured that no attention necessary to their comfort will be overlooked.

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT?
USE
AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT,
Put up in cans of all sizes and color, ready to dip the brush in and use. Any one can be his own painter or make a business by using it. It is the cheapest and best. Try a sample can. Sold by
ONIONS, BALDWIN & CO.,
No. 63 WOOD STREET.
TThs PITTSBURGH.

J. OL'R FLOWER,
DENTIST,
REMOVED TO 140 PENN AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
TThs

DRY GOODS.

SATURDAY, MAY 22.
NEW GOODS!
LATEST SUMMER STYLES IN
Millinery and Fancy Goods!
AT OUR LOWEST PRICES.
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
SUMMER HATS AND BONNETS,
A Very Large Stock Opened To-day.
New French Flowers, Roses, &c.
New Silk Scarfs for Hats and Bonnets.
New Ribbons, all colors and widths.
New Neckwear for Ladies.
New Sash Ribbons, great variety.
New Laces, Trimmings, &c.
White Dress Goods!
FOR THE WARM WEATHER.
New and Fresh Goods Just Opened.
Victoria, Bishop and Nainsook Lawns.
Swiss and Tarlatan Muslins.
Cambric and Jaconet Muslins.
White Piques and Marseilles.
HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES,
Stock New, Full and Complete—All Widths.
Sun Umbrellas and Parasols,
ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES,
An Immense New Stock Just Opened.
PRICES EXCEEDINGLY LOW.
Boot and Shoe Department.
Large Arrivals of New and Desirable Goods this week for Ladies, Misses, Children, Men and Boys' Wear.
in. No effort will be spared to fully thus saving customers time and money.
169 Federal Street,

RNE & CO.,
STREET,
LE HOUSE.
to call and examine our very Complete which is added daily large additions of which we offer the Trade at the Lowest
Dress Goods, Shawls,
Flannels, Crashes,
Hosiery, Gloves,
Handkerchiefs, White Goods,
Ladies' Neck Ties and Scarfs,
Umbrellas, Braids, Buttons,
Combs and Small Wares.
rket Street.
LE ONLY!

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—

On and after SUNDAY, May 23d, 1875, trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

CITY TIME.

MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

Pacific Express daily, except Monday, at 2:36 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 11:35 a. m., Philadelphia 3:35 p. m., New York 6:45 p. m.
Day Express daily, at 7:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 2:55 p. m., Philadelphia 6:25 p. m., New York 9:15 p. m., Baltimore 6:35 p. m., Washington 8:17 p. m.
Mail Train daily, except Sunday, 7:41 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 8:10 p. m.
Atlantic Express, daily, 12:51 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:05 p. m., Philadelphia 3:10 a m, New York 6:50 a m, Baltimore 3:05 a m, Washington 6:20 a m.
Philadelphia Express daily, except Sunday, 4:21 pm, arriving at Harrisburg 3:20 a m, Philadelphia 6:45 a m, New York 10:10 a m.
Fast line daily, at 7:41 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 3:45 a m, Philadelphia, 7:35 a m, New York 10:25 a m, Baltimore 7:35 a m, Washington 9:02 a m.
Wall's Accommodation, 6:06, 6:41, 10:21, 11:46 a m, 2:41, 5:41, 6:11 and 11:11 p m. Sunday, 12:51 p m.
Brinton Accommodation, 5:01 and 9:26 p m. Sunday, 9:26 p m.
Wilkinsburg Accommodation.........7:11 p m
Johnstown Accommodation.........3:31 p m

MAIN LINE WESTWARD.

Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:
Mail Train daily, except Monday.........1:21 a m
Fast Line daily, except Monday.........1:41 a m
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday.........6:56 a m
Cincinnati Express daily.........7:11 a m
Pacific Express daily.........1:41 p m
Way Passenger daily.........8:21 p m
Wall's Accommodation 6:36, 8:21, 9:01 a m, 1:31, 2:41 5:46 and 7:51 p m. Sunday, 10:01 a m.
Brinton Accommodation, 7:36, a m, 7:11 and 11:11 p m. Sunday, 7:11 p m.
Wilkinsburg Accommodation.........8:21 p m
Johnstown Accommodation.........10:41 a m

SOUTHWEST PENN. RAILWAY.

Youghiogheny Express except Sunday, 8:26 a m.
Connellsville Accommodation, daily, except Sunday, 6:06 p m.
Trains arrive from Connellsville at 9:41 a m and 6:46 p m.

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City,
City Time:
Mail Train, connecting for Butler.........6:36 a m
Express, connecting for Butler.........2:26 p m
Freeport Accommodation, 9:21 a m, and 5 01 p m.
Springdale Accommodation, 11:31 a m. 6:16, 8:41 and 11:21 p m. On Sunday at 12:51 and 9.21 p m.
Market Train for Butler.........3:21 p m
Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot (city time):
Express, connecting from Butler.........10:11 a m
Mail Train, connecting from Butler.........5:51 p m
Freeport Accommodation, 8:06 a m and 1:36 p m.
Springdale Accommodation, 6:51 a m, 3:49 7:11 and 11:16 p m. On Sunday at 9:51 a m and 7:01 p m.
Market Train from Butler.........9:11 a m

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and the Union Depot.

FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, JR.,
General Passenger Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD

On and after MONDAY, May 24th, 1875. Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, (Pittsburgh Time,) as follows:

| LEAVE. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1st Soda Wks Ac | 6:55 a m | Night Express. | 6:00 a m |
| Buffalo Express | 8:05 a m | Parnassus Ac... | 6:45 a m |
| 2d Soda Wks Ac. | 10:50 a m | 1st Soda Wks Ac | 8:00 a m |
| Titusville Ex.. | 2:10 p m | 2d Soda Wks Ac | 10:00 a m |
| Reynoldsville Ac.......... | 3:20 p m | Reynoldsville Ac.......... | 11:05 a m |
| Hulton Ac..... | 4:55 p m | 3d Soda Wks Ac | 1:35 p m |
| 3d Soda Wks Ac. | 6:00 p m | Titusville Ex.. | 5:30 p m |
| Night Express.. | 8:10 p m | Hulton Ac...... | 7:20 p m |
| Parnassus Ac... | 11:00 p m | Buffalo Ex...... | 8.55 p m |

All Trains Daily, except Sunday.

Church Train—Leaves Soda Works at 8:35 a m, arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:10 a m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p m, arriving at Soda Works at 2:23 p m, stopping at all Stations.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Mayville.

Buffalo Express north connects at Red Bank with train on Low Grade Division for Brookville and Driftwood, making direct connections at Driftwood with trains on the P. and E. R. R. eastward to Williamsport, and westward to Emporium, Olean and all points on B. N. Y. and P. R. R.

Buffalo Express north and south, and Titusville Express north, connect at Red Bank with trains on Sligo Branch for Sligo and Clarion county.

Orders can be left with Excelsior Baggage Company, 78 Fifth avenue, for Baggage to be Checked from Hotels or Residences to destination.

Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and Union Depot.

J. J. LAWRENCE,
General Superintendent.
THOS. M. KING, Assistant Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE

On and after SUNDAY, May 23d, 1875, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

| DEPART. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Fast Line....... | 2:15 a m | McDonald's Ac | 6:47 a m |
| Pacific Express | 7:42 a m | Cincinnati Ex.. | 6:57 a m |
| Columbus Mail. | 7:57 a m | Washington Ac | 8:22 a m |
| Washington Ac | 8:52 a m | Steubenville Ac | 9:[illegible] a m |
| McDonald's Ac. | 10:57 a m | McDonald's Ac | 2 [illegible] p m |
| Pittsburgh Ex. | 2:12 p m | Washington Ac | 4:[illegible] p m |
| Steubenville Ac | 3:42 p m | Columbus Mail. | 5:32 p m |
| Washington Ac | 5:12 p m | Fast Line....... | 7:1[illegible] p m |
| McDonald's Ac | 6:22 p m | Southern Ex.... | 2 15 a m |
| McDonald's Ac. | 10:37 p m | Sunday Church Train.......... | 10:62 a m |
| Sunday Church Train......... | 12:47 p m | | |

Fast Line and Pittsburgh Express leave daily.
Fast Line and Cincinnati Express arrive daily.
All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.
Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

W. L. O'BRIEN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
S. M. FELTON, JR., General Superintendent.
D. W. CALDWELL, General Manager.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD—PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE "SHORT LINE."

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

IMPORTANT CHANGES.

On and after SUNDAY, February 14th, 1875, Trains on this Road will depart and arrive from Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows Pittsburgh time:

| DEPART. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Through Mail.. | 7:25 a m | McKeesport Ac | 6:45 a m |
| McKeesport Ac. | 10:15 a m | McKeesport Ac | 7:40 a m |
| McKeesport Ac | 3:15 p m | W. Newton Ac | 8:25 a m |
| Uniontown Ex | 3:45 p m | Through Ex.. | 10:35 a m |
| McKeesport Ac | 4:20 p m | Uniontown Ex | 10:00 a m |
| W. Newton Ac | 5:20 p m | McKeesport Ac | 2:00 p m |
| McKeesport Ac | 6:20 p m | McKeesport Ac | 5:55 p m |
| Through Ex.... | 8:00 p m | McKeesport Ac | 7:35 p m |
| McKeesport Ac | 11:15 p m | Through Mail.. | 9:20 p m |
| McKees't C. T. | 12:45 p m | McKeesp't C. T. | 10:05 a m |

McKeesport Accommodation departs at 11:15 p. m., and arrives at 7:35 p. m., will run on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays only.

Mail and Accommodation Trains daily except Sunday. Express Trains daily. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars.

Save 75 miles travel. Washington City, Baltimore Philadelphia, New York and all points east.

General Ticket Office, 43 Fifth avenue.

E. K. HYNDMAN, General Superintendent.
SAML. C. HOUGH, Genl. Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after MAY 23, 1875, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time. as follows:

| LEAVE. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Fast Line......... | 2:12 a m | Atlantic Ex.... | 2:22 a m |
| Erie and Ashtabula Ex....... | 7:12 a m | Wheeling Ex... | 10:47 a m |
| Clev & W Mail.. | 7:42 a m | Chicago Ex.... | 12:27 p m |
| Chicago Ex..... | 8 12 a m | Erie and Ashtabula Ex....... | 2:42 p m |
| Clev & Whg Ex. | 1:52 p m | Cleveland Ex.. | 3:52 p m |
| Pacific Express. | 2:12 p m | Chicago and St. Louis Ex..... | 7:07 p m |
| Wheeling Ex... | 4:17 p m | Cleve & W Ex.. | 7:22 p m |
| Erie & Wrn Ex. | 4:27 p m | Erie and Ashtabula Ex....... | 11:27 p m |
| Depart from Allegheny. | | Arrive in Allegheny. | |
| Beaver Falls Ac. | 8:37 a m | Leetsdale Ac... | 6:52 a m |
| Leetsdale Ac.... | 10:27 a m | Leetsdale Ac... | 7:27 a m |
| Leetsdale Ac.... | 12:07 p m | Beaver Falls Ac | 8:12 a m |
| Sharpsville and Ashtabula Ac. | 1:12 p m | Enon Ac........ | 8:47 a m |
| Enon Ac........ | 3:42 p m | Sharpsville and Warren Ac... | 9:52 a m |
| Leetsdale Ac.... | 5:12 p m | Leetsdale Ac... | 12:52 p m |
| Beaver Falls Ac. | 6:22 p m | Beaver Falls Ac | 2:12 p m |
| Leetsdale Ac.... | 8:27 p m | Leetsdale Ac.. | 4:27 p m |
| Leetsdale Ac.... | 10:57 p m | Leetsdale Ac... | 7:37 p m |
| Fair Oaks Sunday Church... | 12:42 p m | Fair Oaks Sunday Church... | 9:52 a m |

Pacific Express Leaves Daily.
Chicago Express Arrives Daily.
Fast Line Leaves Daily. Mondays excepted.
Atlantic Express Arrives Daily, Mondays excepted.
All other Trains will Leave and Arrive Daily, Sundays excepted.

J. D. LAYNG,
General Manager,
F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

DRY GOODS.

SATURDAY, MAY
NEW GOOD
EVERYTHING DESIRABLE IN
LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDRE
Summer Underwe
STOCKINGS, GLOVES, &c.,
All sizes and qualities.
Muslin Undergarments of every description.
Merino and Gauze Underwear.
Cotton Stockings, medium and fine.
Ladies and Children's Balmoral Cotton Stock
Balbriggan Cotton Stockings.
Kid, Lysle Thread and Silk Gloves.
CORSETS! CORSET
Direct from manufacturers.
At 37½c, Good Hip Gore Corsets.
Gentlemen's Furnishing Go
FOR SUMMER WEAR.
Merino and Gauze Underwear.
Drilling and Cotton Flannel Drawers.
Best Fitting White Dress Shirts.
New Silk Neckwear.
Socks, Gloves, Suspenders, &c.
CHILDREN AND INFANTS' WI
Infants' Embroidered White Dresses.
Infants' Marseilles and Merino Capes.
Boys' Linen Kilt Suits.
Boys' Marseilles Kilt Suits.
Dresses and Suits for little girls.
NEW ARRIVALS OF
Children's Carriages, all sizes.
Outdoor Croquet Games.
Base Balls, Bats, &c.
Children and Boys' Wagons, &c.
meet the demands of the very ac
Allegheny City

MERCHANT TAILORS.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY
BY ORDERING YOUR
CLOTHING
FROM
HENRY SMITH & SON
98 Wylie Avenue.

WALTER ANDERSO
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(DIAMOND BANK BLOCK,)
NO. 1 FIFTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

J. H. BUCHLON,
Merchant Tailo
No. 54 SIXTH STREET,
Imports direct the FINEST GOODS, and can therefore sell lower than any other first-class hous the city.
MUHLANBRING is with this House.

MERCHANT TAILO
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Just received, a Full Line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, FOR SPRING WEAR, AT LOW PRICES.

INSURANCE.

People's Insurance Compa
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 100 FOURTH AVE., (English Buildi
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
Directors.
James Herdman, Captain J. L. Rhodes
Wm. Vankirk, Charles Arbuckle,
John E. Parke, C. B. Shea,
Jared M. Brush, John Farrell,
Samuel McCrickart, O. P. Scaife,
Wm. F. Lang, John F. Dravo.
JAMES HERDMAN.........President
WM. VANKIRK.........Vice President
WM. F. GARDNER.........Secretary
GEO. M. ALEXANDER.........Gen'l Agent.

Manufacturers and Merchan
INSURANCE COMPANY,
87 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh,
FIRE AND MARINE INSURAN
Capital, - - $250,00
ASSETS, $371,679 07, JANUARY 1, 187
JAS. I. BENNETT.........President
JOHN W. CHALFANT.........Vice President
JAS. M. KENNEY.........Secretary
AUGUST AMMON.........General Agent
Directors.
James I. Bennett, John Wilson,
A. E. W. Painter, Henry A. Weaver,
John W. Chalfant, Geo. W. Hallman,
Robert Lea, Joseph Walton,
I. C. Pershing, C. W. Batchelor,
William Walker, S. F. Von Bonnhorst
Mark W. Watson.

Western Insurance Compa
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED APRIL, 1843
CAPITAL - $225,00
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PA
Office—First National Bank Building, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.
Directors.
Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Alex. Speer, Andrew Ackley,
Wm. Morrison, David M. Long,
Chas. J. Clarke, John R. McCune,
Wm. S. Evans, D. Ihmsen,
Philip Reymer, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
H. Sellers McKee.
ALEXANDER NIMICK.........President
WM. P. HERBERT.........Secretary
GEO. NEELD.........Agent and Surveyor

Monongahela Insurance C
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED 1854.
Cash Capital, $175,00
Insures Against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.
WM. A. CALDWELL.........President
JNO. McDEVITT.........Vice President
JNO. H. CLANEY.........Secretary
Capt. F. A. DOHRMAN, Gen'l Agent and Surve
Directors.
Wm. A. Caldwell, David M. Smith,
John McDevitt, William Rea,
George A. Berry, Robert Dalzell,
Henry Hays, William Means,
James Woodburn, Geo. W. Dilworth,
Charles Atwell, David McCandless,
R. H. Palmer, D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

Citizens' Insurance Compa
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office—No. 131 SMITHFIELD STREET, second door from City Hall.
WM. BAGALEY.........President
JOHN REA.........Secretary
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against Loss and Damage in the Navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the Navigation of the Sea.
Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire.
Directors.
Wm. Bagaley, John Shipton,
James Park, Jr., George Wilson,
W. G. Johnston, J. Caldwell, Jr.,
B. F. Jones, Thos. J. Burchfield,
Samuel Rea, George Bingham,
Capt. Thos. Snowden, Alexander Moore,
Barclay Preston, Capt. Wm. B. Hastet
Wm. B. Hays, Jr.
Captain J. ATKINSON, General Age

"OLD RELIABLE"
Franklin Fire Ins. Co., of Phila
ORGANIZED 1829.
CASH ASSETS .........$3,500,00
J. G. COFFIN & CO., Agents,
Corner Third avenue and Wood stree
TThs Pittsburgh.

JAMES PRESCOTT & SON
Chimney Sweeps
We also set Grates and do job Bricklaying, also sell the Magic Cooking Range. All orders at No. 19 Isabella street or at the Toll House of pension Bridge will receive prompt attention.

Fairbank's Standard
Scale
Of all kinds. Be careful to buy the genuine. Also Baggage rows, Warehouse Trucks, Money Drawers, &c. Grocers' tures. Scales Repaired Promptly.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.
48 Wood Street, Pittsburgh

OTTO WUTH,
Analytical and Consulting Chem
99 WATER STREET.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.
PARTIES DESIRING TO SELL
Allegheny Valley R. R. Income Bonds,
Will find it to their interest to call on or address
G. B. HILL,
TThs No. 75 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

# FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY EVENING, May 24, 1875.

It is somewhat curious to note the different opinions as expressed by business men of the present condition and future prospects of the market, when apparently viewing the solution from the same standpoint. Men, of course, view everything through the medium of their feelings, interests and hopes, and the color of their glasses gives color to all that they look upon. Thus it is almost impossible to get an opinion freed from influences that unconsciously affect the person speaking. Occasionally one meets a cool, clear headed professional man, who, having no personal interest in the course of the market, can give a more unprejudiced and disinterested view of the general condition of business interests than those taking their opinions from a closer standpoint. We have to-day heard the opinion expressed by an old business man that the past six months has been the worst since the panic; that men who have been struggling along heroically trying to keep their heads above water, have had to let go and cease all effort.

This, it was held, would be agravated in the future and that the aggregate losses of the rest of the year would be larger than in the past. The opinion thus honestly held and earnestly expressed grew undoubtedly from a peculiar personal experience, which coincided with the facts in the particular case. The party himself, having gone smoothly through the worst of the panic, thought "it wasn't much of a shower after all," and now that his customers are failing him, gives his own experience as that of the general public.

From two gentlemen in the iron business we have express opinions diametically opposed to each other, both as to the present condition of that great industry and as to its probable future.

Sifting out the personalities from the estimates given, we can safely conclude that there is a growing improvement in the tone of the market, and in the character of the transactions. Money is more active, although abundant, and the surplus means of the banks are being absorbed into the channels of trade.

Among the banks the spirit of caution is seen in the tendency to take only short loans, and to throw out long paper as much as possible. Here the usual time is from thirty days to four months, while in New York and Philadelphia preference is always given to call loans, or those issued on five or ten days' notice. This tendency is not confined to our own markets, but attracts equal attention abroad.

The London *Times'* money article of a recent date says:

"All whose business it is to watch closely the course of this money market are aware that the influences affecting it are daily becoming more complicated and difficult to forsee, and the result is that lenders as a body are more and more timid in parting with their spare balances except for short periods. This mode of doing business has for a long time past been growing in favour with the general body of discounters, and has been much stimulated of late years owing to the more extensive dealings with the Stock Exchange. Now the Bank of England follows suit; discounting has been set aside for the more profitable and, it is thought, apparently safer, business of lending with an ample margin in large sums of money for five days. There is obviously less risk in this, it is argued, than in taking three or six months bills at the market rate, which, especially in the case of the Bank of England, are of no use in case of a sudden pressure, but must be held until maturity. A return recently printed by order of the House of Commons revealed the fact that the bank holds a much smaller proportion of discounted bills—on an average about four millions and a half—and a much larger proportion of securities upon which money is advanced, than was supposed, which showed that the business of discounting was looked upon, it would seem, as of secondary importance. Many years since much mischief was done by taking a certain class of paper in Threadneedle street, and it was decided subsequently to refuse it altogether when the injurious results became apparent. The bank advances upon certain classes of securities only, as a rule, but it is very easy for speculators to obtain possession of large amounts of these stocks, and thus get loans to any extent from the bank, which is much the same kind of business in another form as was ostracized some years ago. Very heavy amounts of English railway stocks are by this means taken off the market at the present time, and it is unnecessary to point out that such a business, although resulting in profit to some, generally ends by bringing a considerable loss upon a large number who are put in at the top of the market. If difficulties suddenly arise in the money market, we cannot see that the bank would be any better off with large amounts of securities which could not be redeemed in the stipulated time than if the money had been used as far as it could be legitimately in the discount of bills."

—The United States Treasurer has issued the following new instructions to national banks:

In view of the risk to which Assistant Treasurers are subjected in collecting drafts, and in the absence of any law requiring them to perform that service for this agency, the Secretary of the Treasury directs that drafts on New York, Boston and Philadelphia be no longer accepted in reimbursement for national bank notes redeemed. Payment may, however, be made by deposits to the credit of the Treasurer's currency transfer account in those cities, as stated in Form F. Banks outside of those cities may make the deposits through their correspondents, who may forward the certificates directly to me.

In order to facilitate the issue of new circulating notes by the Comptroller of the Currency in return for national bank notes redeemed by this agency, the redeemed notes are in all cases delivered to the Comptroller on the same day that my calls are made. The issue of new notes is under the exclusive control of the Comptroller and any inquiry in regard thereto should be addressed to him.

Delays in forwarding new notes to banks are often due to the exhaustion of their new notes in the Comptroller's hands, and to their failure to order an additional supply in proper season. Banks may avoid such delays by keeping an account of the amount of their new notes in the Comptroller's hands and by ordering additional supplies at least sixty days before the exhaustion of previous orders. The cost of printing the new notes is defrayed by the United States.

National bank notes, unfit for circulation, may be forwarded by national banks to reimburse me for their notes redeemed as well as in anticipation of calls, thus saving the express charges on the legal tender notes, which would otherwise be returned. The packages should be marked "For credit of five per cent. fund."

United States currency and national bank notes, whether for redemption or credit, should always be forwarded in separate packages, properly marked with the amount and nature of the contents, and should be accompanied by separate letters of advice, by both mail and express. United States notes and national bank notes may be forwarded under the Government contract to reimburse me for notes redeemed in in any amounts for which the calls may be made. National bank notes for credit in anticipation of calls, as well as for redemption, must be sent in even thousands of dollars. The wrappers of the packages should state whether they contain United States notes or national bank notes, and whether the contents are "for redemption" or "for credit of five per cent fund." Every remittance of whatever nature should be accompanied by a separate letter of advice.

The redemption agency debits national banks with the full amount of their notes unfit for circulation delivered to the Comptroller, whether the full amount is reissued by him or not. Banks may avoid confusion between their five per cent. and circulation accounts by crediting the redemption agent, and charging the Comptroller with the amount so delivered, and by crediting the Comptroller on the receipt of new notes. Only notes clearly unfit for circulation are delivered to the Comptroller for destruction.

The law requires notes fit for circulation redeemed by this agency to be returned to the respective associations by which they were issued, and no other disposition can be made of them. It would not be to the advantage of banks for this agency to send such notes to their correspondents in the large cities, as they would speedily be returned to the agency for redemption.

OFFICE OF TRASK & STONE,
BANKERS AND BROKERS, No. 7 NEW STREET.
NEW YORK, May 22, 1875.

*To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:*

The week closes on a heavy and depressed market for all the leading stocks, and the general idea prevails on the street that still lower prices may be recorded within the next few days.

Erie has been very conspicuous since the morning for its great scarcity and as much as one-fourth per cent. has been paid for its use until Monday, and a suspicion exists on the street that a larger premium will be paid for its use next week as there has been a further shipment of this stock to Europe to-day. The meeting of the Erie stockholders this afternoon resulted in their refusal to pay or provide for the interest on the company's bonds due June 1st, and we are not surprised at its having a very bad effect on the general market.

Pacific Mail continues to decline without any apparent cause. Early this morning several of the prominent brokers were buying largely of this stock at 36¼@36¾ and it looked as if a new movement had been inauguarated in it, but there was a subsequent pressure of sales from various sources which carried its quotation to 35⅝. The Vice President of the Pacific Mail Company stated to-day that the company was now doing better than it had done for years and that its business was very satisfactory. Under these circumstances its persistent decline is quite inexplicable to us. Money remains easy at 3 per cent. on call.

Yours truly, TRASK & STOWE.

—The following table shows the prices of gold, Government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day. Furnished by the Fifth National bank, No. 16 Sixth street:

| May 24, 1875. | 10:30 A. M | 11:30 A. M | 12:30 P. M | 1:30 P. M | 2:30 P. M | 3:00 P. M |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gold | 116¼ | 116¼ | 116¼ | 116¼ | 116¼ | 116¼ |
| U. S. 6's, 1881, coup | 124⅝ | .... | 124⅛ | .... | 124½ | .... |
| 5-20's, 1862 | 117 | .... | 117 | .... | 117⅛ | .... |
| 5-20's, 1864 | 118 | .... | 118 | .... | 118 | .... |
| 5-20's, 1865 | 120⅜ | .... | 120¾ | .... | 120¾ | .... |
| 5-20's, 1865, new | 122⅛ | .... | 122⅛ | .... | 122⅜ | .... |
| 5-20's, 1867 | 124¼ | .... | 124⅛ | .... | 124⅛ | .... |
| 5-20's, 1867, registered | .... | .... | 122⅜ | .... | .... | .... |
| 5-20's, 1868 | 123¾ | .... | 123¾ | .... | 123¾ | .... |
| 10-40's | 116⅜ | .... | 116⅜ | .... | 116⅞ | .... |
| 10-40's, coupons | 117⅞ | .... | 118 | .... | 118 | .... |
| Currency 6's | 124⅜ | .... | 124⅝ | .... | 124⅝ | .... |
| New 5 per cents | 116½ | .... | 116⅜ | .... | 116⅜ | .... |
| Western Union Tel | 76¼ | 76¾ | 76⅝ | 76⅝ | 77 | 76¾ |
| Quicksilver | .... | 17½ | .... | .... | 16 | .... |
| Pacific Mail | 35¾ | 36⅛ | 35⅝ | 36⅝ | 36½ | 36¼ |
| Panama | .... | 140 | 139½ | .... | 139 | .... |
| Adams Express | .... | 102 | .... | .... | 101¼ | .... |
| Wells-Fargo Express | .... | .... | .... | .... | 87 | .... |
| American Express | .... | 63¼ | .... | .... | 63¾ | .... |
| United States Exp's | .... | 51¼ | .... | .... | 51⅛ | .... |
| New York Central | .... | 104¼ | 104¼ | .... | 104 | .... |
| Erie | 19½ | 20¼ | 20¼ | 20¼ | 19⅞ | 19½ |
| Michigan Central | .... | 67½ | .... | .... | 66⅛ | .... |
| Michigan Southern | 65⅝ | 65⅜ | 64⅛ | 65¼ | 65¼ | .... |
| Illinois Central | .... | 105 | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Cleve. & Pittsburgh | .... | 91 | .... | .... | 92 | .... |
| Chicago & Northw'n | 37⅜ | 37¾ | .... | 37⅞ | 37⅞ | .... |
| Rock Island | 102¼ | .... | .... | 102¼ | .... | 102¼ |
| St. Paul, common | 32¾ | 33 | 32⅞ | 33 | 33⅛ | 33 |
| Do preferred | 54½ | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Wabash, common | 8⅝ | 8¾ | .... | 8½ | 8¼ | .... |
| Fort Wayne | .... | 98½ | .... | .... | 98⅝ | .... |
| Ohio & Mississippi | .... | .... | .... | 21⅞ | .... | 22 |
| Union Pacific | .... | .... | .... | 75⅞ | 74⅝ | 75¾ |
| Harlem | .... | .... | .... | .... | 135½ | .... |
| Hannibal & St. Joe | 21 | .... | .... | .... | 21¼ | .... |
| Atlantic & Pac. Tel | .... | .... | .... | .... | 15¼ | .... |
| Iron Mountain | .... | .... | .... | .... | 20 | .... |
| C., C. & I. C | .... | .... | .... | .... | 4⅝ | .... |
| South Carolinas, Ap'l | .... | .... | 31¼ | .... | .... | .... |
| South Carolinas, July | .... | .... | 32 | .... | .... | .... |
| [illegible] | .... | .... | 102 | .... | .... | 102 |

—We note sales in Philadelphia of Pittsburgh 5's at 60, and 7's at 106. Allegheny Valley Railroad 7-30's at 97¼ incomes at 52, and Pan Handle 7's at 76.

—The following is a report of the prices of leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board, as received by wire at noon to-day:

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Pennsylvania Central | 50⅝ | .... |
| Reading, sales | 54½ | .... |
| United Co's. of N. Jersey, sales | 130 | .... |
| Oil Creek, sales | 9¾ | .... |
| Lehigh Valley, sales | 62 | .... |
| Allegheny Valley, sales | 97¼ | .... |
| Central Transportation | 45 | 45¾ |
| Empire Transportation | 53 | 54 |
| P. C. & St. Louis, m. b | .... | 77 |

[By Associated Press.]

### Gold Closed at 116⅛.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, May 24.—Money easy at 2½@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent.; choice even lower.

STERLING

Dull at 486@486½ for sixty days and 489@489½ for sight.

GOLD

Opened at 116¼ and closed at 116⅛. Borrowing rates 1@4 per cent. per annum, and 1-64 per diem; loans also made flat. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $84,000. Clearings $24,000,000. Customs receipts $395,000.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Government bonds firm. Railroad bonds steady. State securities dull.

To-morrow Morton, Bliss & Co. open proposals for $4,000,000 six per cent. gold bonds of the Western Union Telegraph Company. The currency bonds of the company falling due November next will be received at 100½ and interest in payment for the new loan.

The stock market was unsettled and somewhat demoralized by a further heavy decline in Erie. The dealings in this stocks were very large and attended with a pressure to sell. Opening sales were at 21¼, against 22⅞ at the close on Saturday, but afterward there was a decline to 19. This was precipitated by a decline at London, as well as reports that there was likely to be a strike of employees in case the interest on second consolidated mortgage, due June 1st, was paid before their claims were satisfied, and telegrams from Albany that there had been a consultation between the Attorney General and Erie officials, which might lead to to a receiver being appointed. The general market at the opening was from ⅛@¼ per cent. lower than at the close Saturday, and subsequently a still further decline took place in some instances, although after mid-day there was an improvement. Stocks were weak and unsettled during the last hour of business, but just before the close the market became firm and prices recovered from ¼@2 per cent. from the lowest point of the day. Lake Shore rose from 64 to 65⅝, Erie from 19 to 19⅞, Pacific Mail from 35¾ to 37⅛, Western Union from 76 to 77⅝, Ohio and Mississippi from 21¾ to 22⅞, Rock Island from 102⅛ to 102⅞, Northwestern from 37⅛ to 38⅛, St. Paul from 62⅛ to 63⅛ and Wabash from 8¼ to 9. Union Pacific advanced from 75 to 75⅞. Its earnings are averaging over $12,000 increase per dime. Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph closed at 23⅛@24, after selling at 23⅛. The decline in Erie from 22⅞ on Saturday to 19 to-day, was the leading feature of the market, and had a tendency to unsettle everything. The decline in Lake Shore also had its influences on the general list. There was an increased strength to Western Union Telegraph to-day, with a marked weakness in the rival line. There is no positive news as to the new direct cable, long rumored a success. Pacific Mail was active and very strong at the close. The market closed active with a better feeling. The transactions in the Stock Exchange aggregated 350,000 shares, of which 42,000 were Pacific Mail, 33,000 Western Union, 9,000 Northwestern, 112,000 Erie, 121,000 Lake Shore, 9,000 Ohio and Mississippi and 6,600 Union Pacific.

The following were the closing quotations:

STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Canton | 63 | Do preferred | 55 |
| W. U. Tel | 77⅝ | Wabash | 8⅝ |
| Quicksilver | 16 | Do preferred | 15 |
| Adams Express | 101 | Fort Wayne | 98½ |
| Wells-Fargo Ex | 86 | Terre Haute | 5 |
| American Express | 63¾ | Do preferred | 21 |
| U. S. Express | 51⅛ | Chicago & Alton | 104½ |
| Pacific Mail | 37⅛ | Do preferred | 108 |
| New York Central | 104⅛ | Ohio & Mississippi | 22⅞ |
| Erie | 19⅞ | Clev., Col. & Cin | 47⅜ |
| Do preferred | 31 | Burlington & Q | 112 |
| Harlem | 134½ | Lake Shore | 65⅝ |
| Do preferred | 134 | C. C. & I. C | 4⅝ |
| Mich. Central | 66⅛ | Illinois Central | 102 |
| Cleveland & Pitts | 99¾ | Atlantic & Pac. Tel | 23⅛ |
| Northwestern | 38⅛ | Union Pacific st'k | 75⅞ |
| Do preferred | 52¾ | Central Pacific bds | 103¾ |
| Rock Island | 102⅜ | Union Pacific bds | 101⅞ |
| N. J. Central | 110⅛ | Del. & Lack | 118⅜ |
| St. Paul | 33⅛ | Bankers' Bills | 487½ |

GOVERNMENTS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| U. S. coupons, 1881 | 124⅛ | 5-20's, 1867 | 124¼ |
| 5-20's, 1862 | 117 | 5-20's, 1868 | 123⅞ |
| 5-20's, 1864 | 118 | 10-40's | 118 |
| 5-20's, 1865 | 120⅝ | New 5's | 116⅝ |
| 5-20's, 1865, new | 122¼ | Currency 6's | 124⅜ |

STATE BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Missouri 6's | 102 | Virginia, old | 33 |
| Tennessee, old | 50 | N. Carolina, old | 21 |
| Tennessee, new | 50 | N. Carolina, new | 12½ |
| Virginia, new | 34 | | |

## GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY May 24, 1875.

General trade was not very active among wholesale houses to-day, and the aggregate volume of transactions was somewhat below the average. In grain, transactions have been held in abeyance on account of the marked downward course of the Western markets. Produce and groceries did a moderate trade at unchanged quotations. In provisions a good trade was done in a jobbing way. Other departments of business were rather quiet.

The New York *Commercial and Financial Chronicle* takes the following view of the condition of commercial affairs for the past week:

"Regular business has been quite moderate the past week, and leading staples have declined in prices, while others have somewhat improved in value. Speculation has been spiritless even where it was most active heretofore. Inland navigation is at length fully reopened, but many circumstances have altogether deprived this fact of its customary significance to this mercantile community. Reports of ravages committed by grasshoppers in trans-Mississippi regions have caused some anxiety for the crops in that section, and yet do not appear to be so extensive, or have not been so well authenticated as to have much effect upon values. The weather has become warm and summer like, and apprehensions of injury to the crops by frost or the unseasonable cold have been removed. Severe forest fires in Pennsylvania have supplemented the strikes of mining operatives, in working severe injury to the resources and trade of that State. Exporters of merchandise have continued to be favored by high rates of gold and exchange, and low rates of ocean freights.

The receipts of the leading articles of produce since our last are as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Flour, bbls | 1,448 | Apples, bbls | 52 |
| Cheese, bxs | 186 | Corn, bush | 4,645 |
| Wheat, bush | 416 | Oats, bush | 5,340 |
| Butter, pkgs | 43 | Bacon, pcs | 249 |
| Potatoes, bus | 6,845 | Hay, bales | 130 |

The quotations given in the following reports are prices realized in wholesale transactions, unless otherwise specified. On small sales, dealers will charge an advance. Sales of grain, unless stated to the contrary, are free of elevator:

### Grain, Flour and Feed.

GRAIN—The market to-day was very quiet, and buyers generally postponed transactions until the result of the sharp downward movements in the West should be more fully developed. The general opinion seems to be that the bottom of the market in Chicago has been reached for wheat. Corn and oats have taken a sharp downward course also in the West. Prices here are nominally unchanged, excepting corn, in which a lower feeling prevails, owing to the large receipts. *Wheat*—is easier. No transactions are reported, and winter wheat is nominally unchanged, although holders show more disposition to concede a little in prices. We quote choice Kentucky and Michigan white winter wheat at $1 45@1 50 per bushel; Ohio and Illinois do $1 40@1 45; Ohio and Illinois amber $1 38@1 40; Ohio and Pennsylvania red winter $1 35@1 38; Spring wheat is easier. A sample of selected milling wheat was offered on Change this morning; quoted at $1 25@1 27; No. 1 Chicago rules at $1 20@1 25; No. 2 do, $1 15@1 18. *Corn*—The market is weak and prices tend downward. We quote shelled at 85c per bushel for yellow; 84@85c for high mixed; 83@84c for low mixed. Ear was easy at 84@85c for yellow; 83@84c for mixed. *Oats*—were quiet and nominally unchanged; receipts are liberal, however, and the tendency is downward in sympathy with the decline in Chicago; We quote at 74@74½c for white; 72@73 for mixed. *Rye*—is somewhat easier but not quotably lower, at $1 15@1 20. There is nothing doing in barley. Jobbing prices of corn and oats rule 3@5c above quotations.

FLOUR—There was a steady and moderately active jobbing trade. We quote the wholesale prices of the local millers as follows: No. 1 white wheat flour at $7 50 ⅌ bbl; No. 1 amber wheat do $6 80; red wheat flour $6 40; in sacks 30c off ⅌ bbl. The jobbing prices of the leading dealers are firm and buoyant, as follows: Choice brands of white winter wheat flour $7 00@7 50; Wisconsin $6 00@6 25; Minnesota $6 25@6 50; red winter wheat flour $6 50@6 75; rye flour $6 00; Graham flour $6 25@6 75; self-raising flour, in 6 ℔ packages, $3 25 ⅌ dozen packages; cornmeal $3 75; oatmeal $8 50@9 00.

HAY—We quote prime timothy, on track, at $23 00@23 50 ⅌ ton; No. 2 $20 00@22 00; upland prairie $17 00@19 00; baled hay from store is quoted at $25 00@27 00. Loose hay is selling at $28 00@30 00 for No. 1: $25 00@26 00 for No. 2.

MILL FEED—We quote bran at $1 10@1 15 ⅌ cwt.; shorts $1 20@1 30 ⅌ cwt.; middlings $1 45@1 55 ⅌ cwt.; chopped feed $1 75@1 80 ⅌ cwt.; oil meal $1 90@2 00 ⅌ cwt.

MALT—There is no change to note. We quote at $1 30@1 35 ⅌ bushel for Western; Pittsburgh malt is quoted at $1 45@1 50 ⅌ bushel.

### Country Produce.

APPLES—Choice sound apples are scarce and firm. We quote $3 75@4 00 for strictly sound fruit; prime $3 00@3 50; the lower grades were unsaleable, and could hardly be got rid of at any price.

APPLE BUTTER—Is dull and inactive. We quote at 50@55c ⅌ gallon, in kegs, for prime; 45@48c for common.

BEANS—The market is steady. We quote prime white navy at $1 90@2 00 ⅌ bushel; medium $1 85@1 90; fair to good $1 70@1 80.

BUTTER—Under the effect of the hot weather the market was weak, and while prices were nominally unchanged, they would be shaded to secure liberal transactions. Choice dairy, solid packed, was quoted at 24@26c, with occasional sales of gilt-edged at 27@28c; poor to medium grades were a drug in the market, with no sales at any figure except those ruling for grease.

CHEESE—Old cheese is nearly out of market: quoted at 16¼@17c ⅌ ℔ for Ohio factory; New York Goshen 17@17½c; Sweitzer 17@18c ⅌ ℔; Limburger 12@14c. New cheese is active at 13¼@14½c for prime factory.

EGGS—There is a firm market with quotations steady at 15@16c ⅌ doz for strictly fresh.

FEATHERS—Are quoted as follows: No. 1 ⅌ ℔, 55@60c for round lots; 65@70c in a jobbing way; No. 2 ⅌ ℔, 20@50c, as to quality.

MAPLE SUGAR—Maple sugar is sold at 14c ⅌ ℔ for choice cakes; medium loose 12@12½c; maple syrup in gallon jugs $1 65@1 15 ⅌ gallon; in kegs $1 00@1 05; in barrels 95c@$1 00.

POTATOES—Receipts continue liberal and the market is easy. We quote at $1 10 ⅌ bushel for peachblows from store; Peerless $1 00 ⅌ bushel; other grades 95c@$1 00 ⅌ bushel. Sales on track were at 95c@$1 00 ⅌ bushel for peachblows, and 85@90c for Peerless. Early Rose sold at $4 00 ⅌ bbl in a jobbing way from store.

POULTRY—Live chickens are in moderate supply and may be quoted easy at 75@80c per pair.

PRESERVES AND DRIED FRUITS—We quote dried apples at 7½@8c ⅌ ℔; dried blackberries are quiet at 10@11c ⅌ ℔; dried peaches are firm at 10@10½c ⅌ ℔ for choice halves Honey is in good supply at 24@26c ⅌ ℔ for clover: buckwheat blossom 23c ⅌ ℔. Medium pickles are quoted at $9 00 ⅌ barrel; $5 00 ⅌ half barrel.

STRAWBERRIES—The appearance of strawberries in market to-day was greeted by a fair demand. Quotations were at 25@35c per box, as to condition.

VEGETABLES—We quote green peas at $6 50 ⅌ barrel. Onions are quoted at 25@30c per dozen bunches; Bermuda onions in boxes are jobbing at $2 00@2 25 per box. Radishes are selling at 25@30c per dozen bunches. Bermuda tomatoes ruled at $1 00 ⅌ box; $4 50 per crate. New Bermuda potatoes are quoted at $8 00@8 50 ⅌ barrel.

### Provisions.

BACON—We quote shoulders at 10c ⅌ ℔: rib sides are quoted at 13c; clear rib sides 13½c; clear sides 14c.

HAMS—We quote plain sugar cured at 13¾c ⅌ ℔: canvassed do 14c. Sugar cured shoulders at 11c ⅌ ℔; do canvassed 11¼c; breakfast bacon is quoted at 13¾c; do canvassed 14c; dried beef—sugar cured 15c; canvassed 15¼c; beef tongues, ⅌ dozen $7 00; ham sausage 10c.

MESS PORK—There is an easier feeling. We quote at $23 50 per bbl.

LARD—The market is easier. We quote prime lard, refined, in tierces, ⅌ ℔, 16¼c: half bbls do 16¾c; in buckets, 17¼c; in 5-℔ caddies, 18c; in 5-℔ caddies do, 17¾c; in 3-℔ pails do, 18¼c; in 5-℔ do, 18¼c; in 6-℔ do, 18c.

LARD OIL—We quote extra No. 1 winter strained at $1 18 ⅌ gallon; extra do $1 13; No. 1 do 98c; No. 2, 85c.

TALLOW—Sales at 8¾@9c ⅌ ℔ for choice, and 8@8¼c for medium.

The New York *Bulletin* gives the following statement of the production and export of lard during the past seven years:

| | Western winter packing. Tierces. | Exports, 12 mos. Tierces. |
|---|---|---|
| 1868 | 252,030 | 177,200 |
| 1869 | 252,590 | 111,180 |
| 1870 | 262,210 | 107,780 |
| 1871 | 464,100 | 371,640 |
| 1872 | 592,500 | 643,290 |
| 1873 | 677,640 | 734,054 |
| 1874 | 598,270 | 574,440 |

It will be seen that the export trade has grown with great rapidity, having attained its height in 1873, when the exports reached 734,054 tierces. The exports both in 1872 and 1873 exceeded the total Western winter packing. To supply the total home consumption and this great foreign demand, we have had a large increase in the production on the seaboard and of summer packing at the West.

### Groceries.

Business to-day was only moderately active. There was a fair jobbing trade. The market for standard groceries contains no marked features not previously noted, and quotations are unchanged as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Green Coffees.* ⅌ ℔. | | *Sugars.* | |
| Fancy Rio | 24½c | Standard A | 10½c |
| Choice Rio | 23½c | Standard B | 10⅜c |
| Prime Rio | 22 c | do extra C | 10¼c |
| Good Rio | 20 c | Extra C—yellow | 9⅝c |
| Java | 35 c | Extra B—yellow | 9¾c |
| *Roasted Coffees.* | | Extra C—white | 10 c |
| Rio, in papers | 27½c | New Orleans | 8½@9½c |
| Rio, in bulk | 27 c | Cut loaf | 12⅝@12¾c |
| Java, in papers | 40 c | Crushed | 11¾c |
| Java, in bulk | 39½c | Powdered | 11¾c |
| *Teas.* | | Granulated | 11½c |
| Young Hyson | 50c@$1 00 | *Molasses.* ⅌ gal. | |
| Gunpowder | 50c@ 1 25 | Strictly ch'c N.O | 72@75c |
| Imperial | 50c@ 1 00 | Prime | 70c |
| Japan | 55c@ 1 00 | Good | 68c |
| Oolong | 25c@ 85 | *Syrups.* | |
| Fancy | 1 00 | Ex. white drips | 75c |
| Souchong | 25c@ 85 | Sugar drips | 65c |
| *Rice.* | | Lower grades | 45@60c |
| Choice Carol'a | 8¼@8½c | *Starch.* ⅌ ℔ | |
| Patna | 7¼@8 c | Pearl | 5¼c |
| Rangoon | 7¼@7½c | Silver gloss | 9¾c |
| *Spices.* | | Corn | 10½c |
| Cloves | 55 c | *Raisins.* | |
| All-spice | 17¼@18¼c | Layers, ℔ bx | $3 00 |
| Cassia | 33 @35 c | Valencias, ⅌ ℔ | 12 c |
| Nutmegs | $1 35@1 40 | Currants, ⅌ ℔ | 7½c |
| Pepper | 26 @27 c | Prunes | 9½@12 c |
| *Candles.* | | *Soaps.* | |
| Star, full weight | 18½c | Irish soap ⅌ bx | $4 50 |
| Stearine | 16 c | Babbitt's best ⅌ bx | 7 00 |
| *Soda.* | | Do. N.Y. City ⅌ ℔ | 9¼c |
| Bi-carb, in 10-℔ pkgs | 6c | German mottled | 7 c |
| Bi-carb, in ℔ papers | 7c | | |

TOBACCO—There is a good market, with a moderately active demand. We quote:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Manufactured—* | | Six Twist | 43@65c |
| Spun roll | 60@63c | Smoking—Granulated | 50@75c |
| Black Navy | 35@58c | *Leaf Tobacco—* | |
| Black Tens | 57@60c | Western leaf— | |
| Louisville Navy | 63@68c | Wrappers | 18@25c |
| Louisville Cav | 68@70c | West'n le'f—lugs | 9@12c |
| Virginia Navy | 58@63c | Ohio Seed wrap'r | 20@25c |
| Virginia Tens | 58@64c | Ohio seed filler | 9@12c |
| Virginia Cav | 59@64c | Conn. (choice) | |
| Double Thick | 63@68c | wrapper | 60@70c |
| Flounders | 63@85c | Conn. filler | 10@15c |
| Bright pounds | 63c@$1 | Havana wr'p's | $125@250 |
| Black Quarters | 57@60c | Havana fillers | $ 95@125 |
| Rough & Ready | 65@85c | *Cigars—* | |
| Fine Cut plugs | 70@80c | Penn'a Seed | $15@20 |
| Fine Cut | 55@90c | Connecticut | 25@30 |
| Cut and Dry | 33@42c | Seed & Havana | 30@35 |
| Scotch Snuff | 65@75c | Havana | 60@150 |
| Black Snuff | 60@85c | | |

FISH—There is a good demand with steady prices as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1 extra mess mackerel, ⅌ bbl | $22 00 | Large do ⅌ 100 | 6 50 |
| No. 1 mess | 21 00 | Boneless codfish ⅌ ℔ | 7@7½ |
| Extra No. 1 shore | 18 00 | White fish, ⅌ half bbl | $6 25 |
| Extra No. 1 bay | 13 00 | Lake herring, do | 4 75 |
| No. 1 shore | 13 00 | Lake trout do | 5 75 |
| Extra No. 2 | 11 00 | Labrador herring, ⅌ bbl | $7 00@7 50 |
| No. 2 bay | 11 00 | Potomac do ⅌ bbl | 7 00 |
| New No. 3 | 9 50 | Round do | $6 25@6 75 |
| Georges codfish, medium, ⅌ 100 | 6 00 | Bloaters ⅌ bx | 2 25 |
| Large do ⅌ 100 | 6 50 | | |

### Petroleum.

MAY 24.—The oil market was dull to-day at unchanged prices from those noted in our last report. The movement is steady, the receipts of crude being somewhat increased, while the shipments of refined oil to the seaboard are fully up to the average.

CRUDE—We quote United at wells at $1 07½@1 10; Union do $1 06@1 07½; outside lines $1 00@1 05; immediate shipment $1 30@1 35. The sales at Parkers are reported at 5,000 barrels and 1,000 barrels at other points.

REFINED—There continues to be a very quiet market with a trifle firmer feeling reported from New York. There does not seem to be much tendency toward higher prices here at present, and quotations are weak and somewhat depressed at 9⅝@9¾c for standard white on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad; 9½@9⅝c on the Pennsylvania Railroad. New York delivery is quoted at 12⅜@12½c for spot and May; 12⅝@12¾c for June. Philadelphia rules at 12c for spot; 12¼c for early June Prompt delivery at Baltimore is quoted at 11⅞c.

The following shows the amount of petroleum moving out to European ports at New York and Philadelphia at latest dates:

NEW YORK, May 22, 1875—P. M.

| | Ref., bbls. | Ref., cases. | Cr'd, bbls. | Nap. bbls. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Capacity of vessels on berth loading petroleum | 132,800 | 73,500 | 2,100 | 2,600 |
| Amount on board | 23,400 | 11,000 | .... | 2,300 |
| Required to fill | 109,400 | 62,500 | 2,100 | 300 |

PHILADELPHIA, May 21, 1875—P. M.

| | Ref., bbls. | Ref., cases. | Cr'd, bbls. | Nap. bbls. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Capacity of vessels on berth loading petroleum | 93,300 | 52,000 | 6,100 | .... |
| Amount on board | 3,200 | 3,600 | 3,100 | .... |
| Required to fill | 85,200 | 48,400 | 3,000 | .... |
| Stock on hand May 15 about | 38,500 | | | |

At Baltimore there was, on May 21, a capacity on berth of 32,100 barrels refined oil, with 3,800 barrels on board, leaving 28,200 barrels required to fill.

A Philadelphia correspondent of the New York *Tribune* furnishes the following statements of some of the recent events in oil circles which are intended to put a different face on the question. We give the statements for what they are worth:

"The refusal of some of the pipe companies to deliver oil to barges on the Allegheny river was occasioned by their belief that their interests would be better subserved by shipping exclusively by rail. River transportation is available only during a small portion of the year, the Allegheny being frozen or dry most of the time. The employment of barges at irregular intervals produces considerable fluctuation in the price of oil, by reason of the temporary increase in transportation facilities which they offer. Such of the pipe lines as determined to abandon their river termini and cease delivering to the barges have been obliged to recede from their position by threats of litigation on the part of the barge companies which had contracts with them. Their original action is now admitted to have been a blunder.

"The pipe lines are not owned in large part, as stated, by railroad managers. Few, if any, railroad men are concerned in them. Vanderbilt has had the reputation of being a large stockholder in certain lines, but it is doubtful whether he has any interest in them. A great deal of the pipe stock is in the hands of oil producers. The form of contract between the pipe companies and the Pennsylvania, Erie and New York Central railroads was never signed, and therefore never went into effect. The three roads named did, as stated, make a combination with one another to restore the freight rates that had existed prior to December, 1873, and stop the cut-throat competition which they had been engaged in since that time, but the new arrangement lasted only until March. During that month the lowest price ever known prevailed, and by the 1st of April the combination was fairly broken up. The cause of the difficulty between the new pipe line called the Atlantic Line and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, which prevents the former from shipping its oil, is said to be the refusal of the railroad company to recognize the Sligo branch, with which the Atlantic pipes connect, as a part of its road. This branch was built by the late President of the road, now dead, without the consent of the directors, and now the Board refuse to recognize or operate it, and have made a claim against the estate of the President for the money he expended in constructing it."

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, May 24.—The *Courier* says: There was no activity in the market on Saturday worthy of note. United opened at $1 11¾ and declined to $1 07½, rallied somewhat in the evening, and closed at $1 10. Sales:

| | |
|---|---|
| 500 bbls, Upper road | $1 32¼ |
| 500 bbls, Oil City | 1 31¼ |
| 1,000 bbls, River, United, at wells | 1 11¼ |
| 1,000 bbls, River, United, at wells | 1 07½ |
| 1,000 bbls, River, United, at wells | 1 10 |
| 2,000 bbls, River, immediate | 1 32¼ |

NEW YORK, May 24, closing 22.—Crude in bulk is more active; sales are 4,000 bbls for June delivery at 6c, and 25,000 bbls refined for prompt delivery at 12½c. Crude in bulk is quoted at 6c for prompt delivery, and 6⅛c for June; do in shipping order 9⅛@9¼c for prompt, and 9¼c for June. Refined is quoted at 12⅛@12¼c for prompt, and 12⅜@12½c for June; refined in cases is quoted at 17@19½c; naptha at 9@9¼c. Refined at Philadelphia is quoted at 12c for spot, and 12¼c for the fore part of June. Sales are 2,500 bbls for prompt delivery at 12c. Refined at Baltimore is quoted at 11¾@12c.

TITUSVILLE, May 24.—Market quiet at $1 30.

OIL CITY, May 24.—Market firm at $1 35.

ROUSEVILLE, May 24.—Market quiet with nothing doing; held at about $1 25.

TIDIOUTE, May 24.—Market dull at $1 00 at wells.

PARKERS, May 24.—Market very quiet; United $1 07½ bid, $1 10 asked; shipment $1 32½ bid, $1 35 asked.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—Market quiet; standard white, 12@12¼c; crude, 5½c; cases, 15c. No sales.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. R. R.

May 21.

| Shipper. | Consignee. | Bbls. |
|---|---|---|
| J Bushnell | Brilliant O W | 2,588 |
| J Bushnell | Model O W | 1,605 |
| G M Robinson | Cochran | 875 |
| B S Duncan | Bly O W | 160 |
| Total | | 5,291 |

May 22.

| Shipper. | Consignee. | Bbls. |
|---|---|---|
| J Bushnell | Brilliant O W | 2,436 |
| J Bushnell | Crystal O W | 858 |
| Taft & Pume | Empire O W | 148 |
| C C Beggs | Loomis & Co | 95 |
| O J Greer | Sunbeam O W | 80 |
| G M Robinson | Cochran | 74 |
| Total | | 3,691 |

## LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

### Union Drove Yards, Allegheny.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, May 24, 1875.

The number of cattle on sale to day footed up within a fraction of that of last week, being some 650 head, comprising good, bad and indifferent. There was a wide margin between the views of buyers and sellers, the former contending that there was no money in cattle at the prices demanded, while on the other hand sellers said that at the prices paid for the cattle in the West, they would lose money to sell at lower prices than those they asked. The result was a slow and uncertain market, local butchers buying only in sufficient quantities to meet the demand of their trade. When we left the yards quite a number of cattle were unsold, nor was it likely they would find purchasers to-morrow. We may add the rulings of the market were about the same as those of last week.

It will be seen by the table annexed, giving the receipts of cattle by rail, that J. Needy is credited with three cars from East Liberty. These cattle, 50 head, were shipped over the Pan Handle Railroad and billed for the Union Stock Yards, but for some cause or other found their way to the Central Stock Yards on Saturday evening, and hence had to be carried back to the Union Yards this morning. The secret is that from some cause or other the Pan Handle cars are not allowed to deliver freight at the Union Stock Yards, though shipped for that destination. Why are things thusly?

The run of hogs was so light that we scarcely feel like mentioning it. There were about one hundred received by rail and a very few driven in from the country. All told the number on sale would not reach 125 head. Owing to the continued warm weather and the prospect for more of the same sort, the demand for fresh pork has fallen off considerably, and should present prices continue to rule, it will become a rarity.

The run of sheep was in excess of that of last week, being from 600 to 700 head. The prices were a shade lower than those of last week, the very best tops, averaging 155 ℔s, bringing $5 50. There was an unusual number of ordinary sheep on sale which were principally sold by the head, ranging in price from $2 00 to $5 00 per head. Lambs were scarce and usually light, bringing from $2 00@3 00.

The supply of milch cows was light in comparison with previous days, consequently the holders put the figures up. We are cognizant of of one sale of a cow and calf for the sum of $75 00. This was an outside price, the ruling rates being from $35 00@60 00, as to quality and condition.

### Stock Received by Rail.

Following are the receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep by rail, as taken from the books of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway:

CATTLE.

| Consignees. | Where from. | Cars. | Head. |
|---|---|---|---|
| W. Carson | Chicago | 1 | 24 |
| J. S. Carson | Chicago | 1 | 22 |
| Lowenstein & Z | Chicago | 2 | 39 |
| Arnold & Wolf | Chicago | 1 | 19 |
| Smith & M | Chicago | 1 | 18 |
| R. Rothchild | Chicago | 1 | 18 |
| Marks & Bro | Chicago | 3 | 52 |
| Mandle & H | Chicago | 1 | 18 |
| Rothchild & Bro | Chicago | 1 | 18 |
| J. Shamberg | Chicago | 2 | 37 |
| Keefer & L | Chicago | 3 | 53 |
| Krause & L | Chicago | 1 | 18 |
| Hartman & M | Chicago | 1 | 21 |
| Haas & M | Chicago | 1 | 19 |
| A. Greenwald | Chicago | 3 | 53 |
| Smith & V | Chicago | 1 | 18 |
| Shamberg & H | Chicago | 1 | 17 |
| L. Keifer | Chicago | 1 | 16 |
| J. Lobeman | Chicago | 1 | 16 |
| M. Weil | Chicago | 1 | 14 |
| W. Moonschine | Chicago | 1 | 16 |
| J. F. Beilstein | Chicago | 1 | 16 |
| J. Hunter | Chicago | 1 | 17 |
| E. Katz | Chicago | 1 | 18 |
| B. S. Trauerman | Chicago | 2 | 36 |
| J. Needy | East Liberty | 3 | 50 |
| Total this week | | 37 | 664 |
| HOGS. | | | |
| J. Hirschenroder | Chicago | 1 | 94 |
| SHEEP. | | | |
| R. McCaslin | New Castle | 1 | 105 |

### The Market.

When we left the yards a number of dealers had not closed out their ventures entire; hence we do not give the name of those selling stock to-day. We cannot, however, refrain from mentioning the fact that R. McCaslin disposed of 40 head Lawrence county sheep, averaging 155 lbs, to G. Harrisonn, at $ 5 50.

As before stated, lambs suitable for the market were scarce and sold slowly at prices mentioned below.

The following were the ruling prices as near as we could collate them to-day, from which it will be seen that they do not differ materially from those of last week.

CATTLE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Choice butchers' stock 1,400 to 1,500 lbs | $7 25@7 50 |
| Good butchers' stock 1,200 to 1,300 lbs. | 6 50@6 90 |
| Fair butchers' stock 1,100 to 1,200 lbs. | 6 00@5 50 |
| Bulls 1,000 to 1,700 lbs. | 5 00@5 15 |
| Calves | 5 50@6 50 |
| HOGS. | |
| Choice, fat and smooth, 200 to 250 lbs. | $8 25@8 75 |
| Good butchers' stock | 8 00@8 50 |
| Medium, 170 to 200 lbs | 7 00@7 50 |
| SHEEP. | |
| Choice, 140 to 150 ℔s | $6 45@6 50 |
| Choice, 100 to 110 ℔s | 4 50@4 75 |
| Per head | 2 00@5 00 |
| Lambs per head | 2 00@4 00 |
| MILCH COWS. | |
| Choice milkers with calves | $55 00@75 00 |
| Good milkers with calves | 45 00@55 00 |
| Fair milkers | 40 00@45 00 |
| Common to medium | 30 00@40 00 |

STOCKERS.

There was considerable inquiry for stockers to-day by the farmers of the surrounding country, but for the most part the proper quality of stock was not to be had. This action on the part of our thrifty farmers is evidence that they do not take stock in the report that the Western grasshoppers are on their way East to devour the grass crop.

[By Associated Press.]

### New York.

NEW YORK, May 24.—Beeves—Fresh offerings 3,940 head, making 8,430 head for the week, against 6,050 head last week. Market slow with a downward tendency; prime and extra steers retailed at former quotations, $12 75@13 25; ordinary to good steers, part stillers, part Texans, ranged from $10 75@12 50. Dealers rated the market 25c lower than last Monday. Sales include 9 cars Illinois steers, 7¾ cwt, $12 00@12 75; 4 cars do, 6 cwt, $11 25; 2 cars do, 6 cwt, $11 00; 2 cars do, 6¼ cwt, $11 25; 6 cars do, 6¾ cwt, $11 50@12 00; 8 cars do, 7¾ cwt, $12 00@13 25; 4 cars do, 8¼ cwt, $12 50@13 25; 5 cars do, 8¾ cwt, $13 00@13 50; 1 car do, 9 cwt, $13 50; 10 cars do, 6¾ cwt, $11 75; 4 cars do, 6¾ cwt, $11 50; 10 cars do, 7¼ cwt, $12 75; 11 cars do, 7 cwt, $10 75; 2 cars do, 5¼ cwt, $11 00; 5 cars do, 5¾ cwt, $11 00@11 25; 8 cars do, 6¼ cwt, $11 00, and 13 cars Ohio stillers, 6¾ cwt, $11 50@12 25.

Sheep—Receipts yesterday and to-day 4,620 head, making 14,820 head for the week, against 16,900 head last week. Sales rather slow at $5 00@6 25; for clipped sheep, $6 50@7 75 for unshorn; and $10 50@14 00 for spring lambs. Among the sales were 2 cars clipped Ohio sheep, 97 ℔s, $6 00; 2 cars do, 98 ℔s, $6 25; 2 cars do, 99 ℔s, $6 00; 1 car, 87 ℔s, $5 87½; 1 car do, 92 ℔s, $5 87½; 1 car do, 84 ℔s, $5 12½; 2 cars clipped Indiana, 109 ℔s, $5 82½; 1 car Pennsylvania lams, 55 ℔s, $12 00, and 1 car Kentucky do, 56 ℔s, $11 50.

Swine—Receipts since Saturday 14,530 head, making 29,450 head for the week, against 40,130 head last week. None offered alive. Dressed lower; closed at $9 50.

### Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 24.—Cattle—Receipts since Saturday 5,000 head. Market fairly active but rather easier; fair to good steers $5 00@6 00; stockers and butchers' $3 25@5 00; choice steers $6 10@6 25. Shipments 2,200 head.

Hogs—Receipts 14,000 head. Market weak and 10c lower under heavy receipts; fairly active at the decline for poor to extra at $7 00@8 60; chiefly at $7 25@7 40 for light; $7 25@7 75 for heavy. Shipments 5,600 head.

Sheep—Receipts 500 head. Scarce and nominally $3 00@5 50 for shorn; $5 50@6 75 for unshorn.

### Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—Cattle — Market moderately active this week and prices steady; 2,100 head arrived and sold at $7 50@8 00 for extra Pennsylvania and Western steers; $6 25@7 00 for fair to good do; $5 00@6 00 for common.

Sheep—Dull; 10,000 head arrived and sold at $5 00@6 00.

Hogs—Dull; 4,000 head sold at $11 50@12 25.

### St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 24.—Hogs higher; shippers $6 50@7 00; bacon $7 25; good to choice $7 65@8 00. Cattle firm for common to medium Texans; sales of good natives at $5 70@5 00; medium to fair $3 75@4 25.

### Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 24.—Hogs quiet; common $6 37½@7 00 fair to medium $7 25@7 50; good $7 65@7 85.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

## PRODUCE.

### Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 24, 1875.

FLOUR—Firm; spring extra, $4 25@5 00.

GRAIN—Wheat active, panicky and lower; No. 1 spring $1 00@1 00¼; No. 2, fresh 95¼c; regular, 95c spot; 95¼@95¾c, seller June; 98¾c seller July; No. 3, 92¼@93¼c; rejected 88c. Corn panicky, active, weak and lower; No. 2 mixed and regular, 64½c spot; 65c seller June; 69c seller July; rejected 60c spot; 60¼c seller June; 58c seller July. Rye, demand active and prices advanced; No. 1 $1 06. Barley dull and unsettled; No. 2 $1 35@1 36 spot; $1 02@1 05 sellers May.

PROVISIONS—Pork dull and unsettled at $20 30 spot; $20 45 seller July; $20 67½ sellers August. Lard dull, nominal and lower at 14¾c spot or seller June; 14.95@14.97½c seller July. Bulkmeats dull and nominal; shoulders 8¼c; short rib middle 11½c; short clear 11¾c.

WHISKY—Steady with a moderate demand; $1 17.

LATEST—On Call Board this afternoon wheat was lower; 95¼c June; 98¾c July. Corn easy; 64¾c June; 69c July. Oats weak and lower; 59¾c June; 57c July. Pork lower; $20 10 June; $20 35 July; $20 60 August. Lard 5c lower.

### New York.

NEW YORK, May 24.—Flour dull; receipts 12,000 barrels; superfine Western and State $4 85@5 00; common to good $5 05@5 35; good to choice $5 15@5 75; white wheat extra $5 75; extra Ohio $5 10@6 65; St. Louis $5 35@8 00. Rye flour firm at $4 40@5 50. Cornmeal easier at $3 75@4 25. Wheat in limited demand: No. 2 Chicago $1 15; No. 2 Milwaukee $1 15½@1 17; No. 2 Minnesota $1 17@1 17½; amber Western $1 39@1 41. Rye quiet at $1 05@1 10. Barley and malt quiet and steady. Corn heavy; receipts 180,000 bushels; mixed Western 75@77c; yellow 80@82½c. Oats heavy; mixed Western 74@75½c; white 75@78c. Hay heavy at 65@70c. Coffee very quiet at 16@18½c. Sugar dull; fair to good refining 8@8¼c; prime 8⅜c. Molasses dull and declining. Rice very quiet. Petroleum dull and nominal; refined 12c; crude 6c. Rosin dull at $1 90@2 05. Turpentine dull at 34½c. Pork lower at $21 50. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cutmeats dull. Middles quiet; long clear Western 12c; short do 12⅜c. Lard easier and lower; prime steam 15c. Cheese steady and in moderate demand at 7@12½c. Whisky quiet and unchanged in every respect.

### New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 24.—Flour firm; superfine $5 37½; treble extra $6 50@7 50; choice $7 75@7 87½. Corn easier at 90c, Oats lower at 75@76c. Bran dull at $1 12½@1 15. Hay dull; prime quoted at $25 00; choice $27 00@28 00. Coffee firmer; fair to prime 16¼@18¾c. Pork dull and heavy; repacked nominally $21 50; original package $22 00@22 62½. Dry salt meats dull at 9¼@9⅝@12@12¼c. Bacon dull; nominally 9¾@13⅜@13½c. Lard dull and nominal; refined tierce 15½c; keg 16c. Hams dull; choice sugar cured 13@13½c. Sugar quiet; inferior to common 6¾@8c; fair to fully fair 8¼@8⅝c; prime 9c; strictly prime 9¼c. Molasses jobbing—Common 40@45c; fair 50@55c; prime to choice 60@70c. Cornmeal firm at $4 60. Gold 116. Sight ⅜ premium. Sterling 565½.

### Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—Flour slow; Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota family $5 50@6 25; Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio $6 12½@6 50; high grades $7 00@8 25. Wheat—Red $1 38@1 40; amber $1 43; white $1 44½. Rye held at $1 10. Corn quiet at 84½@85c. Oats in limited demand; white 76c; mixed 73@73½c. Provisions steady. Pork $22 00. Beef hams 15@22½c. Lard 15@16c. Whisky held at $1 22. Petroleum nominal; refined 12c; crude 9c. Butter steady; New York and Bradford county, extra, 28@30c; firsts 23@24c; Western, extra, 23@24c. Cheese dull at 12@12½c. Eggs firm at 16½@17c.

### Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, May 24.—Flour very quiet; superfine $4 50@5 00; extra $5 25@5 50; family $5 75@7 00. Wheat dull; No. 1 Western amber $1 38@1 40; No. 2 $1 37; No. 1 red $1 37. Corn weak at 81c. Oats dull; white Western 74; mixed 73c. Rye dull at $1 15@1 18. Hay quiet at $18 00@26 00. Provisions dull. Pork weak at $21 00@22 00. Bulkmeats nominal; shoulders 9⅛@9¾c; clear rib 12⅞@13c. Hams 14¼@15½c. Lard dull, heavy and unchanged. Butter firmer; Western grass flavored 24@28c. Coffee firm at 16@18⅝c. Petroleum nominal; crude 5¾@6c. Whiskey nominally $1 22@1 23c.

### Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 24.—Cotton quiet and steady at 15¼c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet and weak; red $1 25@1 30. Corn dull and declined to 74@75c. Oats steady at 70@73c. Rye dull at $1 23@1 25. Barley dull and nominal. Linseed oil lower at 67c. Eggs firm at 15@16c. Butter and cheese—Demand fair and market firm. Pork dull and nominal at $21 50. Lard dull and nominal; steam 15c; kettle 15¼@15½c. Bulkmeats dull at 8¼@11.60@11.67½@12c. Bacon dull but unchanged at 9⅝@12¼@13c. Whisky steady and in moderate demand at $1 15.

### Toledo.

TOLEDO, May 24.—Flour steady and in moderate demand. Wheat 2@3c lower, closing steady; No. 1 white Michigan $1 27; amber $1 25; seller June $1 25¼; seller July $1 26½c; seller August $1 25; No. 2 red $1 25½; seller July $1 26¼. Corn 2@3c lower, closing steady; high mixed 71½c cash and seller May; seller June 71½c; seller July 73c; seller August 74¾c; low mixed 70c; no grade 69c. Oats dull and prices are nominal.

### Nashville.

NASHVILLE, May 24.—Cotton quiet at 13¾@14¼c. Flour quiet at $5 00@6 50. Wheat steady at $1 30. Corn steady at 90c. Oats steady at 75c. Provisions steady. Lard 16¼@16½c. Bacon steady; shoulders 10@10½c; clear rib 13⅜c; clear 14@14¼c. Bulkmeats firm; shoulders 9c; sides 12½@13c. Sugar cured hams 14c, all packed. Whisky—Demand fair and market firm at $1 20.

### Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 24.—Cotton dull at 15⅜c. Flour and wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn nominal at 79@80c. Oats nominal at 70c. Rye quiet at $1 20. Provisions firm. Pork nominal at $22 00. Bulkmeats 8⅝@11¼@12⅝c, loose. Bacon 9⅝@12⅞@13⅝c. Sugar cured hams 13⅞@14c. Lard—Prime steam 15½c; tierce 16c; keg 16½c. Whisky $1 15.

### Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 24.—Flour steady at $3 75@6 75. Wheat steady; amber $1 25@1 30; white $1 25@1 35. Corn steady and in moderate demand; ear 66@68½c; shelled 71@72c. Oats steady and in moderate demand; mixed 68c; white 69c. Rye quiet at $1 20.

### Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, May 24.—Wheat dull and lower; No. 1 red offered at $1 30; No. 2 do $1 25. Corn dull and weak at 77@78 for shelled; ear 74@75c. Oats quiet but steady; No. 1 State 70c; No. 2 do 68c. Petroleum steady; standard white, 110 degrees test, 10¾c; 150 degrees State test 11¼c, in car lots; in a small way 1@2c higher.

### St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 24—Cotton, flour, barley and rye quiet and unchanged. Corn dull at 65¾@66c. Oats firm at 65@66c. Whisky nominal at $1 20. Pork lower at $21 37½. Dry salt meats nominally unchanged. Bacon 9¾@9⅞@12¾@13@13¾@13½c. Lard dull at 15c.

### Boston.

BOSTON, May 24.—Flour dull; superfine Western $4 50@4 75; common extras $5 25@5 75, Wisconsin and Minnesota do $5 75@6 50; white wheat Ohio, Indiana and Michigan $6 25@7 00; Illinois 6 50@7 50; St. Louis $6 50@8 50; fancy Minnesota $7 00@8 75. Corn dull at 89@92c. Oats in fair demand; mixed and white 70@71c.

### Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, May 24.—Flour dull. Wheat weak; No. 1 Milwaukee 99¾c; No. 2, 96½c. Oats lower and in moderate demand; No. 2, in store, 60c. Corn lower; No. 2 mixed, in store, 67½@68c. Rye dull and nominally lower; No. 1, in store, $1 03. Barley less firm; No. 2 lower at $1 34.

### Detroit.

DETROIT, May 24.—Flour quiet at $6 25@6 35. Wheat dull; extra $1 26; No. 1, $1 25½; amber $1 25. Corn steady with a moderate demand at 76½c. Oats quiet at 66½c. Cloverseed $6 60@7 00.

### Oswego.

OSWEGO, May 24.—Wheat lower; No. 1 Milwaukee club $1 18. Corn lower at 85c.

## DRY GOODS.

### New York.

NEW YORK, May 24.—Business continues sluggish with commission houses and importers, and the jobbing trade is generally quiet. Cotton goods moving slowly at unchanged prices. Fruit of Loom shirtings firm at 13c. The late reduction was on cambrics only which are now 16c. Allen's shirting prints are reduced to 7½c. Desirable white ground fancy and light chocolate prints wanted at 9c.

## MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

### MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURES FROM NEW YORK.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Russia | May 26 | Liverpool. |
| Frisia | May 27 | Havre. |
| City of Brussels | May 29 | Liverpool. |
| Britannic | May 29 | Liverpool. |
| Ville de Paris | May 29 | Havre. |
| FROM PHILADELPHIA. | | |
| Abbottsford | May 27 | Liverpool |
| FROM BALTIMORE. | | |
| Hibernian | May 26 | Liverpool. |
| FROM BOSTON. | | |
| Parthia | May 29 | |

## RIVER TELEGRAMS.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE, PITTSBURGH, PA., May 24, 1875.

The following is the daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending 3 P. M:

| STATIONS. | ABOVE L'W WR' Ft. | In. | CHANGE — or † Ft. | In. | DIRECTION OF WIND. | STATE OF WEATHER |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 10 | 9 | —0 | 1 | N. | Fair. |
| Keokuk | 9 | 6 | —0 | 2 | S. | Clear. |
| Leavenw'th | 10 | 11 | †0 | 2 | S. | Fair. |
| Louisville | 6 | 5 | —0 | 3 | W. | Hy. rain. |
| Memphis | 18 | 9 | —0 | 9 | N. W. | Fair |
| Omaha | 7 | 11 | .. | .. | N. | Fair. |
| Pittsburgh | 3 | 8 | .. | .. | S. | Cloudy. |
| St. Louis | 17 | 6 | †0 | 4 | N. | Fair. |
| St. Paul | 8 | 4 | —0 | 2 | N. W. | Clear. |
| Vicksburg | 39 | 8 | —0 | 3 | Calm. | Fair. |
| Yankton | 11 | 8 | .. | .. | N. | Fair. |
| La Crosse | 6 | 2 | —0 | 3 | S. | Cloudy. |

### Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
BROWNSVILLE, PA., May 24, 1875.

River stationary; 6 feet 4 inches. Weather cloudy; thermometer 63 at 7 P. M.

### Greensboro.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
GREENSBORO, PA., May 24, 1875.

River falling, with 2 feet 8 inches in the channel. Weather cloudy.

### Morgantown.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
MORGANTOWN, W. VA., May 24, 1875.

River 1 foot 3 inches and stationary. Weather cloudy; thermometer 82.

### Steubenville.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
STEUBENVILLE, O., May 24, 1875.

River rising, with 4 feet in the channel. Weather warm, with heavy showers. Departed—Forest City, Wheeling. Passed up—Enterprise, Dexter and Jim Brown.

### Wheeling.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
WHEELING, W. VA., May 24, 1875.

Heavy rain this afternoon; now cloudy and warm. River 5 feet 3 inches and falling. Departed—Express, Parkersburg; J. W. Garrett and barges, St. Louis. Arrived—Andes and Exchange.

NASHVILLE, May 24.—River still falling; 4 feet 8 inches on shoals. Weather fair and warm. Arrived—Bransford, Point Isabel; Burkesville, Cairo. Departed—Burkesville, Cairo.

ST. LOUIS, May 24.—Arrived—Fayette, Peoria; City of Helena, Vicksburg; Bell St. Louis, Cambridge. Departed—Rob Roy, Keokuk; Fayette, Peoria; Wild Duck, Pittsburgh; Clinton, St. Paul; City of Chester, Memphis. River risen 5 inches. Weather very warm and partly cloudy.

LOUISVILLE, May 24.—River on a stand with 6 feet 10 inches in canal and 4 feet 10 inches in Indian chute. Slight rains during the day. Arrived—Fawn and H. S. Turner, Evansville. Departed—Fawn and H. S. Turner, Cincinnati. The Andy Baum had not arrived at 6 P. M.

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth Page

## RIVER NEWS.

### ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Geneva | M. A. Cox | Brownsville. |
| E. Bennett | Donaldson | Brownsville. |
| Elizabeth | Houghton | Elizabeth. |
| Exchange | Shuman | Cincinnati. |

Departed.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Geneva | M. A. Cox | Brownsville. |
| Elector | Abrams | Brownsville. |
| Elizabeth | Houghton | Elizabeth. |
| Salt Valley | Sanford | Ironton. |
| Mallie Ragon | Muhleman | Wheeling. |

MONONGAHELA—Three feet seven inches and falling.

### Boats Advertised for This Day.

| | |
|---|---|
| Brownsville and Geneva | 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. |
| Cincinnati | R. W. Skillinger. Russell, 4 P. M. |
| Zanesville | Carrie Brooks. Darlington, 3 P. M. |

THE marks last evening indicated three feet seven inches and falling. The weather was warm with showers in the evening. The Allegheny was rising at Oil City.

THE towboat Smoky City is at New Albany.

WHEN last heard from the John L. Rhoads was getting along finely.

BUSINESS on the landing at Cincinnati is reported to be improving.

THE towboat Charley Brown is loading coal at Louisville for Memphis.

THE Iron Mountain left Cairo for this city with four barges iron ore.

CAPTAIN AMBROSE, of the Burksville, is building a new boat at Paducah.

A ST. LOUIS company wants to purchase the steamer John L. Rhoads.

THE officers of the steamer Salt Valley will accept our thanks for favors.

THE hull of the Paragon has been taken on the St. Louis docks for repairs.

AS USUAL the steamer Salt Valley left for Ironton on time with a fair trip.

THE steamer Exchange, Captain Shuman, is due. She will return to Cincinnati.

THE Mallie Ragon, Captain Muhleman, left for Wheeling on time with a good trip.

THE popular packet Granite State, Captain Kerr, is *en route* for this city. She will leave as advertised.

THE steamer Clara Scott, that sunk in the Kanawha, was insured in the Etna and Eureka offices, Cincinnati, for $2,000 each.

THE new iron snagboat O. G. Wagner, belonging to the United States Engineer's Department, has left St. Louis for the field of her future labors.

THE weather is getting warm. Now is the time to take a trip on the slackwater. Fare cheap, good living and delightful company. The packets leave daily at 8 A. M. and 4 P.M.

THE first-class packet Mollie Ebert, Captain Batchelor, is receiving for St. Louis, Galena, Dubuque, St. Paul and way points. She will have quick dispatch and offers the very best of accommodations to passengers and shippers.

THE ever punctual packet Carrie Brooks, Capt. Darlington, takes her departure this day at 3 P. M. for Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville. This boat has superior accommodations and is in charge of careful and very obliging officers. The clerks are Messrs. Buchanan and Pitman, a pretty strong team.

THE punctual A No. 1 packet R. W. Skillinger, Captain Russell, cuts loose for Cincinnati, Louisville and way points this day at 4 P. M. Passengers and shippers can rely on this. Our clever friend C. B. Russell, will be found doing the financiering, and seeing that passengers have the best of attention. Don't forget the Skillinger.

WE had the pleasure yesterday of meeting our old friend J. D. Young, for many years employed as clerk on some of our best boats. He has left the river and is now one of the business managers of the Hemingray Glass Company of Cincinnati. His numerous friends will be pleased to know that he is in the enjoyment of excellent health, he is an honorable, upright gentleman and is bound to succeed.

WHEN bridges are to be built over a navigable stream, they are all warranted not to obstruct navigation. They are to be high and wide enough for the largest class of boats —that's the talk before; but afterward you will find paragraphs like the following, taken from Saturday's Cincinnati *Enquirer*: Notwithstanding the low stage of water, the Thompson Dean was compelled to lower her chimneys before passing under the suspension bridge.

### How the Beacon Lights are Appreciated.

*To the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.:*

SIR—The undersigned, masters and pilots of steamers navigating the Western rivers, beg leave to express their high appreciation of the system of lights recently adopted by the Government on the rivers of the West. Among the benefits derived from their adoption, we find:

1. The timber growing on the banks of the river has heretofore afforded marks which enabled pilots to designate the channel and steady their boats; but as the country has become settled, the timber is being gradually cut off, and the "marks" removed. The lights are, therefore, of great value as a substitute.

2. During the low stages of the river, when a close adherence to the channel is imperative, boats were frequently obliged to lay up at night in consequence of the inability of the pilots to discern the marks, thus occasioning great delay and expense in navigation, which is entirely removed by the present system, the lights serving to designate the channel as clearly in a dark night as in daylight.

3. The lights have been as well kept since their establishment as could be expected, considering the extraordinary high winds that have prevailed during the past season, and may be regarded as a great protection to life and property.

Very respectfully, your obedient servants, W. Honshell, Superintendent C., P., B., S. & P. Packet Company; Richard M. Wade, Superintendent Cincinnati and Louisville U. S. Mail Line; E. B. Moore, master steamer Potomac; J. T. Campbell, master steamer Fleetwood; E. S. Morgan, master steamer Telegraph; J. A. Livesay, pilot steamer Telegraph; R. C. Brown, James Kelso, pilots steamer Gen. Buell; Samuel Hildreth, master steamer Gen. Buell; W. W. Turpin, Charles W. Williams, pilots steamer United States; A. S. Curtis, pilot steamer Hudson; Isaac Boughner, Sam. G. Moore, pilots steamer Potomac; Sam. Parker, pilot steamer Telegraph; F. A. Autenheimer, Secretary N. O. Pilots' Society; R. G. Shinkle, Secretary Cincinnati, St. Louis and Upper Ohio River Pilot's Association; F. Ford, Joe Gray, Allen M. Sutton, James Ford, J. R. Kirkpatrick, Wm. O. B. Stricker, James McDonough, Jos. S. Dobbs, Jas. M. Seeds, Geo. J. Cayton, W. J. Gosney, Sam. P. Jones, W. H. Dorsey, A. H. Handlan, pilots.

## RECEIPTS OF MERCHANDISE.

### Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

Walker, Cooper & Co, 38 bbls, 17 tcs, 26 bxs; H W Buffum & Co, 2 bxs bottles; M McWhinney & Co, 76 bdls spokes; J Herbert, Jr, & Co, 2 bbls tallow; Reymer & Bros, 37 bxs; Henderson & Bro, 1 bdl cans; C P Markle & Sons, 99 rolls paper, 111 bdls do; Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, 4 bxs bolts; C H Lewis & Co, 9 bbls eggs; G Koester, 1 box-nailer; Frauenheim & Vilsack, 64 kegs; J M Irvin & Co, 2 bags paper; J C Buffum & Co, 4 bxs bottles; Lyle, Barchfield & McC, 14 bdls spokes; J & J M Porter, 1 bbl and 1 bx sugar; W F Armstrong, 123 pcs iron pipe, 110 bdls do, 10 do sheet iron; A Fulton, Sons & Co, 15 pcs iron pipe; J Irwin & Co, 44 carboys; W J Steel & Co, 5 bbls potatoes; Myler Bros, 100 do flour; E H Myers & Co, 80 bbls lard; F W Jenkins, 524 bbls flour; Houck McCague & Co, 100 do; Godfrey & Clark, 16 bales rope; W Cooper & Co, 10 bbls fish, 10 hf bbls do, 21 bbls sugar; E Poerstel & Co, 13 pkgs pipe; Bakewell & Marthens, 6 bdls paper; J W Tim, 1 bx whips; Stevenson & F, 5 bdls paper; Aiken, Wallace & Pollock, 9 bxs potatoes; W & J B Anderson, 7 bbls fish, 4 hf do; J S Clark & Co, 50 bxs tomatoes; F McCoy, 5 bbls oysters; F Tobias, 1 bale; Lewis Benhauser, 2 bxs t ware; J D Thompson & Co, 5 cases matches; J Henderson & Bro, 10 bbls tar; T C Jenkins, 15 bbls fish, 50 cases jellies; J F Nichols, 5 cases matches; P H Hunker, 10 bbls sugar; Carter Bro & Co, 10 do; Ommert & Hoffield, 10 do; J A Renshaw & Co, 15 bags coffee; J Porterfield & Co, 5 tcs rice; H H Hamilton, 3 hhds soda ash; Ribley & Co, 8 casks do; Campbell, J & Co, 10 do do; Filbert & McDowell, 236 bbls comp'n; Lueffe Bros, 352 bbls sugar; Dilworth Bros, 428 do do; C H Lewis, 2 bales hops; S P Armstrong & Co, 15 cases canned goods; Wm Shore & Co, 10 do do; Kramer & Vogleson, 50 do; Dunlevy & Bro, 25 do; J S Patterson, 25 do; E & C Maginn, 100 do; Schlegel & Zeigler, 35 do; J H Lippincott, 25 do; J L Dunseath & Co, 25 do; Weisbrod & Walther, 25 do; J A Reed, 25 do; J S Clark & Co, 40 bbls sugar; Curry & Metzgar, 8 bbls fish; W & D Rinehart, 1 hhd tob; H Bogue & Son, 1 bx mdse; J S Clarke & Co, 45 cases canned goods; Brown, Colbourn & Co, 2 bbls potatoes, 1 bx do; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 4 bbls potatoes; Head, Carson & Co, 1 car do; J Fullerton & Son, 5 bxs pipes; Love & Co, 1 bx mdse; Stevenson & Foster, 2 bdls paper; Caldwell & Co, 50 bxs onions; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 15 do tomatoes; Spencer, McKay & Bro, 85 kgs, 7 bbls; J A Graff & Son, 1 car potatoes; Speer, C & Co, 3 cars sand; Wm McCully & Co, 1 bbl do; McAdams & Co, 1 do lime; J. Porterfield, 5 tcs rice.

### Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

S Ewart & Son, 1 case cans; Chas H Lewis & Co, 6 bbls eggs, 1 bbl tallow, 1 car potatoes, 100 bbls flour; Ernest & Hauch, 4 beer kegs; Armstrong, Fawcett, & McKelvy, 8 sks kegs; W P Townsend & Co; 24 kegs rivets, 1 csk do; Watt, Lang & Co, 1 car broom handles; Gallinger & Co, 19 bbls g ware; J H Lippincott, 2 do; Luebbe Bros, 160 bbls flour; T C Jenkins, 510 do; Bailey, Farrel & Co, 245 pigs lead; M McCullough Jr & Co, 25 bbls spirits; Voigt & McGraw, 2 barrels brandy; J McKay, 10 bbls spirits; Hussey, Wells & Co, 2 steel shafts; J W Morrison, 7 crates frames; Ph Rothleder, 12 hlf bbls beer, 16 qr do; Scobie, Reed & Smith, 15 bags seeds; P O Neill, 1 car stone; Graff, Bennett & Co, 2 do; Shoenberger, Blair & Co, 1 do fire brick; S & W H Martin, 15 bds windows; H J McCracken & Bro, 1 car hay; J Woodwell & Co, 21 cases handles; Hubbard, Lippincott & Bakewell, 10 cases handles; W C & J W Taylor, 1,115 nests bxs; Allen Kirkpatrick, 5 bxs cheese; Hussey, B & Co, 100 doz d hdls, 51 bdls 1 do; Fahnestock & Murray, 1 bx axes; Reese, Graff & Woods, 7 slabs steel; J H Loh & Co, 2 bbls eggs, 3 tubs butter; John A Finney, 1 bbl eggs; Lyle, Barchfield & McC, 8 bdls spokes; Barclay & Hought, 1 car bran; P Duff & Son, 3 bbls eggs, 1 keg butter; George Spaulding, 3 pumps, &c; Mills & Co, 2 bdls pots; H Gerwig & Son, 3 bales twine, 4 reels do; Knox, Kim & Co, 3 cars sand; Fannestock H & F, 11 sks kgs; W P Townsend & Co, 12 kegs rivets; R P Gordon, 1 bbl eggs, 2 crates do; Braden & Peabody, 14 bxs cheese; J T Gray, 1 bbl linseed oil; W E Schmertz & Co, 13 bdls leather, 1 bx shoes; Whitmyer & Co, 4 bdls sks; J H Loh & Co, 4 bbls eggs, 4 tubs butter; Reiseck & Bro, 1 iron safe; C Atwell, 12 pkgs tobc; J B Young & Co, 2 rolls, bxd; Davis, Chambers & Co, 20 sacks kegs; J Woodwell & Co, 4 cases hdls; H E Weimer & Bro, 2 do; S S Marvin, 2 do cans; Harrison & McCracken, 22 sks rags, 1 bdl sacks; Aiken, W & P, 12 bbls apples; Head, Carson & Co, 12 do; McCullough & Smith, 55 sks rags; B L Fahnestock, 7 bxs vessels; Steinmetz & Voeliger, 2 do bottles; N McIntire, 1 stove, lot hdware; Carter Bros, 33 bxs; H W Buffum & Co, 2 bxs bottles; J H Loh & Co, 1 bbl lard; Henry Rea, 4 do eggs; P Duff & Son, 200 pkgs washboards; D Wallace, 100 bbls flour; Shoenberger, Blair & Co, 2 cars limestone; Heinz, Noble & Co, 50 tcs pickles.

ELEVATOR.—M F Herron & Co, 3 cars corn; W G Miller, 1 do; Hitchcock, McC & Co, 4 do; M Meek, 1 do oats; Haworth & D, 1 do; C H Stinefeld, 1 do.

### Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway.

Voigt, M & Co, 10 bbls eggs; McCullough & Smith, 9 sks rags; W Flaccus & Son, 12 b hides, 2 bdls s skins, 2 bbls tallow; A J Cantan, 1 bbl scrap iron; Fairbanks, M & Co, 9 trucks; Maul & Grote, 8 cases tobacco; B C & J H Sawyer, 10 bxs candles, 5 hlf bxs do; R W Jenkinson, 40 pkgs tobacco; F Sellers & Co, 8 hlf casks shoulders; Walker, Cooper & Co, 25 tcs do; Thos McMichael, 42 sks corn, 269 sks oats; A Hahner; 1 bbl tallow, 2 s rins, 2 bundles beef hides; J Coffin & Co, 1 car clay; L G Graff & Co, 1 do bulk feed; T C Jenkins, 400 sks flour; F Sellers & Co, 100 tcs lard, 33 hf casks do; M M Fried & Co, 25 tcs hams; Jno Wilson Co, 10 pails tobacco; Pgh Tar & C Wks, 43 bbls c tar; Reese, Graff & Woods, 1 car steel ingots; N W Hussey, 1 box patterns; Dilworth Bros, 100 bxs ess coffee; J S M Scott, 25 bgs malt; T C Jenkins, 250 bbls flour.

### Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

H B Lewis, 1 car lumber; F Alden, 1 do g stone; J C Bidwell, 1 plow; Rappert & W, 1 refrigerator; A Caskey, 1 pe granite; G H Dasler, Knox, Kim & Co, 4 bbls b glass; Hartley, McK & Co, 4 bales rubber; A McClure & Co, 2 bxs brushes; Hill, W & Co, 1 do do; G A Kelley & Co, 14 do mdse; K A Shafe, 3 cases collet; S McElroy, 12 cases; W E Schmertz, 1 bx shoes; Joseph Fleming, 1 box; Head C & Co, 1 bbl eggs, 3 do apples; Houck & McCague, 40 bbls flour, 104 bags oats, 10 bags mill feed; F G Weise, 6 bdls rockers, 48 wood chairs, 24 cane do; C Witzell, 4 lounges; Witt, Lang & Co, 4 bbls o meal, 6 kegs do; Dilworth Bros, 25 kegs p barley; J Porterfield, 8 kegs o meal; S Ewart, 7 empty boxes; Jas H Loh & Co, 5 bbls apples.

### Allegheny Valley Railroad

A V R R Co, 8 cars rails; Isabella Fce Co, 1 car stone; Robinson, Rea & Co, 1 car mchy; A Reineman, 1 car lumber; Star Fire Brick Co, 4 cars fire brick; Braden & Peabody, 1 car cheese; C L Ice Co, 1 car ice; W J Baughman, 2 cars lime; W H Byram, 1 car lub oil; James Graham, 1 car potatoes; VanGorder & Shepard, 1 car do; R Dennis, 1 car do, 2 cars hay; O H Allerton, 1 car do; H J McCracken, 1 car do; Scott & Gisal, 1 car do; Harbeson & Walker, 1 car clay; Thos Coffin, 1 car do; Jas Callery & Co, 1 car bark; J L Ferson & Co, 1 car salt.

### Zanesville.

STEAMER CARRIE BROOKS—Pennsylvania Central Railroad, 2 hhds tobacco, 29 bbls eggs, 2 kgs butter; John J Petitt & Co, 7 bbls eggs, 4 cases do, 1 keg butter, 1 jar do, 2 coops chickens; Humphrey & Demsler, 2 coops chickens, 2 bxs eggs, 3 jars butter; McLaughlin Bros, 1 bx eggs, 1 tub do, 5 coops chickens; A Kinkead, 1 coop chickens; Porter, Donaldson & Co, 2 bxs sxnds; James Irwin, 559 feet lumber; J D Bernd & Co, 1 pkg mdse; S L Read & Son, 1 do; A Speer & Son, 1 steel plow; T C Jenkins, 150 bxs soap; Dilworth Bros, 50 do; Watt, Lang & Co, 50 do; P Duff & Son, 4 bbls beans; W E Schmertz & Co, 1 pkg shoes; Brown, Colbourn & Co, 1 bbl eggs, 1 bx do; Steamer Carrie Brooks, 1 cow and calf, 11 seks oats, 5 do corn, 3 bxs eggs; Geo West, 4 cows and 4 calves, 1 box eggs, 1 do butter; Mr. Witten, 1 fine stallion; Mr Oslin, 1 fine mare; Mr Winters, 1 fine horse, 3 colts, 3 calves; J J Follthofes, 1 bbl eggs, 1 sack sunds; Jacob Soffill, 20 bbls flour; F H Seghmyer, 50 do; Adams & Knox, 50 do; J D Clark & Co, 1 bbl eggs; H Rea, Jr, 1 bx do; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 8 bbls eggs, 3 firkins butter, 1 keg do, 3 bxs eggs, 1 bbl d apples, 1 do, 1 coop chickens; Jas H Loh & Co, 4 bxs eggs; E D Moore, 227 oil bbls; D Chesnut & Co, 7 rolls leather; M Brenan, 6 bbls beans, 1 bx eggs, 1 coop chickens; Reymer & Bro, 60 bxs stogies; Pittsburgh & Brownsville Packet Co, 4 hhds crockery ware.

### Receipts of Pig Metal, Blooms and Ore

The following are the receipts of pig metal, blooms and ore for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY.

| | Cars. | | Cars. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nimick & Co, m | 16 | Laughlin & Co, o | 8 |
| Caughey & H, m | 1 | Mullins & M, s i | 3 |
| Brown & Co, m | 1 | W Springer, s i | 2 |
| H Lloyd, Son & Co, m | 1 | Maloney & L, s i | 2 |
| Zug & Co, m | 5 | Reese, G & W, o | 5 |
| Reese, G & W, m | 4 | Brown & Co, b | 2 |
| Total | | | 50 |

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

| | Cars. | | Cars. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Everson, M & Co, m | 1 | A H Child, m | 2 |
| J C McDermot, s i | 1 | Dilworth, P & Co, m | 1 |
| Graff, B & Co, s i | 1 | Mullins & M, s i | 2 |
| Laughlin & Co, o | 4 | Brown & Co, o | 2 |
| P D Nicols, m | 2 | | |
| Total | | | 16 |

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

| | Cars. | | Cars. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Hussey, W & Co, o | 3 | Cambria I Wks, m | 3 |
| Total | | | 6 |

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

| | Cars. | | Cars. |
|---|---|---|---|
| J Moorhead, m | 1 | Pgh Bolt Co, m | 2 |
| Moorhead & Co, m | 6 | | |
| Total | | | 9 |

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

| | Cars. | | Cars. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Byers, McC & Co, m | 9 | Singer N & Co, s i | 1 |
| Caughey & H, m | 3 | Cambria Iron Co, s i | 11 |
| Total | | | 24 |

### Coal and Coke Receipts.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

| | Cars. | | Cars. |
|---|---|---|---|
| N Y & C G C Co | 64 | Sable Coal Co | 24 |
| Armstrong, D & Co | 38 | | |
| Total | | | 126 |

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

| | Cars. | | Cars. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Laughlin & Co, coke | 6 | Henderson & Co, c'k | 1 |
| P'gh Gas Co coal | 4 | Graff, B & Co, coke | 10 |
| Lloyd, Son & Co, co'l | 5 | J B Mulholland, c'k | 1 |
| Everson, M & Co, co'l | 6 | Byers, McC & Co, c'k | 1 |
| N J Bigley, coal | 7 | | |
| Total | | | 41 |

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

LAING & McKALLIP,
DEALERS IN
GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED,
Baled Hay, &c.
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
PHŒNIX, LOUISVILLE and ROSENDALE HYDRAULIC CEMENTS.
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SOLE AGENTS OF CELEBRATED
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SEED POTATOES.
EARLY ROSE,
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PEACHBLOWS,
For Seed or Table Use for sale in any quantity.

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LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. and 4 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 5 A. M. and 12 M.
For all Points on the Monongahela River.
The 8 A. M. Packet from Pittsburgh will connect at Monongahela City with the 11:15 train from Pittsburgh, on Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad. The 5:00 A. M. Packet from Brownsville connects at Monongahela City with 8:30 A. M. train, reaching Pittsburgh at 10:40 A. M.
STEAMER GENEVA........CAPT. M. A. COX
STEAMER ELECTOR........CAPT. R. R. ABRAMS
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN..CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKS
STEAMER E. BENNETT..CAPT. P. DONALDSON
For further particulars, inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No freight will be received after 5 o'clock.
A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.
R. R. ABRAMS, Superintendent.

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For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.
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THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER
GRANITE STATE,
W. H. KERR........Commander
B. H. KERR........Clerk
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON,
Wharf-boat, foot of Wood street.

IRONTON.
For Parkersburg, Gallipolis and Ironton
EVERY MONDAY—4 P. M.
Leaves Ironton Every Thursday—10 A. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER
SALT VALLEY,
T. S. SANFORD........Captain
E. F. MADDY........Clerk
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON,
Wharfboat, foot of Wood street.

ZANESVILLE.
For Marietta and Zanesville.
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THE FINE LIGHT DRAUGHT STEAMER
CARRIE BROOKS,
HARVEY DARLINGTON........Captain.
Will leave as announced.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
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Corner Wood and Water streets, or
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

PARKERSBURG.
For Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg.
EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY, AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER
MALLIE RAGON,
J. W. WILLIAMSON........Captain
H. C. CALDWELL........Clerk
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Wharfboat, foot of Wood street, or
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For Wheeling, Parkersburg, Pomeroy Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati and Louisville.
REGULAR TUESDAY PACKET—4 P. M.
THE ELEGANT PASSENGER STEAMER
R. W. SKILLINGER,
J. T. RUSSELL........Commander
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MOLLIE EBERT.
F. Y. BATCHELOR........Commander
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Will give through receipts for all Southern points.
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## CITY MATTERS.

FOR one dollar per month the DAILY COMMERCIAL will be mailed daily to travelers or to subscribers who are temporarily absent from Pittsburgh. The address of the paper will be changed as often as is desired.

### Local Observations.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, U. S. SIG. SERV.,
Room 23, First National Bank,
PITTSBURGH, PA., May 24, 1875.

| Time. | Bar. | Th'r. | Hum | Wind Dir. | Wind Force. | Weath. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7 A. M. | 29.862 | 68 | 64 | N. E. | Light. | Fair. |
| 2 P. M. | 29.686 | 81 | 31 | S. E. | Fresh. | Clear. |
| 9 P. M. | 29.788 | 67 | 74 | N. | G'ntle | Lt. rain. |

Mean barometer....29.807 | Highest thermom. 92
Mean thermometer.... 73 | Lowest thermom. 64
Rainfall .......... .18

### One Hundred Chests of Tea

Were received last week by Mr. D. M. Jenkins at the Old Tea House.

### Decoration Day.

The preparations for Decoration Day, in this city, are making gratifying progress, and there is now every prospect that the exercises will be more interesting and the day more generally observed than on any previous occasion since the inauguration of the beautiful and sacred custom.

### A Chicken Raid.

Mrs. Emma Kalkoff, who resides in the Thirty-first ward, retired to rest last Tuesday evening the possessor of thirty-two fine chickens that were safely housed in a coop in the yard. On Saturday morning Mrs. K. found every one of the feathery tribe missing! Not even a feather was left. During the night she had not heard a sound, so carefully had the robbery been committed.

### Allegheny Death Rate.

Dr. W. Cole, physician to the Allegheny Board of Health, makes the following mortuary report for the week ending Saturday, May 22d: Thymic ashma, 1; haematuria, 1; accident, 2; dropsy of heart, 1; typhoid fever, 1; pyemia, 1; pneumonia, 2; acute menengitis, 1; congestion of the brain, 1; unknown, 1; consumption, 1; still born, 3; premature birth, 2. Total number of deaths, 18; white, 16; colored, 2; males, 8; females, 10.

### Decoration Day in the East End.

McPherson Post, G. A. R., earnestly requests the citizens of the East End to make donations of cut and pot flowers for use on Decoration Day. Contributions should be left at the hall of the Post, Bown's Building, Penn avenue, on Friday afternoon. Contributions of money will also be accepted, and will be applied to the purchase of flowers. These contributions may be handed to Mr. S. Harvey, at his store on Penn avenue, or to any member of the Post.

### The Fire Department.

Chief Engineer Hamill is engaged in rearranging the city into districts for fire purposes, to be submitted to the Board of Fire Commissioners for approval. A change is made necessary for the reason that an additional company (Thirty-sixth ward) will go into service next month. It is also the intention of the Chief to so order that one engine company will remain in each district to respond to a second fire that may be announced while another is in progress. In connection with Captain Fullwood, Chief Hamill has prepared instructions regarding a regular drill daily by each company.

### Allegheny Health Committee.

The Health Committee of Allegheny Councils met last evening.

Dr. Cole, Health Physician, came before the committee and requested that some action be taken to remunerate him for his services. He submitted a proposition to attend all smallpox cases at the City Home for $1,000 a year.

After discussion the committee resolved to recommend to Councils the acceptance of the proposition.

The committee also decided to require the Workhouse authorities to pay $25 per week for each smallpox patient sent from that institution to the hospital of the Home.

The Clerk was instructed to obtain from the Controller information as to the condition of the appropriation for the Health Department.

Adjourned.

### The Knights Templar.

Extensive preparations have been made for the twenty-second annual conclave of Pennsylvania Knights Templar which commences in this city to-day. The members of the order have long been busily engaged in preparing for the event, and the visiting delegations will meet with a warm and hearty reception. In the business portion of the city decorations are already made, and in many places the Greek and the Maltese cross, together with banners, are displayed. At Fifth avenue and Grant street a streamer bears the inscription "In hoc signo vinces;" at Masonic Hall, Fifth avenue, another bearing the words "Magna est veritas et prevalebit;" at Wood street and Fifth avenue "Be thou faithful unto death," and on Wood street near Water street "Welcome to Pittsburgh." The visiting Knights will certainly be handsomely entertained.

### A Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. George Quaill, of Ross township, this county, celebrated their "Golden Wedding" Wednesday, the 19th inst., by a "family gathering," at their home. There were eight of their children present—four sons and four daughters, all that are now living; also two sons-in-law and one daughter-in-law,—one son-in-law and one daughter in-law being detained at their homes by sickness. Fifteen grandchildren sat at their table, only one being absent. Mr. Q's youngest sister, Mrs. Mary Eaken, of Beaver, was the only one present who was at their wedding, May 19, 1825. Mr. Quaill has lived in Ross township since 1809, and his wife was a daughter of Casper Reel, who settled in the township in 1794, and built the first log cabin on the north side of the Allegheny. In this cabin Mrs. Quaill was born, in 1803; was married on the same farm, and has resided on the adjoining farm, in the same house, ever since. Only three persons who were at the wedding are known now to be alive.

### Two Policemen Bricked.

About twelve o'clock last night officer John Bennett heard a commotion in Cherry alley, between Sixth avenue and Virgin alley, and upon going to the place from whence the noise proceeded, he found three men kicking in the door of Nora Wiseman's bagnio, in a court off the alley. The men disappeared before the officer could lay his hands upon them, but a moment after one of them came back and threw a brick, striking officer B. on the shoulder, injuring him severely. The man, after throwing the brick, ran into Virgin alley, and thence up to Grant street, where he concealed himself in a livery stable. Another officer saw him enter the stable, and followed and arrested him. He was brought down to the Central Station, where he was registered as Sam Zimmerman. Officer Bennett's injuries were of such a painful character that he was unable to go on duty again.

About seven o'clock last evening Officer McCann attempted to arrest some disorderly persons at the corner of Penn avenue and Fifteenth street, when one of them, named Jack O'Brian, threw a brick, which struck the officer in the breast. Assistance was called and O'Brian was lodged in the Central Station.

### The Alleged "Professionals."

The three men, Zerdam, Thomas and Palmer, who have for two weeks been incarcerated in jail, first on the charge of being professional thieves, and subsequently on an information charging them with entering a bank with intent to commit a felony, were brought before the Mayor yesterday for a hearing.

T. M. Marshall and C. C. Taylor, Esqs., appeared for the prisoners. Wm. Reardon, Esq., who was originally retained by the prisoners, was absent on account of illness.

Messrs. James Kinney and S. Jones, insurance agents, and Mr. S. F. Von Bonnhorst, secretary and treasurer of the People's Savings bank, were the only witnesses called, and their testimony was merely a repetition of that given by them in the "professional thieves" case.

Mr. Marshall said he would cite authority to show that no man could be convicted of a felonious intent unless he had used physical force, tending to show that he was about to commit a felony. He asked the Mayor to hold the case over until he could examine the law bearing upon the case.

The case was accordingly continued until nine o'clock this morning, and the prisoners were remanded to jail.

## PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

### Rose of Castile.

The scenes at the sale of seats, yesterday, for to-morrow evening's performance of the "Rose of Castile," were anything but creditable to those standing responsible to the public. A swarm of ticket speculators fairly took possession of the entrance to the Opera House, many of them having gone there early Sunday evening, and before the public had a chance to reach the ticket office, every good seat in the house had been "gobbled," to be sold to disappointed ones at an enormous advance. This thing should be stopped, if the Gounod Club desire to retain the favor they have honestly earned after much labor.

The house, of course, will be crowded: but it is a pity that people will give way to the leeches, and pay any price they choose for tickets procured by such questionable means.

### Trimble's Varieties Theater.

Miss Kate Raymond and Mr. O. B. Collins produced their sensation drama, "The Waifs of New York," before a full house, last evening, at Trimble's Varieties. The piece ran smoothly, and gave general satisfaction. The variety performers gave a very enjoyable olio. The same bill to-night.

## TRIAL OF ARMSTRONG AND GUESCETTI.

### Testimony for the Defense — What the Police Learned of the Condition of Affairs—Evidence as to the Peaceable and Quiet Character of the Italians, Etc.

The trial of C. H. Armstrong and Frederick Guescetti, for aggravated riot, was resumed before Judge Logan at Greensburg yesterday morning.

George Stideston testified that on the 22d of October last he was at Armstrong's station when the Italians came; they displayed bayonets out of the window and marched up to the tipple; saw a bullet hole in the meat shop fired from the Allegheny side.

Cross-examination— We were mining coal; would not go to work when notice was given.

Alexander Kilgore sworn—Was Sheriff of Westmoreland county last November; Armstrong called and said there might be trouble, and wanted deputy sheriffs sent; afterward sent Cline and Bowser; on the 24th received the following dispatch: "Take your deputies home; they are giving trouble;" Armstrong told me he wanted his property protected; that the men had struck and left.

THE DEFENSE.

The Commonwealth here rested, and Mr. Laird opened the case for the defense, after which the following testimony was heard:

EFFORTS TO SECURE PROTECTION.

John Y. Woods, sworn—Was District Attorney of Westmoreland county last October: on the 24th Mr. Armstrong came to my office, much excited, said his miners had been on a strike and he had discharged them; he wished to make an information against them for breaking open his store; he wanted the Sheriff to go over; I saw the Sheriff, told him of Armstrong's fears and he agreed to send Cline, but after seeing his counsel, who gave him advice, he declined to send a deputy: Mr. Armstrong then made an affidavit upon which the court granted a rule, and on the 23d took Cline with him—not as a deputy, but as a constable; Armstrong was much excited and he appeared to fear danger.

Cross-examination—Armstrong made an information against the parties for riot and breach of the peace, October 22, 1874; defendants claimed a hearing and were discharged, because Armstrong could not appear. [The affidavit and order of court, dated October 23d, were offered in evidence.]

THREATS AGAINST THE ITALIANS.

Findlay Power sworn—Reside seven miles from Armstrong's works; Saturday afternoon, before the Italians came, I went to West Newton with a load of lumber; overtook two men with arms; the other men with arms got into the wagon; they said that they expected the d—d Italians; two more men appeared, and they went down toward Buena Vista; I told them to go back home; the fifth man did but the others went on; the men were miners and two of them belonged to the miners' association; they threatened Armstrong, and said they would drive the Italians away dead or alive; the country was afraid of these old miners; they would steal; I lost seventeen head of sheep, and found the pelts in the field; I thought Armstrong's life was not safe; this was before the Italians came.

Thomas Roley, sworn—Was agent of the railroad company at Armstrong's station; Armstrong had 125 or 150 miners in his employ; they quit because he wanted coal weighed at the tipple; they turned out six weeks before the Italians came; large numbers of miners would be at trains looking for the Italians; Armstrong was afraid to bring the Italians in the evening and brought them at noon; the first firing was from Buena Vista; it was deemed prudent to send out pickets for protection; a dwelling of Mr. Armstrong's was set on fire by old miners who were moving out. Three of the Italians were killed—one on the track; sixty muskets were sent away before the fight.

OFFICERS' TESTIMONY.

Levi Cline sworn—Visited Connellsville with a warrant on the 22d of October before the Italians came; rode in the cars with them from Shaner's and saw them get off the cars peacably; they came on a special train to avoid an attack, and were armed to protect themselves; balls came into the shop Tuesday night from the other side of the river; on Friday night there was firing from the other side of the river, and Saturday night seven or eight shots were fired; November 6th there was heavy firing from the other side, and I telegraphed to Sheriff Killgore that it was impossible to keep the peace; Killgore was not at home, and telegraphed to Sheriff Hare; he replied that he had no power to send deputies, and was waiting on the Governor; I told Guescetti to put his guard out on November 6th; had been told that we were to be attacked that night; an attack was made and bullets fired into the houses; the heavy firing came from the opposite side of the river and some from the hill behind us; I saw Sheriff Hare and told him if he would manage his side I would manage the Italians; he said he had no power, but would send up deputies; two came on the 8th; they and 'Squire Gibson went over the river and came back and staid all night; men who came over from the other side of the river posted themselves above Armstrong's and fired down the railroad; Guescetti and his men did nothing more than I would have done; they were much excited and wanted to go over, but I told them not to—if they came over to give them a hearty welcome.

John Gibson was called, detailed the state of affairs at some length, and described the visit of the deputy sheriffs.

Edward Waner, a policeman, stated that one night when he was at Armstrong's several shots were fired from the Buena Vista side, and one shot came near him; firing always commenced on the Buena Vista side; the night of November 6th it commenced on that side and was kept up two or three hours; during the thirteen days I was there the Italians behaved as well as men could under the circumstances; Mr. Armstrong and Guescetti tried to prevent all unnecessary firing, and appeared anxious to have everything go on peaceably; I helped to put out the fire at two of Mr. Armstrong's houses; we noticed the houses on fire immediately after the old miners left them.

Cross-examination—Was sent to the place by order of Deputy Mayor McMasters, and was on the Westmoreland side.

David Stewart sworn—Was a policeman at Armstrong; was a regular policeman at Pittsburgh, and was sent out October 26th; the Italians behaved properly while I was there; the firing commenced from the Buena Vista side; there was firing the first three nights; the Italians were peacable and at work the day of election; they appeared inclined to be quiet and wanted to work; the second night I came near being shot myself; was down near the railroad talking with a miner and a shot whistled past; during the time I did not see any riotous conduct on the part of Mr. Armstrong and Guescetti; so far as I could discover Mr. Armstrong appeared desirous to have everything peaceable and quiet; heard a shot out of the baggage car at Shaner's station the day we went up, but supposed it to be an accidental one; on one Friday night was standing beside one of Guescetti's guards when a shot struck the butt end of his musket and knocked it out of his hand; the shot appeared to come from Vankirk's saw mill.

Cross-examined—Have been a policeman five years; a good many things constitute a riot; I might find you fighting on a street and arrest you.

PEACEABLE ITALIANS.

Patrick Brannon sworn—I heard the old miner's say that the Italians ought to be "cleaned out;" coming there to take the bread out of their mouths: the Italians behaved peaceably and quietly when they came to Armstrong's; the firing while I was there commenced from the Buena Vista side of the river; the Italians behaved better than the average of our people would under similar circumstances; we had Italians at work on the water works in Pittsburgh; they are very industrious, sometimes working an hour longer than the rest; never saw any of them drunk, and they are orderly and peaceable.

James Lattimore sworn—The miners quit work on account of the difficulty about weighing coal; the old miners had the privilege of going to work at three cents a bushel; heard one of the old miners say that Armstrong had better keep the Italians away, for there was more arms and ammunition in the country than he had ever known before.

Samuel McMinn testified at some length as to the disturbance at Armstrong's, and feeling of alarm and terror that existed in the vicinity. He said that there was great fear of the striking miners; never minded speaking to Mr. Bell about the Italians interfering with him.

John Brinton sworn—On the 4th of November was pit boss at Armstrong's; remained there until the 29th; the Italians conducted themselves very well; were industrious and sober; firing was commenced on the Buena Vista side of the river the night of the 6th; it continued two hours; it was some time before the fire was returned by the Italians; firing was commenced from up the river the night of the 8th; when Mr. Armstrong was there he slept at Guescutti's; the Sunday of the fight were attacked by a party that came down from the hill back of us, and fired volleys killing and wounding the Italians; the Italians ceased firing about a quarter past three o'clock, and did not return the fire.

Court adjourned.

### Military Reunion at Gettysburg.

The Twenty-eight and One hundred and forty-seventh Regiments Pennsylvania Volunteers, and Knap's Battery, will hold their reunion in Gettysburg, on the 3rd of July next. They will quarter at the Springs Hotel, and will hold a business meeting at 1 P. M. A banquet will take place at 7 P. M. It is expected that Governor Hartranft, Gens. Slocum, Ruger, Greene, Hooker and other prominent officers will be present. The Twenty-eight Regiment was recruited in 1861 by the late Governor Geary. Of the fifteen companies composing it, Company B. was organized in Westmoreland county, F. in Cambria, and Allegheny, and G. H. and L. in Allegheny. From surplus recruits a battery was formed and attached to the regiment, which achieved a wide renown as Knap's Pennsylvania Battery. The reunion will possess a special interest for a goodly number of survivors in this city and vicinity.

MR. WM. T. MCCLURG, of No. 51 Boyle street, Allegheny, advertises in to-day's COMMERCIAL that he has lost five promissory notes, for sums aggregating about $14,000, and requests the finder or holder to return the same to him, personally or by mail, payment having been stopped.

## POLITICAL.

### Meeting of the County Republican Executive Committee—Arrangement of Representation in Conventions—Vacancies in State Convention Delegation Filled.

The County Republican Executive Committee met at Lincoln Club rooms yesterday afternoon, Samuel P. Fulton, Esq., Chairman, presiding.

The chair stated that the meeting was called for the purpose of considering the matter of representation in the County Conventions of June 15, and the filling of vacancies in the delegation to the State Convention of Wednesday next.

Mr. Braun moved that the matter of electing delegates to the June conventions be referred to the committee of five appointed at the last meeting to issue the call for the convention.

Mr. Walker offered as an amendment that a committee of five be appointed to confer with a committee appointed from Allegheny and the remainder of the county.

While these were pending a resolution was carried that the resolution passed at the last meeting, fixing the representation, be reconsidered. This left the whole matter open, and Mr. H. S. Fleming offered a resolution providing that instead of County Conventions, candidates should be chosen under the Crawford county system. Received and filed.

Mr. C. L. Magee offered the following:

WHEREAS, The city of Pittsburgh has been divided into election districts containing 250 votes each under the provisions of the Constitution of 1873-4, and

WHEREAS, It is important that representation in County Conventions should be uniform, and that each election district should have a representation in County Conventions, therefore,

*Resolved*, That each election district in the county be represented by a delegate in each County Convention called or to be called by the Republican Executive Committee of the county, and that any district having an excess above 250 votes shall have and additional representative for every 250 votes above the first 250; Provided always that any district having an excess of three-fifths over and above the number to entitle them to one or more delegates, shall have an additional delegate for such excess; Provided further, that the basis upon which districts are to be represented shall be the vote cast in the several districts at the State election of 1872, and that the calculation shall be made on the vote cast for the highest State officer voted for at such election.

This was carried, and on motion the committee previously appointed to prepare the call for the Conventions were instructed to designate the districts under the vote of 1872.

The chairman then read the resignation of Walton Woolsey and W. W. Tyson as delegates to the State Convention from the First Legislative District. On motion they were accepted. He also read the resignation of H. H. Byram, of the same district.

A motion was made that it be not accepted, which was seconded.

The delegate stated that he had sent in his resignation in good faith, not desiring the position, and he trusted, for the sake of harmony, it would be accepted.

The resignation was then accepted.

Mr. Chalmers then moved to fill all vacancies in the delegation, which was carried. For the Forty-second Senatorial district Mr. J. P. Fleming was chosen. For the First Legislative district Messrs. Walton Woosley, W. W. Tyson, and Thos. A. Armstrong. In the Fourth Legislative district Mr. James Larimer, in place of Mr. Fetterman resigned. In the Fifth Legislative district Messrs. W. E. Harrison and B. B. Coursin were placed on nomination to fill the place made vacant by Mr. Coursin's resignation. While the roll was being called Mr. Coursin's name was withdrawn and Mr. Harrison was elected by acclamation. The Committee then adjourned.

## ALLEGHENY REPUBLICANS.

### Election of Delegates to the State Convention.

The delegates chosen last Saturday by the Republicans of Allegheny city and the country districts embraced in the Forty-third Senatorial district assembled yesterday morning at the rooms of the Young Men's Club, for the purpose of electing three Representative delegates and one Senatorial delegate to the State Convention.

LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION.

The Legislative Convention, which is embraced in Allegheny city, met first, and was called to order by S. O. J. Golden, who moved that Col. T. M. Bayne be chosen to preside. The motion was adopted, and Colonel Bayne took the chair. C. U. Splane and Charles Ogden were elected Secretaries.

The Chair stated the object of the Convention, when Mr. Golden offered the following.

*Resolved*, That the delegates elected to the State Convention be instructed to support no candidate for public position who is or has been opposed to the Free Pipe law of Pennsylvania.

After some discussion the resolution was adopted;

Nominations were then made for delegates (three to be chosen) to the State Convention at Lancaster, as follows: W. Woolsey, W. W. Tyson, Thomas A. Armstrong, H. H. Byram, John Ogden, W. B. Lockhart, and Arthur Hobson.

The first ballot resulted: Woolsey, 26; Tyson, 24; Armstrong, 12; Byram, 2; Lockhart, 5; Hobson, 9.

Messrs. Woolsey and Tyson having received a majority of votes were declared elected, and the Chairman announced that a second ballot would be necessary for the choice of a third delegate.

Before proceeding to a second ballot the names of Messrs. Byram, Hobson and Lockhart were withdrawn, and on motion, Mr. Armstrong was elected by acclamation.

Mr. Byram stated that his name was presented against his wishes, and that he was not a candidate before the convention.

On motion the Legislative Convention adjourned.

SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Senatorial Convention was called to order, and Mr. J. D. Walker was elected to preside. The secretaries of the other convention were continued.

The convention proceeded to nominate persons for delegate to the State Convention. Messrs. Arthur Hobson and J. P. Fleming were named, but Mr. Hobson declined, and Mr. Fleming was elected by acclamation.

The convention then adjourned.

## THE TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE.

### Meeting Yesterday—Candidates for State Nominations.

The Temperance Alliance held a regular meeting yesterday with Mr. Rabe in the chair:

The committee of ladies who had visited Mayor McCarthy relative to Sunday liquor selling reported that they were not satisfied with the result, but that the law had not been as openly violated on last Sunday as was usual. Squire Ross asked that another committee (of gentlemen) be appointed to see Mr. McCarthy again in conjunction with the ladies already appointed. This was done, and Dr. Kennedy, Mr. Kirk, Mr. Finley, Gen. Lane, and Rev. Melborn were appointed to serve in this capacity.

Mrs. Collins reported the fact that she had been to the closing of a saloon on Smithfield street. Cause, a stricken conscience.

Mr. Kirk suggested that a new flag be purchased for the Alliance rooms and flung to the breeze during the visit of the Knights Templar. The suggestion was adopted.

Then followed the question of Prohibition State candidates, when the following names were suggested: J. H. Stranahan, of Mercer county; Dr. Morgan, of New Castle George H. Stuart, of Philadelphia; Judge Trunker, of Mercer county; and Bishop Simpson of the M. E. church, and Gen. F. H. Lane of this city. These nominations are in view of the coming convention to take place on June 16 and 17 in Harrisburg to nominate a Prohibition Governor and State Treasurer. For the latter position, John N. Riddle of Allegheny, John R. Mc Cune, Mr. J. Hershberger, and John Graff of Blairsville were nominated. On resolution, the above were to be notified of this transaction. Adjourned.

## PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES.

### Ninth Annual Meeting at Williamsport. June 3d.

The ninth annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Reserve Association will be held at Williamsport on Thursday, June 3d. Ample arrangements have been made by the Resident Committee, of which Major Lucus is chairman, respecting hall, hotel, accommodations, banquet, etc., and the affair, like all the past reunions of the organization, will without doubt be a pleasant one to those who attend. The oration will be delivered by Col. M. D. Haydin of Chicago, who commanded the Twelfth Reserves.

Arrangements have been made for reduced rates in railway transportation by which any soldier or citizen, member or visitor, who wishes to attend the reunion can obtain excursion tickets for the round trip to Williamsport and return at the following rates: From Pittsburgh via Harrisburg, $13 87; Pittsburgh via Lock Haven, $8 45; Altoona via Harrisburg, $9 30; Altoona via Lock Haven, 3 79; Harrisburg, $3 94; Lancaster, $5 41; Philadelphia, $8; Erie, $10 22; Corry, $7 52; or about two cents a mile both ways.

Excursion tickets can only be obtained upon an order from the Secretary of the Association, Charles W. Devine, whose address is No. 1226 Ridge avenue, Philadelphia. Orders will be good at any station.

### The Locomotive Larceny.

John Burns had a hearing yesterday before Mayor McCarthy on the charge of malicious mischief in running off a locomotive on the Connellsville Railroad some days since. The case, as we have heretofore stated, comes under a special act of Assembly relative to railroads, and the extreme penalty in case of conviction is $1,000 fine and ten years' imprisonment. The defendant, in default of $1,000 bail, was committed to jail for trial.

## SCHOOL GRADES.

### Can the Problem be Solved?

*To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:*

While we believe that the "cramming" is not nearly so bad as some of the Principals have given the public cause to infer from their statements which have been published in the COMMERCIAL, still there is certainly a great defect somewhere which can, and ought to be, corrected. To show that some of these speeches were of the most exaggerated and superlative style of hyperbole in rhetoric and oratory, it is only necessary to make a few references. One Principal made the assertion that the pupils were required to carry fifteen studies! while there are really but nine pursued during the seven years' course—spelling, reading, writing, arithmetic, drawing, history, elements of algebra and philosophy. The reporters, however, corrected this and put them at eleven, including music and composition. Another Principal, apparently anxious to make a thrust at the High School, said that the first year's course at that institution was simply a review of the last year's course in the ward schools, and that the pupils soon learned that it was not equal to the ward schools and many of them left. This Principal and another from the South Side were in favor of establishing a little High School and University, in the ward schools, and extending the course *ad infinitum*, even if it should "abolish the High School." Now the reason, or at least one reason why so many leave the High School the first year and all along during the four years' course, was fully explained by that gentleman himself in his acknowledgment that he "stuffed" his pupils for that institution, consequently they are not able to undertake and pursue successfully the course there, or to do anything in life successfully except at manual labor. Another Principal drew so hard upon his imagination as to put the "whole blame" upon the Principal of the High school, and Superintendent Luckey, than whom there are no more bitter opponents of sham teaching; as well might he have accused "the man in the moon."

The writer is no foe to the ward schools, or to the teachers of those schools; for as you are aware, Mr. Editor, his communications have always shown a decided partiality for, and interest in the successful management of these schools, even sometimes, when it militated against his own personal interests. But he champions and commends only the good, claiming the right to freely criticise and condemn the bad features. We shall presume then, that we will not impose too much upon the patience of yourself, and readers of the COMMERCIAL, by endeavoring to show in a few brief articles where, in our opinion, these defects and weak places are in our common schools, and at the same time prescribe the remedies which we think will in time cure these evils, by properly assisting nature in the development of the God given faculties of man to a healthful maturity—mentally, morally and physically.

PROGRESS.

## DECORATION DAY.

### Observances at Allegheny Cemetery.

An adjourned meeting of the proper committees of Posts No. 3 and No. 117, G. A. R., was held last night, to perfect arrangements for the order of the memorial services over the graves of the Union soldiers at Allegheny Cemetery, on Decoration day.

These posts will assemble at General Hays' monument at half-past one o'clock on Saturday afternoon, thence proceeding to the flats on the north side of the cemetery, where the soldiers' graves are located and where the memorial exercises will be held. The services will commence precisely at half-past two o'clock.

Rev. B. F. Brooks, D.D., of Christ's church, will officiate as chaplain. The oration will be delivered by Col. Richard Realf.

The extreme backwardness of the spring, together with a meager exchequer, has caused the Posts in question not a little solicitude in the matter of floral decorations. Contributions of flowers, and monetary donations as well, will be gratefully received. When the incalculable value of the services which our loyal dead rendered to their country and to us is taken into consideration, the least we can do, by way of testifying our grateful remembrance, is to see that not a single grave is left unadorned for want of floral tributes, or of the necessary funds to furnish them.

## COCHRAN LITERARY SOCIETY.

### Complimentary Entertainment at the High School.

The Cochran Literary Society of the Central High School will give a complimentary entertainment in the hall of the institution on Friday evening next. An excellent programme has been arranged, and a most enjoyable evening may be anticipated. The programme includes remarks by the President of the society, M. M. Bosworth, Jr., a declamation by H. D. Grant, an essay by W. R. Conrad, a lecture by H. B. Thompson, character oration by J. W. Black, together with tableaus and a laughable farce. All persons having invitations will be admitted. Those who desire to attend and have not received invitations will please apply to any member of the society.

## COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Common Pleas No. 1—Judges Sterrett and Collier.

Joseph Mitchell, assignee of McMahon & Rundels, vs. Michael Hacket; *sci. fa.* on mechanics' lien. Verdict for defendant.

McFarland & Collins vs. Wm. Lemon; action on a book account. Verdict for plaintiffs, $279 43.

A. Hamilton & Co. vs. T. F. Phillips; action on a book account. Verdict for plaintiffs, $1,023 75.

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of Henry Silverman to Mrs. Frank, N. Whiting and B. Oppenheimer were appointed appraisers.

The case of Jacob Keller vs. Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railway Company, is still on trial before Judge Collier.

The case of John B. Beatty vs. John Dickson, *et al.*, *sci. fa.* on a mortgage, is on trial before Judge Sterrett.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Carothers vs. Brown, *et al*; Grier vs. Shaffer; Long vs. McKee, *et al*; same vs. same; Fawcett, *et al*, vs. Bonner; Hazlewood, *et al*, vs Wolf; Boyd & Murray vs. Grierson & Co; Peat vs. Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston Railway Co.; Pim vs. Campbell & Warren; Wilcox & Bagley vs. Cascade Iron Co.; Peterson vs. W. P. R. R. Co.; Delafield, *et al*, vs. Campbell, *et al*, Emich vs. Braun; Emich, *et al*, vs. Braun; Campbell & Ray vs. Emich; Fox vs. Barton; Gray vs. Braider; Thompson, *et al*, vs. Dithridge & Son; Donaghue vs. McCloskey.

Common Pleas No. 2—Judges Kirkpatrick and White.

A motion for a new trial was made and reasons were filed in the case of P. F. Collins & Co. vs. Oliver W. Barnes.

In the case of Moorhead, Boyd *et al.* impleaded with Calvin Adams vs. The Tenth Ward bank, the jury found a verdict for the defendant. This is the second trial of this case, the jury having failed to agree on the former trial.

In the case of John Stofft vs. the steam tug "Minnie Harris" and Wm. Evans and Capt. A. C. McGinnes, an action on a promissory note, the jury found for plaintiff as to McGinnes, and for defendant as to tug "Minnie Harris" and Wm. Evans.

In the case of the Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce vs. R. H. Palmer, Jr., action on three promissory notes, the jury found for the plaintiffs as follows: $989 40; $1,982 00; and $952 85. The defense was that the indorser (Palmer) had been incompetent, by reason of intemperance, to transact business rationally. Judge White charged the jury that the bank, being an innocent bona fide holder for value, could recover on the notes, unless the defendant was absolutely insane when he made the indorsements. It would not do to merely allege that he was an habitual drunkard and incapacitated for transacting business, unless it was shown that the bank had notice of such fact. It was not so shown. It was for the defense to show that he was actually insane, not that he was merely suffering from delirium tremens or temporarily unfit to do business, but that he was a lunatic. No contract made by an insane person would hold, but unless he was actually insane the verdict must be for the defendant.

In the case of John Dean, trustee of the Allegheny Real Estate Bank vs. W. H. Meckling, an action on a promissory note, the jury found for plaintiff for $1,573 40.

The case of Mary A. Craig vs. David Gregg, William Wilis, Robert McKnight, Benjamin Singerly, J. V. McDonald, Philip Bental, Daniel Euwer, James T. Brady, Charles S. Fetterman, F. J. Blanchard, B. L. Fahnestock, Hartley Howard and H. H. Collins, directors of the late Security Trust Company, is on trial before Judge White. The case of Mary J. Houston against the same company, is also on trial, the two cases being tried together. The plaintiffs were stockholders in the defendant company, and seek to recover damages on the ground of alleged negligence and mismanagement on the part of the directors, averring that the Board transacted business in direct violation of the provisions of the charter. Archibald Blakely, Esq., appears for the plaintiffs, and Messrs. Acheson, Carnahan, Woods, Golden, of Kittanning, C. S. Fetterman, Sutton and others appear for the defendants.

The case of Alexander Patterson vs. Watson and Dunham, is on trial before Judge Kirkpatrick.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

McMannis vs. Kelly; Graham, trustee, vs. Schleifer; same vs. Hill, (2); Blakeley vs. Davidson; Swaney vs. White *et al.*; the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Co. vs. Young, *et al.*; Hartman vs. Nation Trust Company; Kremer vs. same; Kremer vs. same; Blatton vs. same; Zedder *et al.* vs. same; Campbell, for use, vs. Blakely; McKain vs. Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co.; Luckert vs. Luckert, *et al.*

Quarter Sessions—Judge Ewing.

The argument list was taken up yesterday, but no cases of public interest were reached. The motions for new trials in the Murray murder case and the Lindsay perjury case will probably be heard to-day or to-morrow.

## GROVE MEETING.

### Remove not the Ancient Landmarks.

*To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:*

The Free Methodists will hold a grove meeting, in the old camp meeting grove at Braddock's Fields, a few hundred yards from the Pennsylvania Railroad Station, on Township road. It is the same grove where the Revs. J. G. Sansom and Hudson thrilled the multitudes that flocked to hear them thirty years ago. There are many old Methodists who, on seeing this notice, will remember the scene that was witnessed on Sabbath morning, under the sermon of Rev. Sansom, on Ezekial's vision of the dry bones. The Free Methodist preachers retain a good degree of that old fire that characterized the early Methodist preachers. They are a body of people who profess to be in earnest to get to Heaven, and don't believe that either God or the Bible has changed to accommodate the fashionable tendencies of the age. In doctrine they are Methodists. They look upon practical godliness as the never-failing result of a genuine religious experience The government is not aristocratic. Lay and clerical members have equal voice in general and annual conferences. Instead of bishops, they elect general superintendents every four years; and instead of presiding elders, they have district chairmen, who generally have charge of circuits in addition, the same as the rest of the preachers. The rights of members are carefully guarded. Spirituality and simplicity characterize their worship. Congregational singing is universal, and performances on organs and by choirs in public worship are prohibited. They believe in the Holy Ghost. If men are converted and sanctified, it is through the spirit of God. When He works, there is a stir, as President Edwards says. Eternal things are so great and of such vast concern that it is a great absurdity to talk of men being moderately moved by them. They don't resort to worldly policy to sustain the Gospel. Christ has said the giving of a cup of cold water in His name shall not lose its reward, hence the renting of pews, picnics, lotteries, festivals, donations, fairs, &c., are not countenanced by them. To say the Church cannot be sustained without these contrivances, is to beguile the world into its support, and to confess that Christians are lovers of pleasure more than lovers of God. Their churches must be as free as the grace they preach. They believe their mission is twofold: to maintain the Bible standard of Chrisianity, and to preach the Gospel to the poor.

Let all who love the old fashioned Methdist simplicity, and the earnestness that characterized the olden time Methodist preachers attend this meeting. The first service in the grove will be on the evening of the 3d of June, if the weather is fit—(if not, in the church near by,) and every afternoon and evening and all day Sabbath after. Preachers expected to be present: Rev. B. I. Roberts and E. P. Hart, general superintendents; Revs. Ladne, Curry, Hogg and Gould, of New York Conferences; I. Travis and Coquelette, of Illinois Conference; Springstein, Levington and Leonardson, of Michigan.

The accommodation trains on each road will afford facilities for reaching the grove, which is inclosed with fence. There are no facilities for taking care of horses or buggies. There being no tents, there will be no provision for persons other than plenty of water to drink.

The Free Methodists will also hold a grove meeting at Smith's Mills, on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, beginning on the 11th of June, and holding over Sabbath following. At this last point, persons will find it more convenient to take care of animals, the grove not being so limited.

Y.

## GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

### Order of Commander Hartranft in Assuming Command.

Governor Hartranft has issued General Order No. 1 of his administration as Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R. He says:

"In announcing the election of officers by the National Encampment at Chicago, May 12 and 13, I desire to express my appreciation of the honor conferred upon me in the election of Commander-in-Chief; and, in accepting its responsibilities, let me ask the hearty co-operation of every comrade, that our patriotic order may continue to prosper and command the respect of all good citizens."

He then gives a list of the officers elected by the National encampment for the ensuing year after.

The following appointments are announced on the staff of the Commander-in-Chief:

Adjutant-General—Comrade Robert B. Beath, Pennsylvania.

Quartermaster-General—Comrade William Ward, New Jersey.

Inspector-general—Comrade W. F. Rogers, New York.

Judge-Advocate-General — Comrade W. W. Douglass, Rhode Island.

They will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

IV. All communications for national headquarters will be addressed to the Adjutant General, box 1584 Philadelphia post-office, until otherwise ordered.

V. Article fourteenth, chapter fifth, was amended by the National Encampment to permit the observance of Memorial Day, when it occurs on Sunday, on either the preceding or succeeding day.

(Official) JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
Commander-in-Chief.
ROBERT B. BEATH, Adjutant General.

### Deceration Ceremonies on Monument Hill.

Judge Kirpatrick has formally accepted the unanimous request of Post 88, G. A. R. to preside over the ceremonies on Monument Hill, Allegheny, on Decoration day. The judge in his letter of acceptance, suggests that a Soldier and not a Civilian should have been selected, but as the Post has determined otherwise, he "will do all in his power to keep ever fresh and green the memory of our dead comrades, who so bravely and patriotically gave up their lives that the nation might live." Captain C. J. Arms, of the *Commercial* will deliver the oration at this place.

### A Jewelry Store Robbed.

At noon yesterday a jewelry store of Wm. Fecke, on Liberty street, was robbed of eight silver watches, two American watches, six detached lever watches and two ladies watches, together with two empty watch cases. It appears that Mr. Fecke had no help in the store and he locked the front door when he went up stairs to dinner. During his absence entry was made through a back window and the goods were taken from the show case. Some workmen in Oak alley saw two men emerging from the back part of the jewelry store, but no further information regarding the thieves can be obtained. The loss amounts to between $300 and $500.

## CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

THE libel suit of W. D. Moore vs. the Pittsburgh *Post* has been postponed until Thursday next.

A VACANCY in the office of Inspector under the Board of Health brings out some sixteen caSdidates.

OSCAR MILLER is charged before Alderman Hoerr, of the South Side, with stealing a razor from a barber named Henry Rahe.

Two of the parties arrested at the Squirrel pic-nic on Sunday for disorderly conduct were yesterday fined $25 each by Deputy Mayor Lowry. Five others were held to bail for a further hearing.

ONE of the Bowman Brothers, butchers, was seriously injured yesterday. While driving to the stock yards in a wagon, the animal frightened at a steam roller on Fifth avenue, near Pride street, and dashed off, overturning the vehicle and causing Mr. Bowman to be hurled violently to the ground. His head and body were badly injured.

### The Best and Largest Stock

of fine Bohemian and Belgian glassware in the city is at the Blue Front Lamp and Glassware Store, 90 Smithfield street. TuThS

### General Sherman's Memoirs,

in two volumes, cloth, $5 50; library style, $7 00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.
JAS. B. DODGE & BRO.,
127 Fifth avenue.

### Idlewood Cottages

will be opened for the summer season on June 1st. Parties wishing to engage rooms or cottages, can do so by applying at No. 102 Wood street, or at Idlewood.
W. S. JACKSON,
Proprietor.

### Deservedly Popular.

When we take into consideration the admirable manner in which business is conducted at the Boston Clothing House, 95 Smithfield street, we do not wonder at the popularity of the manager, Mr. E. A. Rossiter, with his numerous patrons. Mr. R., on opening this house, adopted the one-price system, which he has strictly adhered to, and all articles being of the best quality and made in the very latest style, his success was of course established. If you anticipate purchasing clothing, by all means visit the Boston One Price Clothing House. It will pay you.

### Safety Lamps and Safe

non-explosive burning oils kept at the Blue Front Lamp and Glassware Store, 90 Smithfield street. TuThS

### Splendid Collection of Oil Paintings, by Assignee Sale in Bankruptcy.

No lover of art will be disappointed by a call at McIlwaine's auction rooms, to inspect the very fine collection of oil paintings now there on free exhibition, and which are to be positively sold free of prices, by order of assignee in bankruptcy; the sale commencing to-morrow morning, and continuing in the evening. Those desiring beautiful works of art, will be capable of judging for themselves the meritoriousness of this unusually valuable collection. Years again may not present such a favorable opportunity.

### Lager Beer and Ale Glasses,

wanted for pic nics, at the Blue Front Lamp Store, 90 Smithfield street. TuThS

### Furniture for Dining Rooms,

at J. Meyer & Sons', Nos. 412 and 414 Penn avenue.

### Chamber Sets,

at J. Meyer & Sons', Nos. 412 and 414 Penn avenue.

### General Sherman's Memoirs.

in two volumes, cloth, $5 50; library style, $7 00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.
JAS. B. DODGE & BRO.,
127 Fifth avenue.

### Fine Parlor Furniture,

at J. Meyer & Sons', Nos. 412 and 414 Penn avenue.

## BLANK BOOKS.

### Important Facts for Manufacturers, Merchants and Business Men Generally.

The best plan for business men to pursue in procuring their blank books is to have them made to order, of the best material and by experienced workmen, as it will be found the cheapest and most convenient. And for the benefit of those of our readers who are uninformed as to where the best books can be procured to order, we may appropriately mention that Messrs. Reed Johnston & Co. No. 178 Wood street, use only the best material, employ competent workmen, display good taste and are commendably prompt in executing anything in the printing or binding line. Since opening their extensive and complete establishment the firm designated have been favored with orders beyond their most sanguine anticipations, but with their ample facilities they are prepared to accommodate a still larger demand upon their resources. As they excel in blank book manufacture, so also do they surpass all others in job printing, as is manifest in all work they turn out. They employ altogether the newest and most improved styles of type and machinery, and by the aid of skilled workmen only, are always prepared to guarantee satisfaction to their patrons. Messrs. Johnson & Co. will in a few days open up a stationary storeroom in the Penn Bank building, Wood street, immediately opposite their Job Printing and Blank Book House. We commend the firm to our readers, confident they can be suited by them with anything in their line better than elsewhere.

### General Sherman's Memoirs,

in two volumes, cloth, $5 50; library style, $7 00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.
JAS. B. DODGE & BRO.,
127 Fifth avenue.

### Hotels and Proprietors of Saloons

who wish to purchase table glassware or fixtures for bars should call on E. D. Weyburn & Co., 90 Smithfield street. TuThS

### Call on E. D. Weyburn & Co.,

and examine the elegant stock of goblets, tumblers, wine glasses and side board sets. 90 Smithfield street. TuThS

### Died Suddenly of Heart Disease.

How common is the announcement. Thousands are suddenly swept into eternity by this fatal malady. This disease generally has its origin in impure blood filled with irritating, poisonous materials, which, circulating through the heart, irritate its delicate tissues. Though the irritation may at first be only slight, producing a little palpitation or irregular action, or dull, heavy, or sharp darting pains, yet by and by the disease becomes firmly seated, and inflammation or hypertrophy, or thickening of the lining membrane or of the valves, is produced. How wise to give early attention to a case of this kind. Unnatural throbbing or pain in the region of the heart should admonish one that all is not right, and if you would preserve it from further disease, you must help it to beat rightly by the use of such a remedy as will remove the cause of the trouble. Use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery before the disease has become too seated, and it will, by its great blood purifying and wonderful regulating properties, effect a proper cure. It contains medicinal properties which act specifically upon the tissues of the heart, bringing about a healthy action. Sold by all first-class druggists.

HEART DISEASE CURED.

Rockport, Spencer Co., Ind., February 1st, 1874. Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:

About two years ago I was afflicted with a disease of the heart, which at times created a pressure around it, almost causing suffocation. I saw an advertisement of your Golden Medical Discovery, recommending the same as a cure for disease of the heart. I then bought half a dozen bottles of it, and after using three bottles I was entirely relieved and am now enjoying good health. Gratefully yours,
VITUS KILLIAN.
T TH S.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

### May.

To all, particularly invalids, spring is a trying season. Indications of sickness should at once be attended to. Fatal diseases may be caused by allowing the bowels to become constipated, and the system to remain in a disordered condition, until the disorder has time to develop itself. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, is an old and truthful saying. Therefore, we advise all who are troubled with the complaints now very prevalent—headache, indigestion, disordered liver, want of appetite, nausea, or feverish skin, to take without delay, Schenck's Mandrake Pills. We know of no remedy so harmless and decisive in its action. It at once strikes at the root of the disease and produces a healthy tone to the system. People never need suffer from any disease arising from a disordered condition of the liver if they would take this excellent medicine when they feel the first indications of the malady. Families leaving home for the summer months should take three or four boxes of these pills with them. They have an almost instantaneous effect. They will relieve the patient of headache in one or two hours, and will rapidly cleanse the liver of surrounding bile, and will effectually prevent a bilious attack. They are sold by all druggists.

### A Valuable Discovery.

Dr. C. W. Benson, a Practicing Physician, at 106 North Eutaw street, Baltimore, Md., (who has paid much attention to nervous diseases), has discovered that extract of celery and chamomile combined, in a certain proportion, invariably cures headache, either bilious, dyspeptic, nervous or sick headache, neuralgia and nervousness. This is a triumph in medical chemistry, and sufferers all over the country are ordering by mail. He prepares it in pills at fifty cents per box. The Doctor is largely known and highly respected in Baltimore.—*Episcopal Methodist*. Sold by all druggists. Harris & Ewing agents for Pittsburgh.
T. TH. S.

### Headache.

It is an established fact that the extract of cranberries and hemp combined by Dr. Miller, 327 Spruce street, Philadelphia, Pa., permanently cures the most obstinate cases of dyspeptic, nervous or sick headache, and is an absolute specific for Neuralgia and Nervousness. Prepared in pills. Fifty cents a box. Sent by mail. R. E. Sellers & Co., 45 Wood street, Pittsburgh. TThS.

## FIRE RECORD.

### Minneapolis—$66,500.

ST. PAUL, May 24.—Last evening the extensive lumber yards of Gaines, Cook & Co., and Pettit, Robinson & Co., at Minneapolis, were burned. Both fires were set by incendiaries, who were seen by several persons but were not arrested. Kerosene oil had been spread over several piles of dry lumber in both yards. The principal losses were Gaines, Cook & Co., $15,000; Pettit, Robinson & Co., $20,000; Gibson & Tyler, $3,000; other small losses, $1,500; total, about $66,500. Gaines, Cook & Co.'s insuance is $11,000. Pettit, Robinson & Co.'s, $8,000; Gibson & Tyler's, $25,000; total insurance, $45,000. The losses are distributed among various companies in small amounts, the largest being in the Home, of New York, $4,000, and the Phœnix, $5,000.

### The Cleveland "Leader" Wins a Libe Suit.

CLEVELAND, May 24.—The interesting libel suit of Mrs. Martha Wilson against the *Leader* of this city, for $5,000 damages, was concluded in the Superior Court today, with a clear verdict for the defendant. The alleged libel was contained in a local report published by the *Leader*, last July, of the finding of the body of a murdered man, supposed to be one Weismiller, in one the Cleveland docks. Weismiller was from Black river, which place he had left some days before his death in company with Mrs. Wilson, who was stated by the *Leader* report to be a woman of bad reputation. This statement was made on the authority of Weismiller's wife, and upon this and a forced construction of another part of the report which it was claimed charged Mrs. Wilson with complicity in the murder, the suit was brought.

## POLITICAL.

### State.

The Democrats of Butler county will hold their convention on June 21st.

Jas. A. Stranahan, Esq., of Mercer, is spoken of as the candidate for Governor on the Prohibition ticket.

The Democracy of Greene county will make their nominations for county officers and State Senator on Saturday, May 29th.

The Blair county Republican Nominating Convention will be held in the Court House at Hollidaysburg on Tuesday, June 8th.

The Democratic County Committee of Mercer met last week, and resolved to hold their nominating convention on Monday, June 28.

The Potter county Republican Committee, at its late meeting, declared emphatically against the third term. Hon. C. S. Jones was chosen Representative delegate, and the committee indorsed the choice of Hon. J. I. Mitchell, of Tioga county, for Senatorial delegate.

The Democratic Committee of Adams county, at a meeting held a few days since, fixed June 14th as the date for their nominating convention. Hon. Wm. McSherry was elected Senatorial delegate and Hons. E. W. Stahle and Isaac Hereter Representative delegates to the Erie Convention.

### General.

It is stated, on high political authority, that in all the Centennial spelling-matches the hardest word to spell is going to be "thirdparty."

The New Orleans *Picayune* calls aloud for a "Clean-man party." Let them have it. If it is started in the South, some one is going to make a colossal fortune out of soap contracts.

Thirty-six years ago, the sixth President of the United States in a public address described the precedent established by Washington and Jefferson in refusing a second re-election as "a tacit subsidiary constitutional law." It had been "held obligatory upon their successors," he said.

The Catholic *Columbian* of Columbus, Ohio, edited by Bishop Rosecrans; the *Universe* of Cleveland, edited by Bishop Gilmour, and the *Catholic Telegraph* of Cincinnati, supervised by Archbishop Purcell, all declare Catholic parents excommunicate who send their children to the public schools.

The Democrats of Indianapolis are trying to persuade people that they are becoming economical. The Republicans elected a Mayor the other day, and the Democratic Council at once cut his salary down from $3,500, which the Democratic Mayor had been getting, to $2,000. The people will recognize that it is spite, and not economy, that actuated them. If it had been economy, the salary would have been cut down before.

"When all those big fish like Jeff. Davis and Henry Wilson, &c., are making up and shaking hands across the bloody chasm, why should the small fry, hold aloof?"—*Richmond Enquirer*.

Is the *Enquirer* of the impression that it is necessary to recognize the Southern Confederacy by paying its debts, pensioning its soldiers, paying for the ex-slaves, and settling the war claims? If not, what is it that is necessary in order to touch the heart of our peaceably inclined contemporary.—*Cincinnati Commercial*.

## THE BLACK HILLS EXPEDITION.

### The Party Leaves Fort Laramie—Sioux and Cheyennes Waiting for Them.

CHICAGO, May 24.—The *Inter Ocean's* special reporter at Fort Laramie telegraphs that the Black Hills geographical surveying expedition left that point to-day and will cross the North Platte river early to-morrow morning. The entire party will make a line of march for Raw-hide Creek, about twenty miles north of Laramie and the Platte river. Numerous parties are encamped in the vicinity, awaiting the movement of the military with the evinent intention of following them for the Hills soon after their departure. Scouts bring in the report that trouble is brewing among certain warlike Cheyenes and dissatisfied Sioux who have been holding councils in the neighborhood of the Black Hills to devise means of harassing, and if possible, intercepting the exploring parties. The Cheyennes belong to the tribe that lately left for Jutterman. The Sioux are largely young Indians in hostility to Red Cloud and Spotted Tail, and are taking advantage of their absence at Washington to take the war path.

## POLITICAL.

### New Hampshire.

INDIGNATION MEETING AT MANCHESTER TO DENOUNCE THE ACTION OF THE GOVERNOR AND COUNCIL IN THE SENATORIAL CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

MANCHESTER, N. H., May 24.—In response to the call of leading Republicans, Smith's Hall was crowded to-night, the object of meeting being to demonstrate against the recent action of the Governor and Council in the contested elections in Senatorial districts Second and Fourth. Resolutions were passed demanding the action of the Governor and Council as usurpation, and pledging resistance by all lawful means. Several speeches were made, most of them very severe in tone. One speaker pronounced the opinions in favor of the Democratic candidates, delivered by Judges Sawyer and Fowler, as purchased opinion. The meeting was quite enthusiastic, and the speakers were applauded whenever they touched upon the belligerent. One speaker asserted that the Republicans had sense enough to find a remedy, and strong arms enough to enforce it.

## DIED:

MILLER—On Sabbath afternoon, May 23, 1875, at 3:20 o'clock, JAMES B. MILLER, in his nineteenth year.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his father, Wm. G. Miller, No. 91 Washington street, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, May 25th, at 3 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

INGRAM—On Saturday, May 22, 1875, at 12:15 P. M., NATHANIEL, son of Edward and Sarah Ingram, aged fourteen years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, Chartiers township, on TUESDAY, May 25th, at 10 A. M. Carriages leave office of H. Samson, 19 Seventh avenue, at 8:30 A. M.

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